

Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International

At the forefront of financial regulation, the Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International (CMRAI) is dedicated to upholding the highest standards of financial oversight and compliance. Our mission is to safeguard the stability and integrity of the global financial system by ensuring that financial services operate within a framework of transparency, accountability, and excellence.

As a trusted partner to financial institutions worldwide, CMRAI provides rigorous supervision, innovative solutions, and strategic guidance to foster a secure and thriving financial environment. With decades of experience and a commitment to global standards, we stand as a pillar of trust and security in an ever-evolving financial landscape.

With a legacy of excellence in financial oversight, the Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International (CMRAI) is a beacon of trust in the international financial community. Our role extends beyond regulation; we are innovators, collaborators, and protectors of the global financial ecosystem. By fostering compliance, promoting best practices, and embracing technological advancements, CMRAI ensures that financial services remain resilient and adaptable in a dynamic global market.

Our comprehensive approach to regulation encompasses a deep understanding of financial risks and a proactive stance on emerging challenges. We are committed to empowering financial institutions with the tools and guidance necessary to navigate complex regulatory landscapes, thereby contributing to global economic stability and growth.

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Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 3 of 39 C1 Paper by Division
CONFIDENTIAL THIS DOCUMENT IS THE PROPERTY OF OF THE Cayman Monetary
Regulatory Authority International MEETING # ITEM #
Paper by the (NAME OF DIVISION) Issue
Background Regulatory Considerations Governance Recommendation The (Name
of Division) recommends that the Cayman Islands Monetary Authority adopt the
following. The Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International hereby It is further
recommended that the Executive Secretary to the Board be authorised Name Division
Date Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March
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IS THE PROPERTY OF OF THE Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International
MEETING # ITEM # Paper by the Managing Director
Issue Background Regulatory Considerations
Governance Recommendation The Management Committee recommends that the Board
adopt the following recommendation(s) The Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority
International hereby The Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International hereby
authorises the Executive Secretary to the Board Cindy Scotland Managing Director
Date Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March
2019 5 of 39 C3a Extract Board Submission CONFIDENTIAL BOARD EXTRACT
FROM MINUTES OF THE Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD MEETING TO: Managing Director, Cayman
Monetary Regulatory Authority International THE FOLLOWING EXTRACT FROM
MINUTES OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD ITEM NO ###### OF
MEETING NO ###### HELD ON ######### IS FORWARDED TO YOU FOR:
ACTION INFORMATION
DATE EXECUTIVE SECRETARY TO

THE BOARD ITEM # TITLE OF SUBMISSION Previous Reference: Item # #####
of Minutes of Meeting No ###/## The Executive Committee of the Board Cayman
Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 6 of 39
C3b Sample Extract Board Submission CONFIDENTIAL BOARD EXTRACT FROM
MINUTES OF THE Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International EXECUTIVE
COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD MEETING TO: Managing Director, Cayman Monetary
Regulatory Authority International The following Extract from Minutes of the Executive
Committee of the Board Item No 002 of Meeting No 025/03 held on 11 th September 2006
is forwarded to you for: ACTION INFORMATION
DATE EXECUTIVE SECRETARY TO
THE BOARD ITEM #002 XX Company The Executive Committee of the Board
agreed to accept the surrender of the Category B Banking Licence and Trust Licence held
by XX Company, a company incorporated in XX. The Executive Committee of the Board
granted approval to XX Company, a company incorporated in XX, for the issue of a Category
B Banking Licence and a Trust Licence with exemption from the provisions of Section 16(2)
of the Banks and Trust Companies Law (2013Revision) subject to the submission of the
following: a) Certificate of Registration. b) Confirmation of consolidated supervision from
the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and the XX Banking Department.
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The Executive Committee of the Board granted approval for exemption from the
provisions of Section 7(1) of the Banks and Trust Companies Law (2013Revision),
subject to the condition that they notify the Authority of: (i) Any change in control of the
licensee. (ii) The acquisition by any person or group of persons of shares representing more
than ten per cent of the issued share capital or total voting rights of the licensee's parent
company. The Executive Committee of the Board granted approval that the 2007 fees paid
for the existing XX Company, be applied to the new XX Company based on the fact that it
is the same entity carrying on the same business as the existing licensee. The Executive
Secretary to the Board was authorised to send a letter of approval forthwith.
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COMMITTEE EXTRACT FROM MINUTES OF THE Cayman Monetary Regulatory
Authority International MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE MEETING TO: HOD NAME,
DIVISION The following Extract from Minutes of the Management Committee Item No
of Meeting No ###### held on ######### is forwarded to you for: ACTION
INFORMATION DATE
EXECUTIVE SECRETARY TO THE BOARD ITEM # TITLE OF SUBMISSION
Previous Reference: Item # ##### of Minutes of Meeting No ###/## The Management
Committee Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook
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MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE EXTRACT FROM MINUTES OF THE Cayman Monetary
Regulatory Authority International MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE MEETING TO: Head of
Insurance, Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International The following Extract from
Minutes of the Management Committee Meeting Item No 007 of Meeting No MC026/06 held
on 11 th September 2006 is forwarded to you for: ACTION INFORMATION
DATE EXECUTIVE
SECRETARY TO THE BOARD Item 007 XX Insurance Company The
Management Committee granted approval for the issue of a Class A Insurer's Licence

subject to receipt and approval by the Authority of the following: a) Certified copy of the Memorandum and Articles of Association b) Certificate of Incorporation c) Evidence of receipt of capital d) Satisfactory completion of the due diligence process e) Confirmation of Fronting Company f) Confirmation of Reinsurer The licence may be issued when all outstanding requirements of the Law and elements of the proposal have been met.

Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 10 of 39 C5 Board Delegation of Powers to the Managing Director 19 th September 2007 DELEGATION OF POWERS by the Board of Directors (the Board) of the Cayman Islands Monetary Authority (the Authority) to the Managing Director of Authority (the Managing Director) WHEREAS by virtue of Section 13(3) of the Monetary Authority Law (2013Revision), the Managing Director is entrusted with the day to day administration of the Authority to the extent of the authority delegated by the Board; AND WHEREAS the Managing Director had been appointed as the Chief Officer of the Authority, pursuant to Section 47(2) of the Public Management and Finance Law (2013 Revision) (the PMFL); AND WHEREAS pursuant to Section 47(3) of the PMFL the Board is required to delegate to the Chief Officer power to manage the Authority; AND WHEREAS the Board desires to record in writing its delegation to the Managing Director/Chief Officer the powers of day-to-day administration and management of the Authority in accordance with Section 13(2) of the Monetary Authority Law and Section 47(3) of the Public Management and Finance Law; The Board hereby delegates to the Managing Director/Chief Office to the extent permitted by the PMFL, the MAL and all other relevant laws the following powers and responsibilities: 1. The achievement of the Budget and Ownership and Purchase Agreements of Authority as approved by the Board. 2. The day to day administration and management of the Authority, including: Personnel recruitment and management of staff in accordance with the Staff Handbook and all other related policies that may be approved by Dismissal of all staff (except Deputy Managing Director) in the Board from time to time. accordance with the Staff Handbook and the Labour Law. Supervision of and responsibility for the various divisions of the Authority in the carrying out of the regulatory, cooperative and advisory functions and the operations of the Authority in accordance with the Monetary Authority Law (2013Revision), the regulatory and other relevant laws and any relevant policies and procedures approved by the Board. Supervision of and responsibility for the carrying out of the currency functions (including the investment of the reserves) of the Authority on behalf of the Cayman Islands Government. Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 11 of 39 Notwithstanding the above, the Managing Director shall consult with the Board in the recruitment and termination of the Deputy Managing Director 3. Doing all acts and deeds as are necessary and possible promptly to implement decisions of the Board. timely technical advice and guidance on matters affecting policy and strategy and their implementation in the Managing Director's scope of expertise and otherwise seeking such technical/professional advice as the Managing Director may deem necessary. relations and representation of Authority at local and international forums. 6. Financial management and reporting in accordance with the Public Management and Finance Law (2013Revision) and with the policies and procedures approved by the 7. Execution and delivery for and on behalf on the Authority of any deeds, contracts, agreements or other instruments with value of up to CI\$99,999 in accordance with the signing authority set forth in the Authorised Signatures of the Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International . 8. Responsibility for the functioning of the Management Committee and Executive Committee as outlined in the Procedures for Dealing with Licensing and Supervisory Matters . 9. Assignment of responsibilities within the Authority. 10. Determining the day-to-day priority of the work of the divisions within the Authority in accordance with the Goals, Objects and Strategies of Authority and the Work Plan determined by the Board. 11. Any other powers, duties and responsibilities that the Managing Director, by virtue of having executive responsibility for the day-to-day administration and management of the Authority, would normally by expected to undertake or would otherwise be implied by law as a consequence of holding that position.

Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 12 of 39 EXTERNAL RELATIONS D1 Dealing With Requests For Assistance From an Overseas Regulatory Authority (ORA) A. Legislative Framework responsibility of the Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International (the Authority) to provide assistance to overseas regulatory authorities (ORA) arises from the cooperative functions of the Authority under section 6 (1) (c) of the Monetary Authority Law (2018 Revision) (the MAL). The scope of the duty is set out in more detail in sections 50 (3) to (8) and 51 of the MAL. 2. The Authority will generally assist an ORA in the exercise of its regulatory functions including the conduct of civil and administrative proceedings to enforce laws, regulations and rules administered by the ORA. It may also consent to the use of information shared for the purposes of the criminal investigation or prosecution of a charge which pertains to the contravention of laws and regulations administered by the ORA or to assist a self-regulatory organisation with surveillance and enforcement activities where it is involved in the supervision of conduct that is the subject of the request. An ORA is defined in section 2 of the MAL as an authority which, in a country or territory outside the Islands, exercises functions corresponding to; (a) any of the regulatory functions of the (b) any additional functions as may be specified in regulations including the Authority; or conduct of civil and administrative investigations and proceedings to enforce laws. regulations and rules administered by that Authority. 4. As no regulations have been enacted to date, only paragraph (a) of the above definition is relevant for the purposes of 5. Pursuant to section 34 (9) of the MAL, where the Authority is satisfied these procedures. that assistance should be provided to an ORA, the Authority may issue a direction to a person to provide specified information, produce specified documents or give specified 6. Under section 51 of the MAL the Authority may, after consultation with the assistance. Minister for Financial Services, enter into a Memorandum of Understanding with Overseas Regulatory Authorities. The Minister shall be notified by the Authority of each MOU and Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 13 of 39 the MOU is to be published promptly in the Gazette. The Authority must act in accordance with the MAL. B. Procedures 7. Where a request from an ORA is received by the Authority the following procedures shall apply: 1) The supervisory or other division/department receiving the request, shall forward a copy of the request along with a standard form to the Legal Division which addresses the following matters: (a) the name of (b) the nature of the information or other assistance requested the requesting authority: such as the description of the facts underlying specific questions to be asked and sensitivity (c) whether the entity or person which is the subject of the request is regulated by the Authority and/or whether the information requested is likely to be found in (d) the information requested serves no other purpose than those the Cavman Islands: directly related to fulfilling a supervisory and/or regulatory function of the Requesting Authority i.e. a valid purpose; (e) the information requested serves the purpose of ensuring

compliance with Laws and regulations related to the request or Requesting Authority; or the information requested shall not be used for any other purpose than those specified in the request or will not be disclosed without prior consent. 2) Upon receipt of a request for assistance, the Legal Division will first determine whether the requesting body falls within the definition of an ORA within the terms of section 2 of the MAL. In deciding whether assistance should be granted, regard should be had to the matters set out in section 6(2), (3), and section 50(4), (8) of the MAL. 3) As such, the Legal Division will review all requests for assistance against the criteria set out in section 50 (4) of the MAL such as whether: (a) corresponding assistance would be given to the Authority in the recipient jurisdiction; (b) the inquiries relate to a breach of a legal requirement which has a parallel or involves the assertion of a jurisdiction recognized in the Cayman Islands; and Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 14 of 39 (c) it is in the public interest to give the assistance sought. 4) The Legal Division will also have regard to the provisions of section 50(8) of the MAL which require that before the requested (a) the Authority must be satisfied that the recipient authority assistance can be providedis subject to adequate legal restrictions on further disclosures; (b) an undertaking has been provided by the recipient authority to not disclose information without the prior consent of the Authority: (c) the Authority must be satisfied that the assistance requested is required for the regulatory purposes of the recipient authority; (d) the Authority must be satisfied that information provided will not be used in criminal proceedings against the person providing the information other than for an offence of perjury, 8. The Legal Division will make a record of the request, which will include a file number. All further correspondence relating to a particular request must include a reference to the internal file number for the purpose of keeping track of the requests and making input into the ORA log kept by the Legal Division. 9. The Legal Division will return to the supervisory division a memorandum indicating whether or not the request is in conformity with the requirements of the MAL and noting particularly whether any further undertakings required by Law or other additional information need to be provided by the requesting ORA. 10. The supervisory or other division on receiving a memorandum from the Legal Division shall reply to the ORA with the information requested or where a further undertaking is required by the MAL or additional information is necessary, require the ORA to provide the undertaking or additional information before any information is provided. 11. The supervisory or other division will endeavour to acknowledge the receipt of the request to the requesting ORA within three (3) business days of receiving the request. With respect to routine requests (e.g., regulator to regulator requests such as confirmations in relation to a regulated entity sidentity and good standing) the Authority endeavours to complete a request within 30 business days of the receipt of the request subject to receiving all the information and consents required to process the request. In case of a request that is non-routine, the Authority endeavours to complete within 60 business days where it is practical to do so i.e., where the Authority has received all the information and consents required to process the request, and there are no extraordinary circumstances or technical impediments that prevent completing the response 12. The supervisory or other division will as a (e.g. outstanding litigations before the court). general practice, within 24 hours of responding to a request forward a copy of its response to the Legal Division for the purpose of updating the ORA log with respect to each request. Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook 13. Where the request involves the Authority giving its consent to use or onwardly disclose the information for the purposes of assisting a criminal investigation or prosecution,

the Authority will also ensure that the requirements of section 50 (3)(c)(iii) have to be met. 14. Where it becomes necessary to share information provided with other local, regional, state, federal or international institution, the following requirements shall be met by the Authority where it is the Requesting Authority: 1) notify the Requested Authority promptly;

2) obtain prior explicit consent for onward disclosure (where necessary); passing on information, ensure that the recipient agrees to maintain the confidential status of the information provided and has legal authority to do so; and 4) use all reasonable legal means to protect the confidentiality of the information or to resist an enforceable demand where no consent for onward disclosure has been given 15. All responses (other than a holding response) shall be processed by the Legal Division. The Legal Division may however, request another division to respond to a particular request or to carry out related tasks to satisfy a request as the circumstances may require. Copies of any information provided (or an inventory thereof) shall be retained by the division in question. 16. Where the provision of assistance to an ORA requires the Authority to exercise its powers under Section 34 (9) to direct a person to provide specified information, produce specified documents or to give specified assistance, the Legal Division must review and sign off on the direction issued by 17. For the avoidance of doubt, where the request for assistance is made the Authority. pursuant to an MOU or Multi-lateral MOU, the Legal Division will assess and determine each request on a case-by-case basis and the procedures outlined above will also apply. Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook 16 of 39 D2 Criteria of Memorandum of Understanding Criteria for entering into negotiation with a view to entering into a Memorandum of Understanding the establishment of criteria Whereas a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) will increase the quality and timeliness of information on licensees operations overseas, will reduce the cost of obtaining such information and will streamline the administrative processes in Cayman when requests are received, there is nevertheless a need to establish some objective criteria that an Overseas Regulatory Authority (ORA) must meet before the Authority would consider entering into an MOU with it. The MOU itself will provide conditions to be met by each party to the Understanding. 2. The Background An MOU between regulatory bodies facilitates cross-border co-operation on information exchange, timely access to information and the ability to verify information. All are critical to conduct effective supervision, as well as to engender the international cooperation necessary to enhance financial stability and fight financial fraud. As stated in the KPMG Review of Financial Regulation in the Caribbean Overseas Territories and Bermuda, at page 160; It is common practice between regulatory authorities for the terms and conditions of information exchange and investigative assistance to be set out in a Memorandum of Understanding signed between the authorities which will be co-operating with each other. Memorandum of Understanding usually require requests for assistance to be framed in terms of the specific activities which are being investigated by the foreign As stated by the Technical Committee of the International Organisation of Securities Commissions in the preamble to its Principles for Memoranda of Understanding: MOUs are statements of intent which do not impose legally binding obligations on signatories. As such, they have no power to overcome domestic laws and regulations, nor do they affect other channels of co-operation, such as mutual assistance in criminal matters. The strength of MOUs, however, is that they facilitate the exchange of information by accommodating the differences between regulators and by responding to changing legal environments. 3. Objective criteria to be taken into account

3.1 Nature of the ORA in terms of powers, duties and functions and its reputation in the international financial regulation community, in particular the jurisdiction s membership of and adherence to international standards of relevance, e.g. IOSCO, Basel, IAIS. Also, the impact upon the financial industry consequent upon entering into the Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook 17 of 39 MOU in that negative publicity may invalidate the benefits of co-operation. 3.2 Nature of the requesting authority s jurisdiction, including whether its legal system provides for similar legal protections to those existing in the Cayman Islands. In particular, whether confidentiality laws are similar to that of the Cayman Islands and whether or not it respects the Rule of Law. Whether domestic secrecy or blocking laws, regulations and policies exist relating to the collection and provisions of information to foreign authorities. Such matters should be provided for in the MOU itself. The KPMG review also advised that: Memoranda of Understanding should only provide for the exchange of confidential information when the foreign regulatory authority has demonstrated that they will be able to safeguard the confidentiality of information provided by the OT regulator. (p.160) 3.3 The ORA's laws, regulations and policies on the use of information and due process and enforcement powers should be consistent with that of the 3.4 A commitment to reciprocity should be made in the MOU itself but in Authority. addition, the Authority should be reassured that reciprocal assistance would be given by the ORA. In short there must be a clear benefit to Cayman in all respects. Frequency and nature of requests for assistance received from and served upon the ORA in question. Where there have been numerous requests for assistance in the past then the jurisdiction may be considered for entering into an MOU subject to the 3.6 Nature and extent of existing relationship with the ORA and past history other criteria. of co-operation. One or more of the regulatory divisions of the Authority may have had past or on-going dealings with the ORA in question, and this should provide useful information which will be utilised in making the decision as to whether or not a MOU should be entered into with the ORA. 3.7 Consideration should also be given to whether there is a mutual recognition of the equivalency of AML/CFT legislation between the two jurisdictions and if not, why not. 4. Further considerations 4.1 The criteria set out above will often form part of the conditions for the MOU and wherever possible should be provided 4.2 The criteria set out in 2 above will be applied by the for in the MOU itself. Authority when considering an ORA with a view to entering into an MOU with that ORA. Once it is concluded that the agreed criteria are satisfied, then the Model MOU, as approved, will be used, subject to such necessary Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 18 of 39 amendments as approved by the Cabinet in accordance with the Approval Process determined by the 5. Multilateral MOUs Multilateral MOUs are MOUs established by regulatory standard setters (eg. IOSCO or IAIS) or groups of regulators normally from different countries (although different regulators from the same countries can be parties to a multilateral MOU). In the context of an MMOU the signatories agree that they will be bound by the common standards and obligations covered by the MMOU. When considering whether to recommend that the Authority become a signatory to the MMOU many of the considerations referred to in paragraph 3 above are applicable (eg. reciprocity). addition the Authority will need to take into account the criteria set out in 5.1 to 5.3 5.1 The MMOU itself should contain appropriate grounds for denial of a request where a request from another signatory authority would require the Authority to act

in a manner inconsistent with domestic laws or the public interest. 5.2 The benefits to be gained by the Authority and the jurisdiction should outweigh any negative costs involved in the Authority becoming a signatory to a MMOU. 5.2.1 One of the benefits to consider would be whether entering into the MMOU would enhance the international reputation of the Authority and the Cayman Islands as a jurisdiction that adheres to appropriate international standards involving international cooperation. 5.2.2 One of the costs to consider would be whether there would be an undue strain on the resources of the Authority in meeting the obligations under the MMOU. 5.3 The existing and/or potential signatories should be from jurisdictions that generally respect the rule of law and have broadly equivalent protections for the rights of persons likely to be impacted by the exchange of information under the MMOU. Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 19 of 39 D3 Sample Format of a Memorandum of Understanding Memorandum of Understanding BETWEEN THE Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International (the Authority) and the on the Exchange of Information for Co-operation and Consultation [Place] [Date] Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 20 of 39 TABLE OF CONTENTS RECITALS 1. DEFINITIONS INTENTION 3. SCOPE 4. UNDERTAKING OF INSPECTION VISITS 5. REQUESTS FOR ASSISTANCE OR INFORMATION 6. EXECUTION OF REQUESTS UNSOLICITED INFORMATION 8. PERMISSIBLE USES OF INFORMATION CONFIDENTIALITY 10. RIGHTS OF REQUESTED AUTHORITY 11. CONSULTATION 12. COSTS OF INVESTIGATION 13. TERMINATION OF MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING 14. EFFECTIVE DATE Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 21 of 39 WHEREAS: A. The Cayman Islands Monetary Authority (hereinafter the Authority)) and together hereinafter referred to as the (hereinafter Authorities recognise the need for mutual cooperation between the Authorities in the carrying out of their regulatory and supervisory functions under the relevant laws, regulations and rules in their respective countries. B. The Authorities further acknowledge the importance of compliance with relevant international standards established by international standard setting bodies such as the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision, The International Association of Insurance Supervisors (IAIS), the International Organisation of Securities Commissions (IOSCO) and the Financial Action Task Force (FATF). C. The arrangements outlined below are intended to enhance the existing working relationship between the Authorities. 1 DEFINITIONS Requesting Authority means the Overseas Regulatory Authority, within the terms of s. 2 of the Monetary Authority Law (2013Revision), making a request under this Memorandum of Understanding. Requested Authority means the Authority to whom a request is made pursuant to paragraph 6 of this Memorandum of Understanding: Person" means a natural person, body corporate, partnership, or unincorporated association, government or political subdivision, agency or instrumentality of a government: "Financial Institutions" mean the institutions and persons regulated and supervised by either of the Authorities, and 'Jurisdiction" means the country, state or other territory, as the case may be, in which either of the Authorities has legal authority, power and/or jurisdiction by law. Memorandum of Understanding means the arrangements for both mutual co-operation and exchange of information between regulatory bodies. Registered Person means any person carrying on banking or other financial business activities requiring registration by either of the Authorities

in order to carry out those functions, who may or may not be subject to individual registration but who is subject to the operative legislation within the jurisdiction. 2. INTENTION 2.1 This Memorandum of Understanding sets forth a statement of intent of the Authorities to establish a framework for mutual assistance and to facilitate the Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 22 of 39 exchange of information between the Authorities to enforce or secure compliance with any laws, regulations or rules relating to the functions and duties of the Authorities in their respective jurisdictions. 2.2 The Authorities intend to provide one another with assistance under this Memorandum of Understanding to the full extent permitted by the laws, regulations and rules of their respective jurisdictions. 2.3 This Memorandum of Understanding will serve to promote the integrity, efficiency and financial soundness of financial institutions by improving the effective regulation, enhancing the supervision of cross-border transactions, and preventing fraudulent and other prohibited practices in [

and the Cayman Islands. 2.4 This Memorandum of Understanding does not create any binding legal obligations upon the Authorities. 2.5 The Authorities intend. where legal authorisation is lacking, to actively pursue all avenues towards obtaining, by law, all the necessary powers for the effective achievement of the objectives of the Memorandum of Understanding, and to keep each other informed of developments in connection therewith. 2.6 The provisions of this Memorandum of Understanding do not lead to the right of any person, directly or indirectly, to obtain, suppress or exclude any information or to challenge the execution of a request for assistance under this Memorandum of Understanding 2.7 The Authorities will use reasonable effort to provide each other, as permitted by the laws of their respective jurisdictions, with any information that they discover which leads to a suspicion of a breach or anticipated breach of rules or laws in the jurisdictions of the Authorities. 3. SCOPE 3.1 Through the machinery set up by this Memorandum of Understanding, the Authorities agree to promote mutual assistance and exchange of information to enable the Authorities to perform their respective duties and functions effectively according to the laws, regulations and rules of their respective jurisdictions. 3.2 In terms of this general theme, the scope of this Memorandum of Understanding includes the following: (a) Assisting in the discovery of and taking of action against unlawful activities and practices contrary to international standards subscribed to by the Authorities in relation to activities they regulate. (b) Enforcement of the laws, regulations and rules relating to banking or other financial activities subject to regulation by the Authorities in their respective jurisdictions. Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 23 of 39 (c) Regulation and supervision of banks, financial institutions, collective investment schemes and clearing and settlement activities; (d) Promoting and securing the fit and proper qualities of registered persons and the promotion of high standards of fair dealing and integrity of their conduct of business; and (e) Assisting in the carrying out of responsibilities for the prevention of and enquiries relating to money laundering under the laws of their respective jurisdictions including the proper implementation of anti-money laundering procedures by financial institutions. (f) Any matters agreed upon between the Authorities from time to time. 4. UNDERTAKING OF INSPECTION VISITS 4.1 The Requesting Authority may undertake or accompany inspection visits on Financial Institutions having business operations in or from the jurisdiction of the Requested Authority. Inspection visits will take place in accordance with the Requested jurisdiction. 4.2 All members of the inspection team will be required to give an undertaking of confidentiality prior to the

commencement of any on-site inspection. 4.3 In the course of carrying out an inspection, an inspection team as referred to in 4.1 and 4.2 shall normally include a member of the 5. REQUESTS FOR ASSISTANCE OR INFORMATION Requested Authority s staff. This Memorandum of Understanding does not affect the ability of the Authorities to obtain information from persons on a voluntary basis, provided that the existing Authorities observe procedures in the jurisdiction of each Authority for the obtaining of such information. 5.2 To facilitate communication and ensure continuity in the co-operation between the Authorities, each Authority designates the contact persons for communications under this Memorandum of Understanding. 5.3 A Requesting Authority will make requests for assistance in writing addressed to the contact officer of the Requested Authority. 5.4 The request will include - (a) A description of both the subject matter of the request and the purpose for which the Requesting Authority seeks the assistance or (b) A description of the assistance, documents or information sought by Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory the Requesting Authority; March 2019 24 of 39 (c) Any information in the possession of the Handbook Requesting Authority that might assist the Requested Authority in identifying the persons, bodies or entities believed by the Requesting Authority to possess the information sought, or the places where the Requested Authority may obtain such information; (d) The legal provisions concerning the matter that is the subject matter of the request and the relevance of the requested information to the specified laws or regulatory requirements; (e) Whether any other authorities, governmental or non-governmental, are co-operating with the Requesting Authority or seeking information from the confidential files of the Requesting Authority and to whom onward disclosure of information is likely to be necessary; and the desired period of time for the reply; and (f) In urgent circumstances, the Requested Authority will accept a request for assistance and will expedite to the extent possible a reply thereto by summary procedures or by means of communication other than the exchange of letters. Such urgent communications must be confirmed in writing as prescribed above by the contact person set out in Appendix A within five business days. 6. EXECUTION OF REQUESTS 6.1 Where the Requested Authority is satisfied in accordance with this Memorandum of Understanding and the laws governing the Requesting Authority that the assistance should be given, the Requested Authority will; (a) Provide information held in the files of the Requesting Authority; (b) Obtain information, including statements and testimony, and gather documents in accordance with the laws and procedures in the jurisdiction of the Notwithstanding any other provision of this Memorandum of Requested Authority. Understanding any person providing information or documents as a result of a request made under this Memorandum of Understanding will be entitled to all applicable rights and privileges of the laws in the jurisdiction of the Requested Authority. Assertions regarding rights and privileges arising exclusively under the laws applicable in the jurisdiction of the Requesting Authority will be preserved for consideration by Courts in that jurisdiction. 6.2 Each request will be assessed on a case-by-case basis by the Requested Authority to determine whether information can be provided under the terms of this Memorandum of Understanding. 7. UNSOLICITED INFORMATION Where one Authority has information that will assist the other Authority in the performance of its regulatory functions, the former may provide such information, or arrange for such information to be provided spontaneously, to Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 25 of 39 the extent permitted by the laws of its

respective jurisdiction even though the other Authority has made no request. The terms and conditions of this Memorandum of Understanding will apply if the providing Authority specifies that it is passing the information under this Memorandum of Understanding. PERMISSIBLE USES OF INFORMATION 8.1 Any assistance or information provided under the terms of this Memorandum of Understanding shall be used by the recipient only for the purpose of enabling the Requested Authority to exercise regulatory functions, including the conduct of civil or administrative investigations and proceedings to enforce the laws, regulations or rules of the Requested Authority as specified in the request. 8.2 The Requesting Authority may not use information furnished for any purpose other than that identified in terms of paragraph 5.4(a) without the consent of the Requested Authority. 8.3 If the Requesting Authority wants to use the information obtained for any purpose other than that stated in terms of paragraph 5.4(a) the Requesting Authority must notify the Requested Authority of its intention and provide the Requested Authority with an opportunity to consent to, or oppose such use. 8.4 Where the Requesting Authority believes that sharing confidential information with a third party is necessary, it must inform the Requested Authority of the third parties interest in this information and it must provide the Requested Authority with the opportunity to consent to, or oppose such use. 8.5 The Requesting Authority may consult with the Requested Authority concerning the reasons for the objection if the Requested Authority opposes such use. 9. CONFIDENTIALITY 9.1 The Authorities will, to the full extent permitted by the laws, regulations and rules of their respective jurisdictions, keep confidential:- (a) Any request for assistance or information pursuant to this Memorandum of Understanding; (b) Any information received or provided pursuant to this Memorandum of Understanding; and Any matter arising during the operation of this Memorandum of Understanding, including consultations and unsolicited assistance. 9.2 The Requesting Authority shall not disclose the assistance or information obtained pursuant to this Memorandum of Understanding to third parties without the prior consent of the Requested Authority. Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 26 of 39 9.3 Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs 9.1 and 9.2, the confidentiality provisions of this Memorandum of Understanding shall not prevent the Authorities from informing the law enforcement or regulatory bodies in its jurisdiction of the request or from passing information received pursuant to a request provided that: Such agencies or bodies have responsibility for prosecuting, regulating or enforcing rules or laws falling within the scope of this Memorandum of Understanding; or (b) The purpose of passing on such information to such an agency or body falls within the scope of this Memorandum of Understanding; and (c) An undertaking has been obtained from the recipient by the Requested Authority that it will maintain the confidentiality of the information. 9.4 The Authorities confidential treatment of assistance and information will continue when either Authority gives notice of its intent to cease co-operation under this Memorandum of Understanding. The Authorities understand that the laws, regulations and rules of their respective jurisdictions place limitations on use and disclosure of non-public information obtained pursuant to this Memorandum of Understanding. REQUESTED AUTHORITY 10.1 The Requested Authority may deny requests for assistance under the Memorandum of Understanding - (a) Where the request would require the Requested Authority to act in a way that would violate the laws of the jurisdiction of the Requested Authority; (b) Where the request is not in accordance with the provisions

of this Memorandum of Understanding; (c) Where corresponding assistance would not

be given in the country of or territory of the Requesting Authority; (d) Where the request involves a breach of law or other requirement which has no close parallel in the country or territory of the Requested Authority or involve the assertion of a jurisdiction not recognised in the country or territory of the Requested Authority; or (e) On the grounds of public interest. 10.2 Where the Requested Authority denies a request for assistance, or where assistance is not available under the law of the jurisdiction of the Requested Authority, the Requested Authority will provide the reasons why it is not granting the assistance. The Authorities will then consult pursuant to Clause 11. Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 27 of 39 10.3 The Authorities recognise that they intend nothing in the Memorandum of

Understanding to either limit or enhance the powers of the Authorities under the laws of their respective jurisdictions to investigate or gather information or to take measures otherwise than as provided in the Memorandum of Understanding to obtain information, whether or not concerning a request under the Memorandum of 11. CONSULTATION 11.1 The Authorities will consult with each Understanding. other to improve the operation of the Memorandum of Understanding and resolving any matters that may arise including but not limited to - (a) Matters of mutual interest to enhance co-operation and to protect investors by ensuring the stability, efficiency, and integrity of the financial services industry in their respective jurisdictions, (b) The co-ordination of the supervision of financial institutions; and (c) The administration of the laws, regulations and rules of their respective jurisdictions. The purpose of such consultations is to assist in the development of mutually agreeable approaches for strengthening the financial services industries of their respective jurisdictions whilst avoiding, whenever possible, conflicts that may arise from the application of differing regulatory 11.2 The Authorities will consider the need for additional measures for the practices. exchange of investigation, enforcement, supervisory and surveillance information in the administration and enforcement of the laws, regulations and rules concerning financial institutions in their respective jurisdictions, on an ongoing basis. To this end, the Authorities will inform one another of the adoption of domestic measures that may affect their respective authority to provide assistance under this Memorandum of 11.3 The Authorities may take practical measures as may be necessary to Understanding. facilitate the implementation of the Memorandum of Understanding. As such, the Authorities may amend, relax or waive any of the terms of the Memorandum of Understanding. 12. COSTS OF INVESTIGATION If it appears that the Requested Authority will incur substantial costs in responding to a request for assistance under this Memorandum of Understanding, the Requested Authority may, as a condition to executing the requests, require the Requesting Authority to contribute to its cost in an amount agreed upon by the Authorities. Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 28 of 39 13. TERMINATION OF THE MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING This Memorandum of Understanding will continue in effect until the expiration of 30 days after either Authority gives written notice to the other Authority of its intention to terminate the Memorandum of Understanding. Authority gives such notice, this Memorandum of Understanding will continue to have effect with respect to all requests for assistance that the Authorities made before the effective date of notification until the Requesting Authority terminates the matter for which it requested assistance. 14. EFFECTIVE DATE This Memorandum of Understanding will be effective from the date of its signing by the Authorities. SIGNED at this day of 20XX FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International FOR [

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Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 29 of 39 THE SUPERVISORY APPROACH - LICENSING PROCESS E1 Procedures for Dealing with Licensing & Supervisory Matters 1. Introduction As a result of operational independence of the Cayman Islands Monetary Authority (CMRAI) decision-making is vested in the Board of Directors of the CMRAI. Government sets licensing fees and CMRAI is the conduit through which licensing fees are collected and paid to Government. Responsibilities CMRAI has two committees mandated to handle licensing and supervisory functions. An Executive Committee of the Board (Executive Committee), comprised of locally based directors and a Management Committee (MC) comprised of select members of CMRAI's senior management. Executive Committee With the exception of any matters on which the MLRO is obliged to report pursuant to the Money Laundering Regulations, the Executive Committee has responsibility for all enforcement decisions, and new licence applications under the Securities Investment Business Law (2015Revision), where that institutions does not already hold a licence from the Authority. Management Committee The MC has responsibility for licensing and supervisory matters as detailed in Appendix E2. Licensing is the primary function of the MC. In addition the MC is responsible for consideration and initiation of enforcement actions, and any other matters that the Board may decide to delegate to it from time to time. The MC may review a paper and decide that the scope of the matter is beyond the authority of the MC, and/or it may also prefer to seek the advice of the Executive Committee on specific matters. In such instances the paper is submitted onwards to the Executive Committee, together with all relevant information, including the MC s recommendations. 3. Composition & Quorum Executive Committee of the Board The Executive Committee is comprised of six locally based CMRAI directors, including the Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors. A guorum of three local directors is required in order for a meeting to be properly constituted. A decision is made by majority vote of those present. Management Committee Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International March 2019 30 of 39 In pursuit of its functions, the Board Regulatory Handbook may delegate to a sub-committee or the Management Committee (MC) such licensing, supervisory and other powers and duties that the Board sees fit. A decision of the MC shall be deemed to be a decision of the Board, as the powers of the amended Law are vested with The MC is comprised of the Managing Director as Chairperson, the Deputy the Board. Managing Director, the Legal Counsel and the Heads of the supervisory divisions or such person as may be designated by the Head to act in his or her absence. There are currently four regulatory Heads on the MC, representing the Insurance Supervision Division, Banking Supervision Division, Fiduciary Services Supervision Division, and the Investments and Securities Supervision Division. In addition, the Managing Director may, with the approval of the Board, designate such other senior officer of the Authority to sit on the Management Committee. A quorum of at least two of the Heads of the supervisory divisions must be present in addition to the Chairperson in order for a meeting to be properly constituted. The Chairperson's alternate may be any one of the Deputy Managing Director, the General Counsel, or the Head of a regulatory division not already included in the quorum, or in their absence, such other member of the MC as designated by the Managing Director. A decision is made by majority vote of those present. 4. Conduct and

Conflicts of Interest Executive Committee of the Board Members of the Board are required to adhere to a strict Code of Conduct, Conflicts of Interest Code, and to the provisions of the Monetary Authority Law and to declare any conflicts of interest, including making an annual declaration of any conflicts of interest. (Appendices C2 and C3) Management Committee Members of the MC are required to adhere to a strict Code of Conduct and are required to declare any conflicts of interest. (Appendix C4). 5. Meetings Executive Committee of the Board The Executive Committee meets on Tuesday mornings as and when necessary, and all papers, including key background documents and file folders, must be submitted to the Executive Assistant to the Managing Director by 4:00pm on the preceding Tuesday for inclusion on the Agenda. In exceptional circumstances, papers received later than the preceding Tuesday may be brought before the Executive Committee for consideration, but the Chairperson must approve inclusion of a late paper. At each Executive Committee meeting, minutes are recorded, confirmed and retained. The agenda and the supporting materials must be circulated to the local directors present in the Island no later than the preceding Friday. The agenda and supporting papers must be circulated by secured to the foreign directors. Minutes of the meetings must be circulated to all directors by within 3 working days of the meeting. Management Committee Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 31 of 39 The MC meets weekly on a Tuesday morning, and all papers, including key background documents and file folders must be submitted to the Executive Assistant to the Managing Director by 4:00pm on the preceding Wednesday for inclusion on the agenda. In exceptional circumstances, papers received later than the preceding Wednesday may be brought before the MC for consideration, but the Chairperson must approve inclusion of a late paper. At each MC meeting, minutes are recorded, confirmed and retained by the Executive Assistant to the Managing Director. 6. Preparation of Papers for Approval Management Committee All papers (see samples Appendix C5 & C6) must be approved by the relevant Head of Division or in his/her absence the Deputy Head before submission to the MC for pre- approval/approval as appropriate. All papers must initially be emailed to the Executive Assistant to the Managing Director who will insert reference number details. The Executive Assistant to the Managing Director posts referenced papers electronically to the MO Submissions folder on the internal computer network, in order that members of the MC may consider the paper in advance of the weekly meeting. At the time of posting the paper electronically, the file containing all pertinent information about the licensee with a signed copy of the submission must be forwarded to the Executive Assistant to the Managing Director, in order that all documentation may be available during the MC meeting Executive Committee of the Board Prior to a paper going forward to as may be required. the Executive Committee it is subject to the procedure outlined above for MC pre-approval. The paper must be prepared in the format as outlined in Appendix C6. Once the MC approves a paper for onward submission to the Board the relevant Head informs his/her division and 9 copies (1 copy must be signed and retained by the Executive Secretary for his/her files) of the paper (on green copy paper) together with all pertinent files and documentation, are delivered to the Executive Secretary to the Board for addition to the Executive Committee's weekly agenda. Cabinet Some functions of the CMRAI remain the responsibility of Cabinet e.g. the issue of directives or regulations under the MAL. Prior to a paper going forward to Cabinet, it will have gone through the procedures outlined above for MC pre-approval and Executive Committee approval. Once approved by the Executive Committee the Executive Secretary forwards the paper to

Cabinet through the Financial Secretary for consideration. 7. Records & Extracts A log of every paper received for consideration by the MC or the Executive Committee is retained in the Managing Director's office. Each paper is recorded and allocated a meeting number and an item number. Extracts (see sample Appendices C7a & C7b) is produced on yellow copy paper for all licensing/supervisory decisions taken by the MC or the Executive Committee. A copy of each extract is forwarded to the Head of Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 32 of 39 division from which the paper emanated. A master file containing all extracts is held in the Managing Director s Licence Issuance, Communication & Gazetting If the MC or Executive Committee approves a paper, CMRAI takes the appropriate action and communicates the decision to the relevant parties in a timely manner. Once the extract of a decision taken by the MC or Executive Committee has been completed/issued, the Executive Secretary to the Board acts in accordance with the decision. empowered to issue all licenses approved by the MC and the Executive Committee. If a licence is to be issued, the Head of the relevant regulatory division arranges for the licence to be prepared and submitted to the Managing Director's office for signature. Once licences or other associated paperwork are signed, they are returned to the Executive Secretary, in order that the necessary documentation may be despatched to the applicant and copied to the division. The Head of the Investment & Securities Division is empowered to sign certificates for all registered funds approved by the Division. Each division must ensure that those matters, which require gazetting or publication on CMRAI's website, are forwarded to the Executive Secretary for publication in a timely manner. 9. The Managing Director provides quarterly reports to the Financial Secretary covering the Board Meetings convened General Policy Issues Overview of the following areas. Regulatory Divisions, detailing any trends and initiatives happening in the domestics and comparatives) Comparison of Budgeted Revenue and Actual Revenue collected to date Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 33 of 39 E2 Time Lines BANKING SUPERVISION TIMELINES Type of Approval Responsibility Time Frame Director/Senior Officer Approval Division 3-6 weeks New Licence Applications (Category A Licensees) MC 6-8 weeks New Licence Applications (Category B Licensees) MC 6-8 weeks New Licence Applications (Money Services Business) MC 4-6 weeks Amendments to ownership structure (no change in beneficial ownership) Division 3 weeks Approval for change in ultimate beneficial ownership (controlling interest) MC 4-6 weeks Approval for Issue, Transfer, Disposal of shares (no change in control) Division 2 weeks Approval for Surrender of Licence Division 3 weeks Approval for Change of Name Division 2 weeks Approval for change of financial year end Division 1 week Approval to open a subsidiary, branch, agency or representative office (for licensed activities only) Division 4 weeks Approval of Change of Auditors (Banks & Trust Companies Law) Division 1 week Extension of Filing of Regulatory Reports (e.g. QPR Form, Financial Statements) Division 1 week Amendments to the Business Plan Division 3 weeks Approval for use of the word "Bank" and its derivatives Division 2 weeks Approval for Change of Principal Office &/or Authorised Agent (Banks & Trust Companies Law) Division 1 week Make Regulations (S.27 of BTCL) Cabinet Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 34 of 39 FIDUCIARY SERVICES Type of Approval Responsibility Time Frame Director/Senior Officer TIMELINES Approval Division 3-6 weeks New Licence Application - Unrestricted Trust MC 6-8 weeks

New Licence Application - Company Management Licence MC 6-8 weeks New Licence Application Corporate Licence MC 6-8 weeks New Licence Application - Restricted Trust Licence MC 6-8 weeks New Licence Application - Nominee Licence MC 6-8 weeks Amendments to ownership structure (no change in beneficial ownership) Division 3 weeks Approval for change in ultimate beneficial ownership (controlling interest) MC 4-6 weeks Approval for Issue, Transfer, Disposal of shares- (no change in control) Division 2 weeks Approval for Surrender of Licence Division 4 weeks Approval for Change of Name Division 2 weeks Approval for change of financial year end Division 1 week Approval of Change of Auditors (Companies Management Law) Division 1 week Extension of Filing of Regulatory Reports (e.g. Biannual Form, Financial Statements) Division 1 week Approval of "authorised insurer" (Companies Management Law) Division 1 week Approval of "authorised/recognised custodian" Division 4 weeks Amendments to the Business Plan Division 3 weeks Approval for use of word "Trust" Division 2 weeks Approval for Change of Principal Office & Authorised Agent (Banks & Trust Law) Division 1 week Approval of Agent Pursuant to the Banks & Trust Companies Law Division 1 week Approval of a branch, subsidiary, agency or representative office Division 4 weeks Registration of Controlled Subsidiaries or Private Trust Companies Division 1 week Cancellation of Registration of Controlled Subsidiaries or Private Trust Companies Division 1 week Make Regulations (S.27 of BTCL) Cabinet Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 INSURANCE SUPERVISION TIMELINES Type of Approval Responsibility Time Frame Director/Senior Officer Approval Division 3-6 weeks New Licence Application - Class A MC 6-8 weeks New Licence Application - Class B (sub-categories B(i) and B(ii)) MC 5-6 weeks New Licence Application - Class B (sub-categories B(iii) and B(iv)) MC 6-8 weeks New Licence Application - Class C MC 5-6 weeks New Licence Application - Class D MC 6-8 weeks New Licence Application - Insurance Manager MC 5 weeks New Licence Application - Agent MC 4 weeks New Licence Application - Broker MC 5 weeks Approval for registration of a Portfolio Insurance Company Division 5-6 Weeks Approval to add a Segregated Portfolio to an SPC Division 5-6 Weeks Approval for Issue, Transfer, Disposal of shares (no change in control) Division 2 weeks Amendments to ownership structure (no change in beneficial ownership) Division 3 weeks Approval for change in ultimate beneficial ownership (controlling interest) MC 4-6 weeks Approval to accept remedial action plan presented by licensees when capital falls below PCR Division 4-5 weeks Approval for Surrender of Licence Division 3 weeks Approval for Change of Name Division 2 weeks Approval for change of financial year end Division 1 week Approval to open a subsidiary, branch, agency or representative office (for licensed activities only) Class A Division 4 weeks Approval of Change of Auditors (Insurance Law) Division 1 week Approval for use of word Insurance Division 2 weeks Extension of Filing of Regulatory Reports Division 1 week Amendments to the Business Plan Division 3 weeks Make Regulations (S.23) Cabinet Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook March 2019 36 of 39 Note 1: Effective 06 November 2013, the Board of Directors of the Authority hereby delegates to the Management Committee the authority to make decisions with respect to applications for licensing of all institutions under the Securities Investment Business Law. The Board of Directors of the Authority ratified the Management Committee's decisions with respect to all prior SIBL licence applications in cases where the applicant was not a previous holder of a licence from the Authority. Note 2: The task is performed by the Compliance Division. INVESTMENT AND SECURITIES DIVISION TIMELINES Type of Approval Responsibility Timeframe New Application Securities Investment Business Licence (SIBL) (Note 1) MC 6-8 weeks New Application Japanese Regulations Division 6-8weeks Excluded Person Declaration Securities Investment Business law Division 1 week Director/Senior Officer Approval (MFA. SIBL & Sec. 5 Funds) Division 3-6 weeks New Mutual Fund Administrators Licence Application MC 6-8 weeks New Auditors Application- MC 4-6 weeks New Mutual Fund Registration (Sec. 4(3) & 4(1)(b)) Division 1 week New Mutual Fund Licence Application (Sec. 5) Division 4 weeks New Restricted Mutual Fund Administrators Licence Application MC 6- 8 weeks Approval for change in ultimate beneficial ownership (controlling interest) MC 6-8 weeks Issue, transfer, disposal, dealing in shares (MFA & Sec. 5 Funds) including approval of new shareholders (no change in control) Division 2 weeks Approval for Revocation of MFA Licence on voluntary surrender by licensee (MFL 30 (12)) Division 4-6 weeks Approval for Revocation of SIB Licence on voluntary surrender by licensee (SIBL 17 (7)) MC 4-6 weeks Voluntary Surrender of Registration and Deregistration of Mutual Fund (Sec. 4(3), 4(1)(b) & 5) Division 2 weeks Extension to Filing of Regulatory Reports (RF-1, Financials) Division 1 week Approval for Change of Name - Fund Division 1 week Issuance of new certificate for Change of Name - MFA Division 2 weeks Amendments to the Business Plan Division 3 weeks Approval for change of financial year end Division 1 week Approval of Change of Auditors Division 1 week Cancellation of Registration/License of Mutual Fund (failing to comply with MFL sec.8 and/or 9) (Note 2) MC Make Regulations (s.39 MFL and THE SUPERVISORY APPROACH OTHER PROCESSES F1 s.11 SIBL) Cabinet Sample Letter of Good Standing Mr. XXXXX Manager - Credit Department YYYYYYYYYYYY P.O. Box GT Grand Cayman. Dear , The YYY is the holder of a <enter type> Licence effective <enter date of licence commencement> and issued under the <state law licence issued under> pertaining at that At the date of writing, the Company is up-to-date with its filings to the time. Cayman Islands Monetary Authority. Yours faithfully, XX Head of XX Division For consistency purposes, when issuing Letter of Good Standing for banking licensees, the letter should reference the appropriate law in accordance with the following:- 1. Licences issued prior to 1989: ... issued (date) under The Banks and Trust Companies Regulation Law (Revised). 2. Licences issued between 1989 and 1995: ...issued (date) under The Banks and Trust Companies Law, 1989. 3. Licences issued between 1995 and 2000: ...issued (date) under The Banks and Trust Companies Law, (1995 Revision). 4. Licences issued between 2000 and 2001: ...issued (date) under The Banks and Trust Companies Law (2000 Second Revision). 5. Licences issued after 2001 and 17 th March 2003: ...issued (date) under The Banks and Trust Companies Law (2001 Revision) . 6. Licences issued after 17 th March 2003: ...issued (date) under The Banks and Trust Companies Law (2003 Revision). Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook Appendices I November 2018 38 F2 Procedure for the Granting of Extensions for the Filing of Supervisory Reports Granting an Extension The Authority may grant extensions to licensees for the filing of supervisory reports, which include quarterly un-audited forms, reports, schedules, the annually audited financial statements, and the annual report of the Parent/Group where applicable. Deadline for filings The quarterly un-audited Forms and Schedules are required by the Authority to be filed within 21 days following the guarter end. The audited financial statements are required by the Authority to be filed within three months following the financial year- end. Inability to meet deadline In the event that a licensee is unable to meet the deadline for filing their reports they may request an extension from the Authority for filing the reports. Considerations for granting an initial extension For banking

licensees the Authority will grant an extension where there are no supervisory concerns with the licensee. The Authority will grant a two-week extension for the filing of the quarterly un-audited Forms and Schedules, and a one-month extension for the filing of the annually audited financial statements and/or annual report of the group. For Mutual Funds and Mutual Fund Administrators, the Authority will only grant an extension of onemonth to the submission deadline for the filing of the of audited accounts if the fund is up to date with the payment of fees and the submission of the previous year(s) financial statements. Considerations for granting an additional extension Further extensions requests for the filing of guarterly un-audited Forms and Schedules must be provided to the Authority in writing with an explanation acceptable for the extensive delay prior to the Authority granting any further extension. Further extensions requests for the filing of annually audited financial statements/annual report must be provided to the Authority in writing with an acceptable explanation for the delay, along with confirmation that a draft copy of the financial statements will be submitted to the Authority as soon as possible. the Extension in MARS Once an extension has been granted to a licensee for filing either its quarterly un-audited Forms/Schedules or its annually audited financial statements the extension period must be logged MARS. System. This prevents an overdue notice being generated during the extension period. Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International Regulatory Handbook Appendices I November 2018 Issue the approval letter and place a copy of the correspondence on the licensee's file For Mutual Funds the initial letter must state that further extension will require a letter from the fund s auditors explaining the reason(s) for the delay. LIST OF EQUIVALENT JURISDICTIONS G1 List of Countries and Territories Deemed to have Equivalent Legislation The List of Countries and Territories Deemed to have Equivalent Legislation are those considered to have a money laundering legislation that is equal to or more rigorous than the money laundering regulations of the Cayman Islands and consequently provides a level of comfort to licensees and persons/entities conducting relevant financial business with persons and entities based in these countries/territories. The list will be maintained by the Anti-Money Laundering Steering Group through consultation with the Authority. Furthermore, the list will be published on the Authority s website, on any other government website determined by the AMLSG and in the Gazette.