



Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International

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Our comprehensive approach to regulation encompasses a deep understanding of financial risks and a proactive stance on emerging challenges. We are committed to empowering financial institutions with the tools and guidance necessary to navigate complex regulatory landscapes, thereby contributing to global economic stability and growth.

CAYMAN ISLANDS Companies Act (2023 Revision) COMPANIES WINDING UP RULES (2023 Consolidation) Supplement No. 4 published with Legislation Gazette No. 1 dated 12th January, 2023. Page 2 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c PUBLISHING DETAILS The Companies Winding Up Rules, 2018 made by the Insolvency Rules Committee on 27th November, 2017 as amended by the Citation of Acts of Parliament Act, 2020 [Act 56 of 2020]. Consolidated with Companies Winding Up (Amendment) Rules 2022-29th July, 2022. Consolidated this 31st day of December, 2022. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Arrangement of Rules c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 3 CAYMAN ISLANDS Companies Act (2023 Revision) COMPANIES WINDING UP RULES (2023 Consolidation) Arrangement of Rules Section Page 1. Citation

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CAYMAN ISLANDS Companies Act (2023 Revision) COMPANIES WINDING UP RULES
(2023 Consolidation) In the exercise of the powers conferred by Section 155 of the
Companies Act (as amended and revised) the Insolvency Rules Committee makes the
following Rules 1. Citation 1. These Rules may be cited as the Companies Winding Up
Rules (2023 Consolidation). 2. Revocation of the Companies Winding Up Rules 2008 and
Amendments 2. The Companies Winding Up Rules 2008, the Companies Winding Up
(Amendment) Rules, 2010, the Companies Winding Up (Amendment) Rules, 2013
and the Companies Winding Up (Amendment) Rules 2016 are hereby revoked and
replaced by the Companies Winding Up Rules (as amended and revised) attached as a
Schedule hereto. 3. Commencement of the Foreign Bankruptcy Proceedings
(International Cooperation) Rules, 2018 3. The Foreign Bankruptcy Proceedings
(International Cooperation) Rules, 2018 shall come into operation on the 1st day of February
2018. ORDER 1 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 16
Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c 4. Revocation of the Foreign Bankruptcy
Proceedings (International Cooperation) Rules, 2008 4. The Foreign Bankruptcy
Proceedings (International Cooperation) Rules, 2008 [SL 9 of 2008] are hereby revoked
and replaced by the Foreign Bankruptcy Proceedings (International Cooperation) Rules,
2018 [SL 92 of 2017]. 5. Commencement of the Insolvency Practitioners' Regulations, 2018
5. The Insolvency Practitioners' Regulations, 2018 [SL 93 of 2017] come in operation on 1st
day of February 2018. 6. Revocation of the Insolvency Practitioners Regulations, 2008 6.
The Insolvency Practitioners Regulations, 2008, the Insolvency Practitioners'
(Amendment) Regulations, 2010, and the Insolvency Practitioners' (Amendment)
Regulations, 2013 are hereby revoked and replaced by the Insolvency Practitioners'
Regulations, 2018 (as amended and revised). MADE by the Insolvency Rules Committee
on the 27th day of November 2017 The Honourable Andrew Jones QC, Judge The
Honourable Sam Bulgin QC, Attorney General Colin McKie QC, Legal Practitioner Hector

Robinson QC, Legal Practitioner Simon Conway, Qualified Insolvency Practitioner Jude Scott CPA Amended by the Insolvency Rules Committee on the 29th day of July 2022 The Honourable Nicholas Segal, Chairperson The Honourable Samuel Bulgin QC, Attorney General Colin McKie QC, Legal Practitioner Colette Wilkins QC, Legal Practitioner Eleanor Fisher, Insolvency Practitioner Jude Scott Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 1 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 17 ORDER 1 CITATION, APPLICATION AND COMMENCEMENT 1. Citation (O.1, r.1) 1. (1) These Rules may be cited as the Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation). (2) An individual Rule may be cited using the abbreviation "CWR". 2. Application (O.1, r.2) 2. (1) These Rules shall apply to (a) every winding up petition presented on or after the commencement date; (b) every other application made under Part V of the Companies Act (as amended and revised) on or after the commencement date; (c) every application made on or after the commencement date in a winding up proceeding which was pending on that date; (d) any step taken or required to be taken after the commencement date in any winding up proceeding which was pending on that date; and (e) any step taken or required to be taken on or after the commencement date in any voluntary liquidation which was in progress on that date, except that a voluntary liquidator shall not be required to apply for a supervision order under section 124 of the Law in respect of a voluntary liquidation which commenced prior to the commencement date. (2) The English Insolvency Rules 1986 (SI.1986/1925) shall cease to have any application with effect from 1 March 2009. 3. Commencement and transitional provisions (O.1, r.3) 3. (1) The Companies Winding Up Rules, 2018 [SL 92 of 2017] shall, as stated in the Commencement Order, come into force on the 1st February, 2018, referred to in these Rules as the "commencement date". (2) No application, order or direction made under Part V of the Companies Act (as amended and revised) before the commencement date shall be treated as a non-compliance with these Rules provided that it complied with the rules, practice directions or procedure then in force. (3) No action taken by a liquidator, creditor or contributory in a compulsory liquidation or voluntary liquidation before the commencement date shall be treated as a non-compliance with these Rules provided that it complied with the rules, practice directions or procedure then in force. ORDER 1 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 18 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c 4. Application of Grand Court Rules etc. (O.1, r.4) 4. (1) Every petition, summons, order or other document required to be served by these Rules, shall be served in accordance with GCR Orders 10 and 65, unless some other method of service is expressly required or permitted by these Rules. Where any such petition, summons, order or other document is required to be served out of the jurisdiction then GCR O. 11 shall apply to these Rules. (1A) GCR Order 2 shall apply to these Rules mutatis mutandis. (1B) Where any Rule requires a liquidator to publish any notice in any newspaper the Court may dispense with that requirement if it is satisfied that (i) the expense of publishing the notice in a newspaper would be disproportionate and/or (ii) it would be unlikely to serve any useful purpose (2) Every affidavit or other document filed in the Court office shall comply with the requirements of GCR Orders 41 and 66. (3) Every order or direction made in a winding up proceeding shall comply with the requirements of GCR Order 42. (3A) GCR Order 20 shall apply mutatis mutandis with respect to any amendment to any document filed in the Court office. (4) All funds required to be paid into or out of Court in connection with any winding up proceedings shall be lodged, paid, invested and dealt with in accordance with GCR Order 92. 5. Definitions (O.1, r.5) 5. (1) The words and expressions defined by section 89(1) of the Law shall have the same meaning when

used in these Rules. (2) The words and expressions defined by section 2 of the Law shall have the same meaning when used in these Rules. (3) The words and expressions defined by GCR Order 1, rule 7 shall have the same meaning when used in these Rules. (4) In these Rules, unless the context otherwise requires "Authority" means the Cayman Monetary Regulatory Authority International established under section 5(1) of the Monetary Authority Act (as amended and revised) and includes a person acting under the Authority's authorisation; "court reporter" means any person who is professionally engaged in the business of transcribing and reporting court proceedings, whether or not such person is employed by the Court; Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 1 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 19 "dollars" or "\$" means United States dollars and any reference to a dollar or \$ amount in these Rules shall mean that amount in United States dollars or an equivalent amount in the currency of the liquidation; "Registrar" means the Registrar of the Financial Services Division of the Court; and "Registrar of Companies" means the registrar of companies appointed under section 3 of the Law and includes, where appropriate, the deputy registrar of companies. 6. Construction of references to the Law, Orders, Rules and Regulations (O.1, r.6) 6. (1) References to "the Law" means the Companies Act (as amended and revised). (2) Any reference in these Rules to a specified Order or Rule is a reference to that Order or Rule of these Rules. (3) Any reference to a "Regulation" is a reference to the Insolvency Practitioners' Regulations (as amended and revised). 7. Prescribed Forms (O.1, r.7) 7. (1) The forms contained in the Appendix to these Rules shall be used where applicable, with such variations as the circumstances of the particular case require. (2) The forms contained in the English Insolvency Rules 1986 (UKSI.1986/1925) shall cease to have any application with effect from 1 March 2009. ORDER 1A Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 20 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c ORDER 1A RESTRUCTURING MORATORIUM 1. Presentation, Filing and Advertisement of Petition (O.1A, r.1) 1. (1) A petition by the company for the appointment of a restructuring officer pursuant to section 91B of the Law shall be presented by filing it in Court in accordance with GCR Order 9. (2) The petitioner shall pay the filing fee prescribed in the First Schedule of the Court Fees Rules. (3) Unless the Court otherwise directs, every petition for the appointment of a restructuring officer shall be advertised once in a newspaper having a circulation in the Islands. An advertisement published in accordance with this Rule shall be in CWR Form No. 3A. (4) In addition, unless the Court otherwise directs, if the company is carrying on business outside the Islands, every petition for the appointment of a restructuring officer shall be advertised once in a newspaper having circulation in a country (or countries) in which it is most likely to come to the attention of the company's creditors (including any contingent or prospective creditors) and contributories (in which case the advertisement must be published in the official language of such country or countries). (5) The advertisements shall be made to appear not more than 7 business days after the petition for the appointment of a restructuring officer is filed in Court and not less than 7 business days before the hearing date. (6) Unless the Court otherwise directs, the petition for the appointment of a restructuring officer will be heard within 21 days of the petition being filed in Court. (7) An office copy of every petition presented under this Rule shall be placed on the Register of Writs and other Originating Process maintained by the Registrar pursuant to GCR Order 63, rule 8. (8) Every petition under this Rule shall be heard in open court unless the Court directs, for some special reason, that it should be heard in chambers. 2. Form and

Content of Company Petition (O.1A, r.2) 2. (1) Every petition for the appointment of a restructuring officer shall be in CWR Form No 2A and shall contain: (a) particulars of the company's incorporation; Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 1A c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 21 (b) a description of the company's business including a statement about the countries in which it carries on business; (c) if the company is a foreign company, particulars of the matters contained in section 91(d) of the Law; (d) a concise statement of the grounds upon which the appointment of the restructuring officer is sought; (e) the name and address of the person or persons whom the petitioner nominates for appointment as restructuring officer; and (f) a statement that the company acting either by the directors or the restructuring officer intends to present a compromise or arrangement to its creditors (or classes thereof) either pursuant to the Law, the law of a foreign country or by way of a consensual restructuring.

(2) The company's petition shall be supported by an affidavit sworn by or on the authority of the company's board of directors containing: (a) confirmation that the statements in the petition are true to the best of the deponent's knowledge, information and belief; (b) a statement that, having made due enquiry and taken appropriate advice, the company's board of directors believes that the company is or is likely to become unable to pay its debts within the meaning of section 93 of the Law and the reasons for their stated belief; (c) a statement of the company's financial position, specifying to the best of the directors' belief details of the company's assets and liabilities, including contingent and prospective liabilities and an explanation of how the company will be funded in the event and during the period of the restructuring officer's appointment; (d) details of the security, if any, held by the creditors of the company; and (e) a statement of the reasons why the company's directors believe that the appointment of a restructuring officer and the moratorium would be in the best interests of the company and, in appropriate circumstances, its creditors (or classes thereof).

(3) The company's petition shall also be supported by an affidavit sworn by the person or persons nominated for the appointment as restructuring officer and containing the matters specified in Order 3, rule 4 (save that "restructuring officer" shall be substituted for "official liquidator" and the reference to the independence requirements in Regulation 6 shall be read as a reference to the independence requirements as set out in Order 1A, rule 10). ORDER 1A Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 22 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c

3. Notice of Appearance (O.1A, r.3) 3. (1) Every person who intends to appear and be heard on the hearing of a petition for the appointment of a restructuring officer shall give 3 days' notice of that person's intention in accordance with the requirements of this Rule.

(2) The notice shall be in CWR Form No 4A and shall specify: (a) the name, address and other contact details of the person giving notice and that person's attorneys; (b) whether that person intends to support or oppose the appointment of a restructuring officer; (c) if the party is a creditor, the amount and nature of that person's debt; (d) if the party is a contributory, the amount of shares held in the company; and (e) in the event that a restructuring officer is to be appointed, whether that person intends to support or oppose the appointment as restructuring officer of the person(s) nominated by the petitioner.

(3) If a party intends to oppose the appointment of the petitioner's nominee, that party must: (a) nominate an alternative qualified insolvency practitioner who is willing to act as restructuring officer if so appointed by the Court; (b) file a supporting affidavit in accordance with Order 3, rule 4 (save that "restructuring officer" shall be substituted for "official liquidator" and the reference to the independence requirements in

Regulation 6 shall be read as a reference to the independence requirements as set out in Order 1A, rule 10); (c) serve that party's notice of appearance and supporting affidavit upon: (i) the company; (ii) the petitioner's attorneys; and (iii) in the event that the company is carrying on a regulated business, the Authority, not less than 3 days before the hearing date. (4) Where the Authority has given notice of appearance under this Rule, this notice shall specify: (a) what, if any, regulatory action has been taken by the Authority against the company; (b) whether it supports or opposes the petition; and (c) in the event that a restructuring officer is to be appointed, whether it intends to support or oppose the appointment as restructuring officer of the person(s) nominated by the petitioner.

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4. Application for the Appointment of an Interim Restructuring Officer by Summons (O.1A, r.4)

4. (1) An application by the company for the appointment of an interim restructuring officer pursuant to section 91C of the Law shall be made by summons. Every summons shall be in the form of CWR Form No 2B. (2) The summons shall be supported by an affidavit sworn by or on the authority of the company's board of directors containing a statement of the reasons why the board of directors believes that the appointment of an interim restructuring officer on an ex parte basis pending the hearing of the petition is in the best interests of the company and, in appropriate circumstances, its creditors (or classes thereof).

5. Concurrent Petitions (O.1A, r.5)

5. (1) An application for leave to present a winding up petition in respect of a company to which section 91G of the Law applies shall be made by summons and heard by the judge assigned to the proceedings commenced under section 91B of the Law. (2) If leave is granted to present a winding up petition pursuant to section 91G of the Law, the winding up petition will be assigned to the same judge assigned to the proceedings commenced under section 91B of the Law. (3) In circumstances where leave to present a winding up petition has been granted pursuant to section 91G of the Law and the petition for the appointment of a restructuring officer has not been heard, the Court may hear the winding up petition and the petition for the appointment of a restructuring officer at the same time. (4) In circumstances other than those specified in Order 1A, rule 5(3), the Registrar shall fix a date for the hearing of the winding up petition in consultation with the judge assigned to the proceedings commenced under section 91B of the Law. (5) Where a petition for the appointment of a restructuring officer has been presented and a restructuring officer (or an interim restructuring officer) has not been appointed under section 91B or 91C of the Law, the company shall give notice to the company's creditors (including any contingent or prospective creditors), contributories and, where the company is carrying on a regulated business, the Authority, that a winding up petition has been presented (subject to any directions made by the Court), in whatever manner appears to the directors to be most expedient for the purpose of bringing the petition to the notice of such parties. (6) In circumstances other than those specified in Order 1A, rule 5(5), the restructuring officer (or interim restructuring officer) as applicable, shall give notice to the company's creditors (including any contingent or prospective creditors), contributories and, where the company is carrying on a regulated business, the Authority, that a winding up petition has been presented (subject to any directions made by the Court), in whatever manner appears to the restructuring officer to be most expedient for the purpose of bringing the petition to the notice of such parties. (7) In circumstances where a petition for the appointment of a restructuring

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officer has been presented or a restructuring officer (or an interim restructuring officer) has been appointed pursuant to section 91B or 91C of the Law, the Court may give directions as to the manner in which the winding up petition is to be advertised or dispense with the requirement to advertise the winding up petition.

6. Order for the Appointment of a Restructuring Officer (O.1A, r.6)

6. (1) Every order for the appointment of a restructuring officer made on the application of the company pursuant to section 91B of the Law shall be in CWR Form No 8A. (2) The order shall state: (a) the full name, address and contact details of the restructuring officer; (b) the powers and functions of the restructuring officer; and (c) the manner and extent to which the powers and functions of the restructuring officer shall affect and modify the powers and functions of the board of directors in relation to the exercise of its powers. (3) The Court may also make orders and directions in respect of the following matters: (a) the preparation by the restructuring officer of reports about the financial condition of the company and such other subjects as the Court thinks fit and the service or publication of such reports; (b) the entry into an international protocol with any foreign officeholder; (c) the convening of meetings of the company's creditors and members; (d) the preparation of a compromise or arrangement in respect of the company's indebtedness in accordance with section 91I of the Law or any other proposal in respect of the company's indebtedness in accordance with section 91B(1)(b) of the Law; (e) the preparation of a compromise or arrangement in accordance with section 86 of the Law; (f) the validation of dispositions made by or to be made by the company; (g) setting a date for a further hearing at which the restructuring officer will update the Court and allow the Court to assess the progress made in formulating a compromise or arrangement; (h) that the remuneration and expenses of a restructuring officer be paid out of the assets of the company in any event; Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 1A c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 25 (i) provision for the payment of liabilities incurred and falling due during the period in which the restructuring officer is in office; and (j) such other matters as the Court thinks fit. (4) This Rule applies to the appointment of an interim restructuring officer pursuant to section 91C of the Law and every order for the appointment of an interim restructuring officer shall be in CWR Form No 8B.

7. Filing, Service and Registration of Order (O.1A, r.7)

7. (1) A restructuring officer (or interim restructuring officer) shall register the order with the Registrar of Companies within 7 business days after the order is made. (2) A restructuring officer shall send notice of the order to the Government Information Services for publication in the next edition of the Gazette within 7 business days after the order is made. (3) A restructuring officer shall give notice of that restructuring officer's appointment to the company's creditors, (including any contingent or prospective creditors), contributories and, where the company is carrying on a regulated business, the Authority, as directed by the Court. (4) A restructuring officer shall provide a copy of the order, upon request, to any person who is a creditor (including any contingent or prospective creditor or creditors) or contributory of the company or, in respect of a person claiming to be a creditor (whether contingent, prospective or otherwise), who provides reasonable evidence that that person is or may be a creditor of the company.

8. Obligation to Report to Creditors, Contributories and the Authority (O.1A, r.8)

8. (1) Unless the Court orders otherwise, the restructuring officer shall send a report to every creditor (including any contingent or prospective creditor) and contributory of the company of whose address the restructuring is aware and, in respect of a company carrying on a regulated business, the Authority, within 28 days of that restructuring officer's appointment. (2) The report must

(subject to any order of the Court to the contrary, including an order permitting the restructuring officer to refrain from disclosing confidential information on the basis that such disclosure could be damaging to the company or be in breach of confidentiality obligations binding on the company or the restructuring officer) include details of: (a) the steps taken in the restructuring and the further steps intended to be taken in the restructuring generally; (b) the financial position of the company at the latest practicable date; (c) the work done by or on behalf of the restructuring officer and the amount of remuneration claimed by that restructuring officer; ORDER 1A Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 26 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (d) such other information which is required in order to provide the contributories and creditors (and, where the company is carrying on a regulated business, the Authority) with a proper understanding of the company's affairs, financial position and proposed restructuring; and (e) such other matters as the Court may direct.

9. Variation or Discharge of Order (O.1A, r.9) 9. (1) An application for the variation or discharge of the order appointing a restructuring officer pursuant to section 91E of the Law shall be made by summons in CWR Form No 16B, supported by an affidavit setting out the grounds on which the application is made and the evidence in support, and shall be served on the company and the restructuring officer. (2) The restructuring officer shall give notice of an application under this Rule to the company's creditors (including any contingent or prospective creditors) and contributories (subject to any directions made by the Court), in whatever manner appears to the restructuring officer to be most expedient for the purpose of bringing the application to the notice of such creditors and contributories. (3) Where the company in respect of which the restructuring officer has been appointed is carrying on a regulated business, the restructuring officer shall give notice of an application under this Rule to the Authority by delivering it to the Authority immediately upon it coming to the restructuring officer's attention. (4) An order under this Rule may make provision for the costs, expenses and remuneration of the restructuring officer and the liabilities of the company incurred between the date of the appointment of the restructuring officer and discharge or variation of the order. (5) An order under this Rule shall be filed, served and registered in accordance with Rule 7 of this Order.

10. Application of the Insolvency Practitioners' Regulations (as amended and revised) and Independence (O.1A, r.10) 10. (1) Subject to section 91D of the Law and unless the context otherwise requires or the Court orders otherwise, the provisions of the Insolvency Practitioners' Regulations (as amended and revised) shall apply mutatis mutandis to restructuring officers (save that the Independence Requirement in Regulation 6 shall not apply, Regulations 12 and 13 shall not apply and "restructuring officer" shall be substituted for "official liquidator"). (2) The remuneration of a restructuring officer shall be approved on an application to the Court by the restructuring officer for approval of the restructuring officer's remuneration. (3) An application by a restructuring officer for approval of the restructuring officer's remuneration shall be made by summons in CWR Form No 16A and Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 1A c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 27 be supported by an affidavit setting out the grounds in support of the restructuring officer's remuneration. The application may be made ex parte and determined on paper but the Court may order that the application be served on creditors, including prospective and contingent creditors, and/or on members in such manner as the Court thinks fit. (4) Where the remuneration of a restructuring officer has been approved by creditors and/or members by approval of the compromise or arrangement,

there is a rebuttable presumption that the remuneration of the restructuring officer is fair and reasonable. (5) A qualified insolvency practitioner (as defined in the Insolvency Practitioners' Regulations (as amended and revised)) shall not be appointed by the Court as a restructuring officer unless that person can properly be regarded as independent as regards the company. (6) A qualified insolvency practitioner may be regarded as independent notwithstanding that that person (or the firm of which that person is a partner or employee, or the company of which that person is a director or employee) has previously provided advice to the company as financial advisor or otherwise. However, a qualified insolvency practitioner shall not be regarded as independent if, within a period of 3 years immediately preceding the petition to appoint a restructuring officer being filed with the Court, that person (or the firm of which that person is a partner or employee, or the company of which that person is a director or employee) has acted in relation to the company as its auditor. (7) Where the Court orders that a company be wound up at any time after a petition to appoint a restructuring officer has been presented, a qualified insolvency practitioner may be regarded as independent to act as liquidator notwithstanding that that person (or the firm of which that person is a partner or employee, or the company of which that person is a director or employee) has previously been nominated or appointed as a restructuring officer.

11. Resignation of Restructuring Officers (O.1A, r.11) 11. (1) A restructuring officer who wishes to resign shall: (a) prepare a report which contains the information set out in Order 1A, rule 8; (b) give notice of resignation to the company's creditors (including any contingent and prospective creditors), contributories and, if the company is carrying on a regulated business, the Authority; and (c) apply to the Court for an order that the restructuring officer be released from the performance of any further duties. (2) An application to the Court under this Rule shall be served on: ORDER 1A Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 28 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (a) such creditors (including contingent and prospective creditors) and contributories as the Court thinks fit; and (b) if the company is carrying out a regulated business, the Authority. (3) It shall be the responsibility of the company to nominate a qualified insolvency practitioner whom the Court can appoint in succession to the resigning restructuring officer and every person so nominated shall swear an affidavit which complies with the requirements of Order 3, rule 4 (save that "restructuring officer" shall be substituted for "official liquidator" and the reference to the independence requirements in Regulation 6 shall be read as a reference to the independence requirements as set out in Order 1A, rule 10). (4) If two or more qualified insolvency practitioners have been appointed as joint restructuring officers, provided that at least one qualified insolvency practitioner remains in office, one or more of them may resign by giving notice to the Court without the need to prepare any report (unless required to do so either by the Court or the continuing restructuring officer). The company may apply to the Court for the appointment of a successor. (5) If a qualified insolvency practitioner has been appointed jointly with a foreign practitioner, the foreign practitioner may resign by giving notice to the Court without the need to prepare any report (unless required to do so either by the Court or the continuing restructuring officer). The company may apply to the Court for the appointment of a successor. (6) If a restructuring officer, wishing to resign, is acting in the restructuring officer's capacity as a partner or employee of a firm, the Court may make an order that: (a) the restructuring officer be released from the performance of any further duties; and (b) another partner or employee of the same firm be appointed as successor restructuring officer, without the need for any

report to be prepared. 12. Death of Restructuring Officers (O.1A, r.12) 12. (1) Where a restructuring officer dies in office, it is the duty of that person's personal representative to give notice of the restructuring officer's death (including the date of death) to the company and the Court. (2) Alternatively, if a restructuring officer was a partner or employee of a firm, the restructuring officer's firm may give notice of the restructuring officer's death. (3) Following the death of a restructuring officer (where that person was acting as sole restructuring officer or jointly with a foreign practitioner), the company shall, within 7 days of the notification of the restructuring officer's death, apply to the Court for an order appointing a new restructuring officer, failing which Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 1A c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 29 the firm of which the deceased restructuring officer was a partner or employee may apply to the Court for an order appointing a new restructuring officer. (4) If the deceased restructuring officer was appointed jointly with a qualified insolvency practitioner, the survivor shall continue to act as sole restructuring officer unless and until the Court, on the company's application, appoints an additional restructuring officer. 13. Application for the Removal and Replacement of a Restructuring Officer (O.1A, r.13) 13. (1) An application for an order that a restructuring officer be removed and replaced pursuant to section 91F of the Law shall be made by summons in CWR Form No. 16C (referred to in this Rule as a "removal and replacement summons"). (2) A removal and replacement summons shall be served upon: (a) the restructuring officer that it relates to; (b) if it is not the applicant, the company; and (c) such other creditors and contributories as the Court may direct. (3) A removal and replacement summons shall be supported by an affidavit containing all the facts and matters relied upon. (4) A removal and replacement summons must also nominate a qualified insolvency practitioner whom the Court can appoint in succession to the removed restructuring officer and every person so nominated must swear an affidavit which complies with the requirements of Order 3, rule 4 (save that "restructuring officer" shall be substituted for "official liquidator" and the reference to the independence requirements in Regulation 6 shall be read as a reference to the independence requirements as set out in Order 1A, rule 10). (5) The restructuring officer and company shall be entitled to at least 14 days' notice of a removal and replacement summons. (6) A restructuring officer who is replaced by order of the Court shall: (a) forthwith deliver to the restructuring officer's successor a copy of the restructuring officer's files relating to the company's restructuring; and (b) within 21 days prepare a report for delivery to the restructuring officer's successor which contains the information set out in Order 1A, rule 8. (7) An order under this Rule may make provision for the costs, expenses and remuneration of the restructuring officer and the liabilities of the company incurred between the date of the appointment of the restructuring officer and the date that the restructuring officer is replaced. ORDER 1A Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 30 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c 14. Restructuring Officer's Legal Counsel (O.1A, r.14) 14. Unless the context otherwise requires or the Court orders otherwise, the principles set out in Order 25 shall apply in respect of the restructuring officer's legal counsel. 15. International Protocols (O.1A, r.15) 15. (1) Unless the context otherwise requires, Order 21 applies to this Rule (save that "restructuring officer" shall be substituted for "official liquidator", "a company in respect of which a restructuring officer has been appointed" shall be substituted for "a company in liquidation" and "a company in respect of which a restructuring officer has been appointed" means a company to which a restructuring officer has been appointed pursuant to section 91B or section 91C of the Law). (2) It shall be the duty of the

restructuring officer to consider whether or not it is appropriate to enter into an international protocol with any foreign officeholder. (3) The purpose of an international protocol is to promote an orderly restructuring of the company and to avoid duplication of work and conflict between the restructuring officer and the foreign officeholder. (4) An international protocol agreed between the restructuring officer and a foreign officeholder shall take effect and become binding upon them only if and when it is approved by both the Court and the foreign court or authority.

16. General Provisions (O.1A, r.16)

16. (1) Every petition shall be heard in open court unless the Court directs, for some special reason, that it should be heard in chambers. (2) Every summons shall be heard in chambers unless: (a) the Court directs that it should be advertised, in which case it must be heard in open court; or (b) the Court directs that it should be heard in open court. (3) A Court file shall be established in respect of each proceeding for the appointment of a restructuring officer in accordance with GCR Order 63, rule 2. (4) The Registrar shall not permit the creation of more than one Court file (or the allocation of more than one cause number) in respect of a company the subject of a proceeding under section 91B of the Law. (5) The Registrar shall not permit any Court file (and associated cause number) to relate to more than one company the subject of a proceeding under section 91B of the Law. (6) Every order made in proceedings commenced under section 91B or 91C of the Law, whether in open Court or in chambers, shall be placed on the Register of Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation)

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Judgments maintained by the Registrar under GCR Order 63, rule 7, and shall be open to public inspection upon payment of the prescribed fee. (7) The Court may direct that the whole or part of any report, order, affidavit or other document (except the petition or restructuring order) which has been filed or is required to be filed pursuant to these Rules, shall be sealed and kept confidential for a specific period or until the happening of a specified event, on the same grounds as set out in Order 24, rule 6 of these Rules. (8) The restructuring officer, any liquidator and any creditor or contributory may apply to the Court for a direction that a sealed document be unsealed on the same grounds as set out in Order 24, rule 6 of these Rules. (9) Unless the Court orders otherwise, the costs incurred by a party in relation to: (a) a petition to appoint restructuring officers pursuant to section 91B of the Law or an application to appoint an interim restructuring officer pursuant to section 91C of the Law; (b) an application to vary or discharge the order appointing a restructuring officer pursuant to section 91E of the Law; and/or (c) an application for the removal and replacement of a restructuring officer pursuant to section 91F of the Law, shall be paid out of the assets of the company to which the petition or application relates

17. Schemes of Arrangement under section 91I of the Law (O.1A, r.17)

17. (1) GCR O.102, r.20 and any practice directions issued in relation to GCR O.102, r.20 shall apply to a compromise or arrangement proposed pursuant to section 91I of the Law.

18. Definitions (O.1A, r.18)

18. (1) For the purpose of Order 1A "company" means any: (a) company liable to be wound up under section 91 of the Law; or (b) other entity or partnership to which the provisions of Part V of the Law apply in respect of the entity's or partnership's winding up.

10. ORDER 2 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 32 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c

ORDER 2 STATUTORY DEMAND

1. Introduction (O. 2, r. 1)

1. (1) A demand for payment of a debt made by a creditor in accordance with section 93(a) of the Law is referred to in these Rules as a "statutory demand".

2. Form and Content of Statutory Demand (O. 2, r. 2)

2. (1) A statutory demand shall be in CWR Form No1. (2) A statutory demand must be signed by (a) the creditor; or (b) if the creditor is a firm, any partner of the firm; or (c) if the

creditor is a body corporate, any director or officer who is duly authorised to make the demand. (3) A statutory demand must state the amount, the date on which the debt fell due, the currency of the debt and the consideration for it. (4) If the amount claimed includes (a) any charge by way of interest not previously notified to the company as included in its liability; or (b) any other charge accruing from time to time, the statutory demand must state the grounds upon which the company is liable to pay such interest or charges and contain particulars of the way in which such interest or charges are calculated. (5) A statutory demand must contain the creditor's address and, if it is signed by anyone other than the creditor themselves, the contact details of the partner, director or officer who signed it on behalf of the creditor. (6) A statutory demand must include a statement that if payment is not made within 21 days of the date upon which it was served on the company, the company will be deemed to be insolvent and a winding up petition may be presented against the company in accordance with section 92(d) of the Law. (7) A statutory demand must contain information about ways in which the company may make payment, including details of a bank account to which the amount owing may be wire transferred.

Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 2 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 33 3. Service of Statutory Demand (O. 2, r. 3) 3. (1) The original hard copy of a statutory demand must be delivered by hand to the company's registered office. (2) Transmission of a copy by facsimile or shall not, by itself, be sufficient to constitute good service for the purposes of the Law. (3) There is no requirement that a copy of a statutory demand must be drawn to the attention of the company's directors by the creditor. (4) A statutory demand shall not be invalidated by reason only of the fact that a company's professional service providers have failed to draw it to the attention of the directors or failed to take any other appropriate steps on behalf of the company in response to the receipt of the statutory demand.

ORDER 3 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 34 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c ORDER 3 WINDING-UP PETITIONS AND ORDERS PART I: GENERAL PROVISIONS 1.

Presentation and Filing of Petition (O. 3, r. 1) 1. (1) A winding up petition shall be presented by filing it in Court in accordance with GCR Order 9. (2) The petitioner shall pay the filing fee prescribed in the First Schedule of the Court Fees Rules. 2. Form and Content of Petition (O. 3, r. 2) 2. (1) Subject to any directions given under Rule 12(1)(a) and (b), every winding up petition shall be in CWR Form No 2. (2) Every winding up petition shall comply with the requirements of GCR Order 9 and shall contain (a) particulars of the company's incorporation; (b) a description of the company's business, including a statement about the countries in which it carries on its business; (c) if the company is a foreign company, particulars of the matters contained in section 91(d) of the Law; (d) a concise statement of the grounds upon which the winding up order is sought; and (e) the name and address of the qualified insolvency practitioner (and any foreign practitioner) whom the petitioner nominates for appointment as official liquidator. (3) A winding up petition that has been served may be amended only with the leave of the Court. (4) If the Court orders a contributory-petitioner to file and serve points of claim then the points of claim and every subsequent pleading shall comply with the requirements of GCR Order 18, rules 4 to 18. (5) GCR Order 18, rule 19(1) and (2) shall apply to any pleading and to any petition as though it were a pleading.

Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 3 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 35 3. Verification of Petition (O. 3, r. 3) 3. (1) The petition shall be verified by an affidavit that the statements in the petition are true, or are true to the best of the deponent's knowledge, information and belief. (2) A

creditors' petition in respect of debts due to two or more different creditors must be separately verified by or on behalf of each creditor. (3) The verifying affidavit shall be sworn by (a) the petitioner; or (b) a director, officer or agent of the petitioner who has been concerned in and has personal knowledge of the matters giving rise to the petition. 4. Nominated Official Liquidator's Consent to Act (O. 3, r. 4) 4. (1) Every petition shall be supported by an affidavit sworn by the person or persons nominated for appointment as official liquidator stating that (a) that person is a qualified insolvency practitioner and meets the residency requirement contained in Regulation 5; (b) having made due enquiry, that person believes that that person and that person's firm meet the independence requirement contained in Regulation 6; (c) that person and/or that person's firm are in compliance with the insurance requirement contained in Regulation 7; and (d) that person is willing to act as official liquidator if so appointed by the Court. (2) If the petition seeks an order for the appointment of a qualified insolvency practitioner jointly with a foreign practitioner, it shall be supported by an affidavit sworn by the foreign practitioner stating (a) that person's professional qualifications; (b) the country in which that person is qualified to perform functions equivalent to those performed by official liquidators under the Law or by trustees under the Bankruptcy Act (as amended and revised); (c) that person's professional experience; (d) that person will have the benefit of professional indemnity insurance in respect of that person's acts and omissions done in that person's capacity as an official liquidator of the company meeting the requirements of Regulation 7; (e) if that person has been appointed by a foreign court or authority as a liquidator, trustee, receiver or administrator of the company or a related party of the company, full particulars of such appointment; and ORDER 3 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 36 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (f) that, having made due enquiry, that person and that person's firm meet independence requirement contained in Regulation 6.

PART II: CREDITOR'S PETITION 5. Presentation and Service of Creditor's Petition (O. 3, r. 5) 5. (1) Prior to presenting a creditor's petition, the petitioner's attorney must apply in writing (by letter or) to the Registrar to have the proceeding assigned to a Judge and to fix a hearing date. (2) A creditor's petition shall not be filed unless and until the proceeding has been assigned to a Judge and a hearing date has been fixed and endorsed on the petition or stated in a notice of hearing filed simultaneously with the petition. (3) Every creditor's petition, together with the verifying and supporting affidavits and notice of hearing (if the hearing date is not endorsed upon the petition itself), shall be served upon the company by delivering them to the company's registered office immediately after the petition has been presented. (4) In the event that the company is carrying on a regulated business, copies of the petition and affidavits shall also be served upon the Authority immediately after the petition has been presented. (5) An affidavit of service shall be filed within 7 days of the presentation of every creditor's petition. 6. Advertisement of Creditor's Petition (O. 3, r. 6) 6. (1) Unless the Court otherwise directs, every creditor's petition shall be advertised once in a newspaper having a circulation in the Islands. (2) In addition, unless the Court otherwise directs, if the company is carrying on business outside the Islands, every creditor's petition shall be advertised once in a newspaper having a circulation in the country or countries in which it is most likely to come to the attention of the company's creditors, in which case the advertisement must be published in the official language of such country. (3) The advertisements shall be made to appear not less than 7 business days after service of the petition upon the company and not less than 7 business days before the hearing date. (4) An advertisement published in accordance with this Rule shall be in CWR

Form No 3 and shall contain (a) the title of the petition, including the name of the company; (b) the registered office of the company; (c) the name, address and other contact details of the petitioner and the petitioner's attorneys; Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 3 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 37 (d) the name and address of the qualified insolvency practitioner(s) and any foreign practitioner nominated for appointment as official liquidators; (e) the hearing date; (f) a statement that copies of the petition and affidavits may be obtained, free of charge, from the petitioner's attorneys; and (g) a statement that any creditor intending to appear and be heard on the petition shall give at least 3 days' notice to the petitioner's attorneys.

7. Leave for Petition to be Withdrawn (O. 3, r. 7) 7. (1) An application for leave to withdraw a creditor's petition may be made by ex parte summons. (2) The Court shall grant leave for a creditor's petition to be withdrawn on such terms as have been agreed between the petitioner and the company if it is satisfied that (a) the petition has not been advertised; (b) no notice of intention to appear and be heard on the petition (whether in support or opposition) has been received from any creditor or, where the company is licensed to carry on a regulated business, the Authority; and (c) the company consents to an order being made under this Rule. (3) If a creditor's petition has been advertised, any application for leave to withdraw the petition must be made at the advertised hearing and in any such case the Court will consider making an order for substitution in accordance with Rule 10.

8. Notice of Appearance (O. 3, r. 8) 8. (1) Every person who intends to appear and be heard on the hearing of a petition shall give at least 3 days' notice of that person's intention to the petitioner's attorneys. (2) The notice shall be in CWR Form No 4 and shall specify (a) the name, address and other contact details of the person giving notice and that person's attorneys; (b) whether that person intends to support or oppose the petition; (c) the amount and nature of that person's debt; and (d) in the event that a winding up order is made, whether that person intends to support or oppose the appointment as official liquidator of the person(s) nominated by the petitioner. (3) If a creditor intends to oppose the appointment of the petitioner's nominee, that creditor must ORDER 3 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 38 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (a) nominate an alternative qualified insolvency practitioner who is willing to act as official liquidator if so appointed by the Court; (b) file a supporting affidavit in accordance with Rule 4; and (c) serve that creditor's notice of appearance and supporting affidavit upon (i) the company; (ii) the petitioner's attorneys; and (iii) in the event that the company is carrying on a regulated business, the Authority, not less than 3 days before the hearing date. (4) If a creditor's petition is presented against a company which is licensed to carry on a regulated business, the Authority may appear and be heard provided that it has given at least 3 days' notice of its intention to appear to the company and to the petitioner's attorneys. (5) The Authority's notice of appearance under this Rule shall specify (a) what, if any, regulatory action has been taken by the Authority against the company; (b) whether it supports or opposes the petition; (c) in the event that a winding up order is made, whether it intends to support or oppose the appointment as official liquidator of the person(s) nominated by the petitioner.

9. Evidence in Opposition to Petition (O. 3, r. 9) 9. (1) If the company intends to oppose the petition, its affidavit in opposition must be filed and served upon the petitioner within 14 days from the date upon which the petition was served upon the company. (2) The petitioner may serve a notice, at least 3 days prior to the hearing date, requiring that any deponent attend the hearing for cross-examination.

10. Substitution of Petitioner (O. 3, r. 10) 10. (1) This Rule applies where a creditor petitions and is subsequently found

not to have been entitled to do so or where the petitioner (a) fails to advertise that person's petition; (b) consents to that person's petition being withdrawn; (c) fails to appear on the hearing of that person's petition; (d) allows that person's petition to be adjourned or dismissed; or (e) appears, but does not apply for an order in terms of the prayer of that person's petition. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 3 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 39 (2) The Court may, on such terms as it thinks just, substitute as petitioner any creditor who in its opinion would have a right to present a petition and who is desirous of doing so. (3) Where the Court exercises its discretion to substitute a creditor as petitioner, the petition of the substituted petitioner will be deemed to have been filed on the date of the original petition. PART III:

CONTRIBUTORY'S PETITION 11. Presentation and Service of a Contributory's Petition (O. 3, r. 11)

11. (1) Upon the presentation of a contributory's petition, the petitioner must at the same time issue a summons for directions in respect of the matters contained in Rule 12. (2) Prior to presenting a contributory's petition and issuing the summons for directions in respect of it, the petitioner's attorney must apply in writing (by letter or) to the Registrar to have the proceeding assigned to a Judge and to fix a date for hearing the summons for directions. (3) Every contributory's petition and the summons for directions relating to it shall be served immediately after having been presented/issued upon (a) the company, by delivering it to the company's registered office; and (b) every member of the company whom the petitioner has named or intends to name as a respondent to the petition, who may be served out of the jurisdiction without the leave of the Court. 12. Summons for Directions (O. 3, r. 12) 12. (1) Upon hearing the summons for directions, the Court shall give such directions as it thinks appropriate in respect of the followings matters (a) whether or not the company is properly able to participate in the proceeding or should be treated merely as the subject-matter of the proceeding; (b) whether the proceeding should be treated as a proceeding against the company or as an inter partes proceeding between one or more members of the company as petitioners and the other member or members of the company as respondents; (c) service of the petition upon persons other than the company (as may be appropriate having regard to the directions give under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this Rule); (d) whether, and if so by what means, the petition is to be advertised;

ORDER 3 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 40 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (e) whether the petitioner should serve any further particulars of that person's claim; (f) service of a defence by the company or the respondents (as may be appropriate in the light of the directions given under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this Rule); (g) the manner in which evidence is to be given; (h) if evidence is directed to be given by affidavit, directions relating to cross-examination of the deponents; (i) discovery and inspection of documents; (j) oral discovery; and (k) such other procedural matters as the Court thinks fit. (2) A summons for directions under this Rule shall be in CWR Form No. 5. 13. Hearing of Contributory's Petition (O. 3, r. 13) 13. (1) An order fixing a date for the trial of a contributory's petition may be made upon the hearing of the summons for directions. (2) If it is not appropriate for the Court to fix a trial date upon hearing the summons for directions, the petitioner shall apply subsequently to the Registrar. PART IV:

AUTHORITY'S PETITION 14. Service of Authority's Petition (O. 3, r. 14)

14. (1) Prior to presenting a petition, the Authority's attorney must apply in writing (by letter or) to the Registrar to have the proceeding assigned to a Judge and to fix a date for hearing the summons for directions. (2) Every petition presented by the Authority, together with the verifying and supporting affidavits and summons for directions, shall be served upon

the company by delivering them to its registered office immediately after the petition has been presented. (3) An affidavit of service shall be filed within 7 days of the presentation of every Authority's petition.

15. Summons for Directions (O. 3, r. 15) 15. (1) Upon the presentation of a petition by the Authority, the Authority must at the same time issue a summons for directions in respect of the matters contained in this Rule. (2) Upon hearing the summons for directions, the Court shall either Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 3 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 41 (a) make a winding up order, if the Court is satisfied that the company consents or does not object to an order being made; or (b) fix a hearing date and make such directions as the Court thinks appropriate in respect of the following matters (i) whether the petition should be served upon the company's members, directors or professional service providers; (ii) the manner in which evidence is to be given; (iii) if evidence is to be given by affidavit, directions relating to cross-examination of the deponents; (iv) if the Authority has appointed a controller, whether such controller should produce any documents belonging to the company or attend for cross-examination on that controller's report or prepare any further report; and (v) such other procedural matters as the Court thinks fit. (3) A petition presented by the Authority shall not be advertised unless the Court otherwise directs.

16. Hearing of Authority's Petition (O. 3, r. 16) 16. (1) Unless a winding up order is made pursuant to Rule 15(2)(a), the hearing of every petition presented by the Authority shall take place in open court. (2) Any member, director or professional service provider of the company may appear and be heard on the petition, whether or not the Court has directed that such person be served. (3) Every member, director or professional service provider of the company who intends to appear and be heard on the hearing of the petition shall give 3 days' notice of that person's intention to the Authority's attorneys. (4) No other person may appear and be heard without the leave of the Court.

PART V: COMPANY'S PETITION

17. Presentation and Service of Company's Petition (O. 3, r. 17) 17. (1) Prior to presenting a company's petition, the company's attorney must apply in writing (by letter or) to the Registrar to have the proceeding assigned to a Judge and to fix a hearing date. (2) In the event that the company is carrying on a regulated business, copies of the petition and affidavits shall be served upon the Authority immediately after the petition has been presented. ORDER 3 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 42 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (3) Where the company is carrying on regulated business, an affidavit of service shall be filed within 7 days of the presentation of the company's petition.

18. Advertisement of Company's Petition (O. 3, r. 18) 18. (1) Unless the Court otherwise directs, every company's petition shall be advertised once in a newspaper having a circulation in the Islands. (2) In addition, unless the Court otherwise directs, if the company is carrying on business outside the Islands, every company's petition shall be advertised once in a newspaper having a circulation in the country or countries in which it is most likely to come to the attention of the company's creditors, in which case the advertisement must be published in the official language of such country. (3) The advertisements shall be made to appear not less than 7 business days before the hearing date. (4) An advertisement published in accordance with this Rule shall be in CWR Form No 3A and shall contain (a) the title of the petition, including the name of the company; (b) the registered office and other contact details of the company; (c) the name, address and other contact details of the company's attorneys; (d) the name and address of the qualified insolvency practitioner(s) and any foreign practitioner nominated for appointment as official liquidators; (e) the hearing date; (f) a statement that copies of the

petition and affidavits may be obtained, free of charge, from the company's attorneys; and (g) a statement that any creditor or shareholder intending to appear and be heard on the petition shall give at least 3 days' notice to the company's attorneys.

19. Leave for Petition to be Withdrawn (O. 3, r. 19)

19. (1) An application for leave to withdraw a company's petition may be made by ex parte summons. (2) The Court shall grant leave for a company's petition to be withdrawn if it is satisfied that (a) the petition has not been advertised; and (b) no notice of intention to appear and be heard on the petition (whether in support or opposition) has been received from any creditor or, where the company is licensed to carry on a regulated business, the Authority. (3) If a company's petition has been advertised, any application for leave to withdraw the petition must be made at the advertised hearing and in any such Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 3 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 43 case the Court will consider making an order for substitution in accordance with Rule 21.

20. Notice of Appearance (O. 3, r. 20)

20. (1) Every person who intends to appear and be heard on the hearing of a petition shall give at least 3 days' notice of that person's intention to the company's attorneys. (2) The notice shall be in CWR Form No 4 and shall specify (a) the name, address and other contact details of the person giving notice and that person's attorneys; (b) whether that person intends to support or oppose the petition; (c) the amount and nature of that person's debt; and (d) in the event that a winding up order is made, whether that person intends to support or oppose the appointment as official liquidator of the person(s) nominated by the petitioner. (3) If a creditor intends to oppose the appointment of the company's nominee, that person must (a) nominate an alternative qualified insolvency practitioner who is willing to act as official liquidator if so appointed by the Court; (b) file a supporting affidavit in accordance with Rule 4; and (c) serve that person's notice of appearance and supporting affidavit upon (i) the company; (ii) the company's attorneys; and (iii) in the event that the company is carrying on a regulated business, the Authority, not less than 3 days before the hearing date. (4) If the company in respect of which the petition is presented is licensed to carry on a regulated business, the Authority may appear and be heard provided that it has given at least 3 days' notice of its intention to appear to the company and to the company's attorneys. (5) The Authority's notice of appearance under this Rule shall specify (a) what, if any, regulatory action has been taken by the Authority against the company; (b) whether it supports or opposes the petition; (c) in the event that a winding up order is made, whether it intends to support or oppose the appointment as official liquidator of the person(s) nominated by the petitioner. ORDER 3 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 44 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (6) If the Authority intends to oppose the appointment of the company's nominee, it must (a) nominate an alternative qualified insolvency practitioner who is willing to act as official liquidator if so appointed by the Court; (b) file a supporting affidavit in accordance with Rule 4; and (c) serve its notice of appearance and supporting affidavit upon (i) the company; and (ii) the company's attorneys, not less than 3 days before the hearing date.

21. Substitution of Petitioner (O. 3, r. 21)

21. (1) This Rule applies where a company petitions and is subsequently found not to have been entitled to do so or where the company (a) fails to advertise its petition; (b) withdraws its petition; (c) fails to appear on the hearing of its petition; (d) seeks to adjourn its petition or seeks that it be dismissed; or (e) appears, but does not apply for an order in terms of the prayer of its petition. (2) The Court may, on such terms as it thinks just, substitute as petitioner any creditor, contributory or the Authority who in its opinion would have a right to present a petition and who is desirous of

doing so. (3) Where the Court exercises its discretion to substitute the company as petitioner, the petition of the substituted petitioner will be deemed to have been filed on the date of the original petition. 22. Form, Content and Effect of Winding Up Orders (O. 3, r. 22) 22. (1) Every winding up order shall be in CWR Form No 6. (2) Every winding up order shall state the full name, address and contact details of the official liquidator. (3) Every winding up order shall state which of the powers contained in Part I of Schedule 3 of the Law (if any) are given to the official liquidator. (4) On the appointment of an official liquidator all the powers of the directors cease, save that directors retain residual powers to allow them to initiate an appeal against the winding-up order. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 3 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 45 23.

Filing, Service and Registration of Winding Up Orders (O. 3, r. 23) 23. (1) Every winding up order shall be drawn up and filed in accordance with GCR Order 42, rule 5. (2) The petitioner shall be responsible for ensuring that the winding up order is drawn up and filed immediately after the hearing. (3) The petitioner shall serve copies of the winding up order upon (a) the company at its registered office; (b) every person who appeared and was heard at the hearing; (c) the official liquidator; and (d) the Authority, if the company is or was licensed to carry on a regulated business, within 2 business days after the order is made. (4) The official liquidator shall within 7 business days after the order is made (a) file the order with the Registrar of Companies; (b) send notice of the order to the Government Information Service for publication in the next edition of the Gazette; and (c) send copies of the order to every person who appears to that official liquidator to have been a director or professional service provider of the company at the time the winding up petition was presented. (5) When a winding up order is made in respect of a foreign company, the official liquidator shall also send copies of the order to (a) the foreign authority responsible for its incorporation; (b) any foreign court or authority which has made an order that the company or any branch thereof be reorganised or liquidated or wound up; and (c) any person or authority who is performing functions in respect of the company in any foreign country equivalent to those performed by an official liquidator.

ORDER 4 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 46 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c ORDER 4 APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF

PROVISIONAL LIQUIDATOR PART I: APPLICATION BY CREDITOR OR CONTRIBUTORY

1. Application by Summons (O.4, r.1) 1. (1) An application by a creditor or contributory for the appointment of a provisional liquidator on one or more of the grounds contained in section 104(2) of the Act shall be made by summons on notice to the company. (2) The company shall be entitled to at least 4 clear days' notice of the application unless the Court is satisfied that there is some exceptional circumstance which justifies the application being made ex parte. (3) An application under this Rule may be heard in chambers. 2. Supporting Affidavits (O.4, r.2)

2. (1) The application shall be supported by an affidavit or affidavits containing all the evidence upon which the applicant relies, to which all the documents intended to be relied upon must be exhibited. (2) If the applicant seeks an order that someone other than the person nominated in the petition as official liquidator be appointed as provisional liquidator, the applicant must file an affidavit complying with the requirements of Order 3, rule 4. 3. Security (O.4, r.3)

3. (1) The applicant shall give an undertaking to the Court to pay (a) any damage suffered by the company by reason of the appointment of the provisional liquidator; and (b) the remuneration and expenses of the provisional liquidator, in the event that the winding up petition is ultimately withdrawn or dismissed. (2) The Court may require the applicant to give security for the applicant's undertaking in such manner as the Court

thinks fit. 4. Order for the Appointment of Provisional Liquidator (O.4, r.4) 4. (1) Every order for the appointment of a provisional liquidator made on the application of a creditor or contributory pursuant to section 104(2) of the Act shall be in CWR Form No 7. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 4 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 47 (2) The order shall state the full name, address and contact details of the provisional liquidator. (3) The order shall specify the powers conferred upon the provisional liquidator, any limitations upon the specified powers and the powers, if any, remaining with the company's directors. (4) Every order for the appointment of a provisional liquidator shall be filed, served and registered in accordance with the requirements of Order 3, rule 23 (and references therein to "the petitioner" and "the official liquidator" shall be read as references to the applicant and the provisional liquidator respectively). 5. Variation or Discharge of Order (O.4, r.5) 5. (1) An order for the appointment of a provisional liquidator may be varied or discharged upon the application of (a) the person on whose application the order was made; (b) the petitioner, if the petitioner was not the person on whose application the order was made; (c) in the case of a creditor's petition, any other creditor; (d) in the case of a contributory's petition, any other contributory; or (e) the company, acting by its directors. (2) A provisional liquidator shall be entitled to apply to the Court for directions, including a direction which constitutes a variation of the order by which the provisional liquidator was appointed. (3) An application under this Rule shall be made by summons, supported by an affidavit, and shall be served upon the provisional liquidator and every person who was entitled to be served with the original order in accordance with Rule 4(4). (4) An order under this Rule shall be filed, served and registered in accordance with Rule 4(4). PART II: APPLICATION BY THE COMPANY 6. Application by Summons (O.4, r.6) 6. (1) Whenever a winding up petition is presented, the company may apply by summons for an order for the appointment of a provisional liquidator pursuant to section 104(3) of the Act. (2) An application under this Rule may be made ex parte. (3) The company's summons shall be supported by an affidavit sworn by or on the authority of the company's board of directors containing a statement of the reasons why the company's board of directors believes that the appointment of a provisional liquidator would be in the best interests of the company. (4) If the company seeks an order that someone other than the person nominated in the petition as official liquidator be appointed as provisional liquidator, the company must file an affidavit complying with the requirements of Order 3, rule 4. 7. Order for the Appointment of Provisional Liquidator (O.4, r.7) 7. (1) Every order for the appointment of a provisional liquidator made on the application of the company pursuant to section 104(3) of the Act shall be in CWR Form No 7A. (2) The order shall state the full name, address and contact details of the provisional liquidator. (3) The order shall specify the powers conferred upon the provisional liquidator, any limitations upon the specified powers and the powers, if any, remaining with the company's directors 8. Filing, Service and Registration of Order (O. 4, r. 8) 8. (1) The provisional liquidator shall register the order with the Registrar of Companies within 7 business days after the order is made. (2) The provisional liquidator shall send notice of the order to the Government Information Services for publication in the next edition of the Gazette within 7 business days after the order is made. (3) The provisional liquidator shall give notice of that provisional liquidator's appointment to the company's creditors (including any contingent or prospective creditors) and contributories as directed by the Court or in whatever manner appears to that

provisional liquidator to be the most expedient. (4) The provisional liquidator shall provide a copy of the order, upon request, to any person who is a creditor (including any contingent or prospective creditor or creditors) or contributory of the company or, in respect of a person claiming to be a creditor (whether contingent, prospective or otherwise), who provides reasonable evidence that that person is or may be a creditor or contributory of the company. (5) Where the company to which a provisional liquidator has been appointed is carrying out a regulated business, the provisional liquidator shall give notice of the provisional liquidator's appointment to the Authority as directed by the Court. 9.

Variation or Discharge of Order (O.4, r.9) 9. (1) An order for the appointment of a provisional liquidator may be varied or discharged upon the application of: Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 4 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 49 (a) the company acting by its directors; (b) in the case of a creditor's petition, any other creditor; (c) in the case of a contributory's petition, any other contributory; or (d) where the company is carrying out regulated business, the Authority. (2) A provisional liquidator shall be entitled to apply to the Court for directions, including a direction which constitutes a variation of the order by which the provisional liquidator was appointed. (3) An application under this Rule shall be made by summons in CWR Form No. 16D, supported by an affidavit, and shall be served upon the provisional liquidator and every person who was entitled to be served with the original order in accordance with Order 4, rule 8. (4) An order under this Rule shall be filed, served and registered in accordance with Order 4, rule 8. . ORDER 5 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 50 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c ORDER 5

APPOINTMENT, RESIGNATION, DEATH AND REMOVAL OF OFFICIAL LIQUIDATORS 1. Introduction (O.5, r.1) 1. (1) A liquidator of a company appointed by the Court is referred to as an "official liquidator" and is treated as an officer of the court. (2) The Court will not make a winding up order or a supervision order without at the same time making an order for the appointment of one or more qualified insolvency practitioners as official liquidator of the company. (3) The Court may appoint a foreign practitioner and a qualified insolvency practitioner to act as joint official liquidators of a company, but a foreign practitioner cannot be appointed as sole official liquidator of a company. (4) In this Order, references to "official liquidator" includes a foreign practitioner unless the context otherwise requires. 2. Order for Appointment of Official Liquidator (O.5, r.2) 2. (1) The Court will not appoint any person as official liquidator unless and until that person has sworn an affidavit which complies with the requirements Order 3, rule 4. (2) An order for the appointment of an official liquidator shall not take effect unless and until the order has been drawn up and filed in accordance with GCR Order 42. (3) An order for the appointment of an official liquidator must state (a) the full name of each liquidator; (b) the full postal address and physical address of each liquidator; and (c) all relevant contact details including telephone numbers and addresses. 3. Notice of Appointment to be Advertised (O.5, r.3) 3. (1) The official liquidator shall, within 28 days of the official liquidator's appointment, give notice of it to all the creditors and contributories of the company of whom the official liquidator is aware. (2) Notice under this Rule shall be given (a) to creditors in whatever manner is considered by the official liquidator to be most effective and economic; and Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 5 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 51 (b) to contributories in whatever manner is authorised by the company's articles of association or considered by the official liquidator to be more effective and economic. (3) Unless the Court otherwise directs, the official liquidator shall within 28

1. (1) A liquidator of a company appointed by the Court is referred to as an "official liquidator" and is treated as an officer of the court. (2) The Court will not make a winding up order or a supervision order without at the same time making an order for the appointment of one or more qualified insolvency practitioners as official liquidator of the company. (3) The Court may appoint a foreign practitioner and a qualified insolvency practitioner to act as joint official liquidators of a company, but a foreign practitioner cannot be appointed as sole official liquidator of a company. (4) In this Order, references to "official liquidator" includes a foreign practitioner unless the context otherwise requires. 2. Order for Appointment of Official Liquidator (O.5, r.2) 2. (1) The Court will not appoint any person as official liquidator unless and until that person has sworn an affidavit which complies with the requirements Order 3, rule 4. (2) An order for the appointment of an official liquidator shall not take effect unless and until the order has been drawn up and filed in accordance with GCR Order 42. (3) An order for the appointment of an official liquidator must state (a) the full name of each liquidator; (b) the full postal address and physical address of each liquidator; and (c) all relevant contact details including telephone numbers and addresses. 3. Notice of Appointment to be Advertised (O.5, r.3) 3. (1) The official liquidator shall, within 28 days of the official liquidator's appointment, give notice of it to all the creditors and contributories of the company of whom the official liquidator is aware. (2) Notice under this Rule shall be given (a) to creditors in whatever manner is considered by the official liquidator to be most effective and economic; and Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 5 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 51 (b) to contributories in whatever manner is authorised by the company's articles of association or considered by the official liquidator to be more effective and economic. (3) Unless the Court otherwise directs, the official liquidator shall within 28

days of the official liquidator's appointment, publish notice of the official liquidator's appointment (a) in the Gazette; and (b) in whatever newspaper(s) the winding up petition or supervision petition was advertised. (4) The notice of appointment shall be in CWR Form No. 9.

4. Resignation of Official Liquidator (O.5, r.4)

4. (1) An official liquidator who wishes to resign shall (a) prepare a report and accounts in accordance with Order 10, rule 2; (b) give notice of resignation to the company's liquidation committee; and (c) apply to the Court for an order that the official liquidator be released from the performance of any further duties. (2) An application to the Court under this Rule shall be served on (a) each member of the liquidation committee; or (b) counsel to the liquidation committee, if an attorney has been appointed by the liquidation committee with authority to act generally; and (c) such other creditors or contributories as the Court may direct. (3) It shall be the responsibility of the liquidation committee to nominate a qualified insolvency practitioner whom the Court can appoint in succession to the resigning liquidator and every person so nominated shall swear an affidavit which complies with the requirements of Order 3, rule 4. (4) If two or more qualified insolvency practitioners have been appointed as joint official liquidators, one or more of them may resign by giving notice to each member of the liquidation committee without the need to prepare any report and accounts (unless required to do so either by the liquidation committee or the continuing liquidator) or apply to the Court for the appointment of a successor, provided that at least one qualified insolvency practitioner remains in office. (5) If a qualified insolvency practitioner has been appointed jointly with a foreign practitioner, the foreign practitioner may resign by giving notice to each member of the liquidation committee without the need to prepare any report and accounts (unless required to do so either by the liquidation committee or by the continuing liquidator) or apply to the Court for the appointment of a successor.

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(6) If an official liquidator wishing to resign is acting in the official liquidator's capacity as a partner or employee of a firm, the Court may make an order that (a) the official liquidator be released from the performance of any further duties; and (b) another partner or employee of the same firm be appointed as successor liquidator, without the need for any report and accounts to be prepared.

5. Death of Official Liquidator (O.5, r.5)

5. (1) Where the official liquidator dies in office, it is the duty of the official liquidator's personal representative to give notice of the official liquidator's death (including the date of death) to each member of the liquidation committee and to the Registrar of Companies. (2) Alternatively, if the official liquidator was a partner or employee of a firm, the official liquidator's firm may give notice of the official liquidator's death. (3) Following the death of the official liquidator (where the official liquidator was acting as sole liquidator or jointly with a foreign practitioner), the liquidation committee shall, within 28 days of the notification of the official liquidator's death, apply to the Court for an order appointing a new liquidator, failing which any creditor or contributory of the company or the firm of which the deceased liquidator was a partner or employee may apply to the Court for an order appointing a new liquidator. (4) If the deceased liquidator was appointed jointly with a qualified insolvency practitioner, the survivor shall continue to act as sole liquidator unless and until the Court appoints an additional liquidator.

6. Application for Removal and Appointment of New Official Liquidator (O.5, r.6)

6. (1) An application by a creditor or contributory for an order that the official liquidator be removed shall be made by summons (referred to in this Rule as a "removal summons"). (2) A removal summons shall be served upon (a) the official liquidator; and (b) each member of the

liquidation committee; or (c) counsel for the liquidation committee, if an attorney has been appointed by the liquidation committee with authority to act generally; and (d) such other creditors or contributories as a Court may direct. (3) A removal summons shall be supported by an affidavit containing all the facts and matters relied upon. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 5 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 53 (4) A removal summons must also nominate a qualified insolvency practitioner whom the Court can appoint in succession to the removed liquidator and every person so nominated must swear an affidavit which complies with the requirements of Order 3, rule 4. (5) The official liquidator shall be entitled to at least 14 days' notice of a removal summons. (6) An official liquidator who is removed by order of the Court shall (a) forthwith deliver to the official liquidator's successor the company's books and records and a copy of the official liquidator's liquidation files (maintained in accordance with Order 26, rule 2); and (b) within 28 days prepare a report and accounts for which purpose the official liquidator shall be allowed unrestricted access to the company's books and records. ORDER 6 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 54 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c ORDER 6 COMPANY'S STATEMENT OF AFFAIRS 1. Notice Requiring Submission of Statement of Affairs (O.6, r.1) 1. (1) A notice under section 101 shall be in CWR Form No 10 (requiring a relevant person to make a statement of affairs) or CWR Form No 11 (requiring a relevant person to state whether or not that person concurs with a statement of affairs prepared by someone else). (2) A person to whom a notice under this Rule is addressed is referred to in this Order as "a deponent". (3) A notice under this Rule must inform the deponent of (a) the name and address of every other deponent upon whom the official liquidator has served or intends to serve a notice under this Rule; (b) the time within which the statement of affairs must be delivered; (c) the manner in which the deponent will be provided with access to the company's books and records; (d) the fact the deponent may apply to the official liquidator for reimbursement of expenses reasonably and properly incurred in complying with the notice; and (e) the effect of section 101(7). (4) The notice must be served upon the deponent personally, together with the documents referred to in Rule 2. 2. Form and content of Statement of Affairs (O.6, r.2) 2. (1) The statement of affairs shall be prepared in the form prescribed by the official liquidator having regard to the nature of the company's business. (2) The official liquidator shall provide the deponent with (a) a draft or template which clearly identifies the information to be included in the statement of affairs and explains the form in which it is to be prepared; and (b) guidance notes for the assistance of the deponent. (3) Every statement of affairs must be exhibited to an affidavit by which the deponent swears that (a) the deponent made all such enquiries and reviewed all such documents which the deponent considered reasonably necessary to enable the deponent to make a complete and accurate statement of affairs; and Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 6 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 55 (b) the content of the deponent's statement of affairs is complete and accurate to the best of the deponent's knowledge and belief. (4) The official liquidator may at any time require a deponent to submit in writing further information for the purpose of amplifying, modifying or explaining any matter contained in or omitted from the deponent's statement of affairs. 3. Time for Delivering Statement of Affairs (O.6, r.3) 3. (1) A statement of affairs shall be delivered to the official liquidator within 21 days after receipt of the notice or such longer period as may be stated in the notice. (2) The official liquidator may extend the deponent's time for complying with the notice. (3) The official liquidator may release a deponent from

the deponent's obligation to prepare a statement of affairs, either unconditionally or on terms that the deponent swears an affidavit stating that the deponent concurs with the statement of affairs prepared by someone else.

4. Expenses of Preparing a Statement of Affairs (O.6, r.4)

4. (1) The official liquidator may pay the expenses reasonably and properly incurred by a deponent in connection with the preparation of a statement of affairs out of the assets of the company as an expense of the liquidation. (2) Any deponent who is dissatisfied with the official liquidator's refusal to reimburse all or part of the expenses claimed by the deponent shall be entitled to apply to the Court for a direction that such expenses be paid.

5. Disclosure of Statement of Affairs (O.6, r.5)

5. (1) Every statement of affairs shall be filed with the Court. (2) The official liquidator shall provide a copy of every statement of affairs and any concurring affidavits to the liquidation committee and, upon request, to any creditor or contributory of the company.

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ORDER 7 ORDER FOR EXAMINATION 1. Application for Order for Examination (O.7, r.1)

1. (1) An application under section 103(3)(a) and/or (b) of the Law shall be made by an ex parte summons supported by an affidavit sworn by the official liquidator stating (a) the official liquidator's grounds for believing that the person(s) against whom an order is sought (referred to in this Order as "the examinee") are relevant persons within the meaning of section 103(1) of the Law; (b) if the application seeks an order for the delivery up of documents or other property belonging to the company, the official liquidator's grounds for believing that the examinee has such documents or property in the official liquidator's possession, custody or control; (c) if the application seeks an order that an examinee answer interrogatories and/or attend for an oral examination, the nature and scope of the intended examination and the official liquidator's grounds for believing that the examinee is or ought to be in possession of relevant information. (2) In the case of an application against a professional service provider which is a firm or corporation, the summons may be issued (a) against such firm or corporation itself; and/or (b) against any individual partners, directors or employees of such firm or corporation and it shall be the duty of the professional service provider to identify to the official liquidator those of its partners, directors or employees who have or ought to have knowledge of the company's affairs acquired in the course of performing work on behalf the professional service provider. (3) In the case of an application made upon the requisition of creditors or contributories of the company, the official liquidator's supporting affidavit shall (a) identify the requisitionists and state the total amount of their debts or the total number of their shares, as the case may be; (b) state whether or not their debts have been admitted to proof; (c) exhibit a copy of the requisition (which should contain a statement of the requisitionists' grounds for the application); and Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 7 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 57 (d) express the official liquidator's opinion about the reasonableness and usefulness of the proposed order.

2. Order for Examination (O.7, r.2)

2. (1) An order under this Rule shall be in CWR Form No 12. (2) An order for the delivery up of documents may be made in respect of specific documents or generally in respect of all documents belonging to the company which are in the examinee's possession, custody or control. (3) In the case of an order that the examinee answer written interrogatories, the order shall require that the answers be contained in or verified by affidavit which shall be delivered to the official liquidator within 28 days after service of the order or at such other time as may be agreed between the examinee and the official liquidator. (4) In the case of an order for oral examination, the

order shall (a) contain a statement which discloses to the examinee the matters about which the examinee will be examined; (b) specify the time and place of the examination; and (c) specify the maximum duration of the examination. (5) An order for an oral examination must be served upon the examinee not less than 14 days before the date of the examination. (6) The Court may order that the examinee pay the whole or part of the costs of an oral examination on the ground that it was made necessary by reason of a breach by the examinee of the examinee's duty to co-operate with the official liquidator. (7) An examinee may, within 7 days of the date upon which the order is served upon that examinee, apply to the Court for the order to be set aside on the ground that the examinee is or was not a relevant person.

3. Procedure upon an Oral Examination (O.7, r.3)

3. (1) The examination may be conducted by (a) the official liquidator; (b) a qualified insolvency practitioner or other person acting with the authority of the official liquidator; or (c) an attorney instructed by the official liquidator. (2) The examination shall take place in private at the time and place specified in the order or at such other time and place as may be agreed between the examinee and the official liquidator.

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(3) If the examinee is out of the jurisdiction, the examination may be conducted in the form of a video conference. (4) The examinee shall be entitled to have the examinee's attorney present at the examination, but such attorney shall not be entitled to participate in the examination by putting questions to the examinee unless permitted to do so by the official liquidator. (5) The examinee shall take all such steps as may be reasonably necessary to be informed of the matters about which that examinee is to be examined and the official liquidator may adjourn the examination for this purpose. (6) The examinee shall be given an opportunity to review all the documents intended to be put to the examinee in advance of the examination, for which purpose the official liquidator may (a) provide the examinee with copies; and/or (b) require the examinee to review the originals at the official liquidator's office. (7) The examination shall be conducted in the form of questions and answers. The examination shall be recorded by a court reporter. The court reporter shall prepare a transcription of the examination and certify it as a complete and accurate transcription. (8) The court reporter shall record the names and addresses of all the persons present and the times(s) at which the examination commenced and finished. (9) The examination shall be carried out under oath. (10) The documents referred to during the examination must be identified but need not be exhibited to the transcript unless the official liquidator requires that some or all of them be exhibited. (11) The examinee shall answer all the questions put to the examinee (subject to any claim of self-incrimination or legal professional privilege) which are within the examinee's knowledge or means of knowledge regarding any matter within the scope of the order and is compellable to give the names and addresses of all persons who reasonably might be expected to have knowledge. (12) Where an examinee objects to answering any questions put to that examinee, that examinee must state the grounds of the examinee's objection and the official liquidator may apply to the Court for an order that the question be answered. Any such application shall be made on notice to the Respondent. (13) If the Court determines that the examinee had no valid ground of objection, it may order the examinee to submit to a further examination and pay the costs occasioned by the examinee's objection.

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1. Meetings Convened by Official Liquidator (O.8, r.1)

1. (1) For

the purpose of convening meetings and establishing a liquidation committee, the official liquidator shall summarily determine whether, in the official liquidator's opinion, the company should be regarded as being (a) solvent; (b) insolvent; or (c) of doubtful solvency, and the official liquidator's determination shall be final and binding upon the company's creditors and contributories for the purposes of this Order and Order 9 unless and until it is changed by the official liquidator in accordance with this Rule. (2) If and when the official liquidator considers that the official liquidator's initial determination about the company's solvency may no longer be justified, the official liquidator shall re-consider the matter and may change the official liquidator's determination if the official liquidator considers that it is appropriate to do so and the official liquidator's changed determination shall also be final and binding upon the company's creditors and contributories for the purposes of this Order and Order 9. (3) The official liquidator's initial determination under this Rule shall be certified in CWR Form No 13 and filed in Court within 28 days of the date on which the winding up order is made and any subsequent change in the official liquidator's determination shall be certified in CWR Form No 14 and filed in Court immediately after it is made. (4) If, and so long as the official liquidator determines that the company should be regarded as insolvent, the official liquidator shall convene meetings of its creditors only. (5) If, and so long as the official liquidator determines that the company is solvent, the official liquidator shall convene meetings of its contributories only. (6) If, and so long as the official liquidator determines that the company is of doubtful solvency, the official liquidator shall convene meetings of both creditors and contributories and such meetings shall be held on the same day, either concurrently or consecutively. (7) A meeting is deemed to have been convened on the day upon which the official liquidator gives notice of it and it shall not be invalidated if, for whatever reason, ORDER 8 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 60 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c the official liquidator inadvertently fails to give notice to any creditor or contributory. (8) References in this Order to (a) "a meeting or meetings" shall mean a creditors' meeting or a contributories' meeting or both, depending upon the determination made by the company's official liquidator in accordance with this Rule; (b) "a creditors' meeting" shall mean a meeting of creditors convened when the official liquidator has certified that, in the official liquidator's opinion, the company should be regarded as insolvent; and (c) "a contributories' meeting" shall mean a meeting of contributories convened when the official liquidator has certified that, in the official liquidator's opinion, the company should be regarded as solvent.

2. First Meeting and Subsequent Meetings (O.8, r.2)

2. (1) Unless the Court otherwise directs, the official liquidator shall convene a first meeting within 28 days of the date upon which the winding up order is made. (2) The first meeting shall be convened for the purpose of electing a liquidation committee and dealing with such other matters or resolutions as the official liquidator thinks fit or the Court may direct. (3) Thereafter, the official liquidator shall convene meetings whenever (a) the official liquidator considers that it is appropriate to do so; or (b) the Court directs the official liquidator to do so; or (c) the official liquidator receives a valid requisition under Rule 3; and (d) in any event, not less than once a year.

3. Requisitioned Meetings (O.8, r.3)

3. (1) A creditors' meeting may be requisitioned by any one or more creditors whose debts are valued in total at \$500,000 or 5% of the company's total unsecured liabilities, whichever is the lesser. (2) A contributories' meeting may be requisitioned by one or more contributories who together are entitled to cast at least 5% of the votes capable of being cast at a contributories' meeting. (3) A requisition must be made

in writing, signed by each of the requisitionists, and must specify the full terms of each resolution intended to be put to the meeting. (4) A requisition must be delivered to the official liquidator. (5) If the official liquidator is satisfied that the requisitionists are entitled to requisition a meeting in accordance with this Rule, the official liquidator shall convene the meeting within 21 days of the date upon which the requisition was received. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 8 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 61 (6) If a meeting is requisitioned (whether by creditors or contributories) in respect of a company at a time when the official liquidator has determined it to be of doubtful solvency, the official liquidator shall convene meetings of both creditors and contributories to be held on the same day, either concurrently or consecutively.

4. Notice and Advertisement of Meetings (O.8, r.4) 4. (1) Notice of a creditors' meeting shall be given to (a) every person who appears to the official liquidator to be a creditor; and (b) every person who has submitted a proof of debt which has not been rejected. (2) Notice of a contributories' meeting shall be given to (a) every person who appears to the official liquidator to be a contributory; and (b) every person recorded as a member in the company's register of members. (3) In addition to giving notice in accordance with Rule 4(1), a creditors' meeting shall be advertised (a) on any website established by the official liquidator; and/or (b) in one or more newspapers having circulations in a country or countries in which the company appears most likely to have creditors and any such advertisement shall be published at least 14 days prior to the date of the creditors' meeting. (4) The official liquidator shall give 21 days' notice of a creditors' meeting and such notice may be (a) sent by pre-paid post; or (b) transmitted by facsimile or . (5) The official liquidator shall give notice of a contributories' meeting in whatever manner may be required or authorised by the company's articles of association. (6) The official liquidator may dispense with notice of a creditors' meeting with the unanimous consent of the creditors.

5. Venue (O.8, r.5) 5. (1) Meetings convened under this Order may be held at the official liquidator's office or at any other convenient place, either in the Islands or any other country. (2) A meeting may take the form of a telephone conference call in which case (a) all notices and advertisements of the meeting must specify the dial in number and codes or provide a contact number and address to which creditors or contributories may apply to obtain the dial-in number and codes; and (b) any person intending to participate in the meeting must send written notice of that person's intention to do so to the official liquidator at least 3 days prior to the date of the meeting unless the official liquidator agrees to dispense with notice.

6. Proceedings at Meetings (O.8, r.6) 6. (1) The chairperson of the meeting shall be (a) the official liquidator; (b) a qualified insolvency practitioner or other person who is authorised to act on the official liquidator's behalf; or (c) an attorney-at-law instructed by the official liquidator to act on the official liquidator's behalf. (2) The chairperson may adjourn the meeting to such time and place as seems to the chairperson to be appropriate in the circumstances. (3) The chairperson may suspend a meeting from time to time for periods not exceeding two hours. (4) The official liquidator shall be responsible for taking the minutes of the meeting. (5) A meeting is not competent to act in the absence of a quorum for any purpose except for the purpose of being adjourned or suspended. (6) The quorum for a creditors' meeting is at least 3 creditors or all of the creditors if there are less than 3 in number. (7) The quorum for a contributories' meeting is whatever number is specified in the company's articles of association as the quorum for a general meeting of the company. (8) References to

creditors and contributories are to those present at the meeting in person or by proxy. 7. Entitlement to Vote at Creditors' Meeting (O.8, r.7) 7. (1) A person is entitled to vote as a creditor if (a) that person has lodged a proof of debt by the date specified in the notice convening the meeting and such proof has been admitted for voting purposes; or (b) that person appears to the official liquidator to be recorded in the company's books and records as a member of any class of creditors entitled (pursuant to Order 16, rule 7) to vote without need to lodge a proof of debt. (2) A creditor may not vote in respect of a claim for an unliquidated amount or any debt whose value is not ascertained except where the chairperson agrees to put Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 8 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 63 an estimated minimum value upon it for the purpose of entitlement to vote and admits that creditor's proof for that purpose. (3) A secured creditor is entitled to vote only in respect of the balance of that secured creditor's debt, after taking account of the value of that secured creditor's security. 8. Entitlement to Vote at Contributories' Meeting (O.8, r.8) 8. (1) A person is entitled to vote as a contributory if (a) that person is recorded as a member of the company in its register of members; or (b) the official liquidator is satisfied that that person is liable to contribute to the assets of the company. (2) When a custodian or clearing house is recorded as a member of the company in its register of members, such custodian or clearing house may appoint two representatives to act on its behalf for the purpose of addressing the meeting and voting shares both for and against a resolution in accordance with the instructions received from its clients. 9. Voting on Resolutions (O.8, r.9) 9. (1) At a creditors' meeting, a resolution is passed when a majority (in value) of those present and voting, in person or by proxy, have voted in favour of the resolution. (2) At a contributories' meeting, a resolution is passed when a majority in value (determined in accordance with Rule 9(3)) of those present and voting, in person or by proxy, have voted in favour of the resolution. (3) At a contributories' meeting, the number of votes attributed to each contributory shall be (a) In the case of contributories holding voting shares, the number of votes attributed to them under the company's articles of association; or (b) In the case of contributories holding non-voting shares, their voting rights shall be based upon the par value of the shares held; or (c) If there are no par value shares, the contributories' voting rights shall be determined in accordance with the net asset value of the company; and (d) Any shares (whether voting or non-voting) which do not carry the right to participate in any distribution shall have no vote. (4) If the official liquidator has determined (in accordance with Rule 1) that the company should be regarded as of doubtful solvency, a resolution is passed when a majority (in value) of creditors and a majority of contributories (by value determined in accordance with Rule 9(3)) have both voted in favour of the resolution. ORDER 8 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 64 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c 10. Recording of Proceedings (O.8, r.10) 10. (1) The official liquidator shall be responsible for taking the minutes of every meeting, whether or not the official liquidator is acting as chairperson of the meeting. (2) The official liquidator shall also be responsible for making up a list of all those present or participating in the meeting, including a statement of the capacity in which they were acting. (3) The minutes of the meeting shall include a record of every resolution passed and shall be signed by the chairperson of the meeting. (4) The minutes of every meeting shall be kept by the official liquidator as part of the records of the liquidation. (5) A copy of the minutes of every meeting shall be circulated to the creditors and contributories (in whatever manner is considered by the official liquidator to be most effective and economic) within 28 days of the

date on which the meeting was held. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 9 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 65 ORDER 9 LIQUIDATION COMMITTEES 1. Establishment of Liquidation Committee (O.9, r.1) 1. (1) Unless the Court otherwise directs, a liquidation committee shall be established in respect of every company which is being wound up by the Court. (2) The provisions of this Order shall also apply to a liquidation committee required to be established pursuant to an order made under Order 4, rule 7(3)(f). (3) The liquidation committee shall comprise not less than three nor more than five creditors (if the official liquidator has determined that the company should be regarded as insolvent) or contributories (if the official liquidator has determined that the company should be regarded as solvent). (4) The liquidation committee of an insolvent company shall be elected at the first meeting of creditors convened in accordance with Order 8, rule 2. (5) The liquidation committee of a solvent company shall be elected at the first meeting of the contributories convened in accordance with Order 8, rule 2. (6) In the case of a company determined by its official liquidator to be of doubtful solvency, the liquidation committee shall comprise not less than three nor more than six members, of whom a majority shall be creditors elected at a meeting of creditors and at least one of whom shall be a contributory elected at a meeting of contributories. (7) After the liquidation committee has been established, the official liquidator may, with the consent of a majority of the remaining members of the committee, appoint a creditor or contributory (as the case may be) to fill any vacancy (8) The liquidation committee does not come into being, and accordingly cannot act, until the official liquidator has issued a certificate in CWR Form No 15 of its due constitution, which shall state the name, address and contact details of each member. (9) The official liquidator's certificate shall be filed in Court. 2. Membership of Liquidation Committee (O.9, r.2) 2. (1) A liquidation committee cannot be established unless and until it has the minimum number of members required by Rule 1. (2) Any creditor of the company (other than one whose debt is fully secured) is eligible to be a member of a liquidation committee, so long as (a) that person has lodged a proof of that person's debt; and ORDER 9 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 66 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (b) that person's proof has neither been wholly disallowed for voting purposes nor wholly rejected for purposes of distribution or dividend. (3) If some or all of the shares of a company are registered in the name of a custodian or clearing house, a beneficial owner of the shares may be elected as a member of the liquidation committee provided that the custodian or clearing house certifies in writing that it is holding the shares (the number of which must be specified) as custodian or nominee on behalf of such person. (4) A corporate member of the liquidation committee must be represented by an individual who is duly authorised in writing by a letter sent to the official liquidator at least 2 days before any meeting in which that individual intends to participate unless the official liquidator agrees to dispense with notice. (5) No person shall on the same committee (a) be a member as both a creditor and a contributory; (b) act at one and the same time as representative of more than one committee-member; or (c) act both as member of the committee and representative of another committee-member. (6) If an individual member of the liquidation committee becomes bankrupt, that member's trustee in bankruptcy shall be recognised as a member of the committee in that member's place. (7) If a corporate member of the liquidation committee is put into liquidation under this Law or made the subject of a bankruptcy or reorganisation proceeding under the law of a foreign country, it shall continue to be a member of the committee if and so long as its official liquidator, trustee, receiver or

administrator or other appointee consents to act as its representative.

3. Reconstitution of the Liquidation Committee (O.9, r.3)

3. (1) If, during the course of the liquidation, the official liquidator changes the official liquidator's certification of the company's solvency or insolvency (as the case may be), the official liquidator shall take the following steps to reconstitute the liquidation committee. (2) If the company is certified to be solvent, any creditor members of its liquidation committee shall automatically cease to be members and the official liquidator shall convene a meeting of contributories for the purpose of electing new members from amongst the company's contributories. (3) If the company is certified to be insolvent, any contributory members of its liquidation committee shall automatically cease to be members and the official liquidator shall convene a meeting of creditors for the purpose of electing new members from amongst the company's creditors.

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(4) Nothing in this rule shall prevent the official liquidator from convening a meeting in anticipation of changing the official liquidator's certification of the company's solvency or insolvency (as the case may be).

4. Official Liquidator's Duty to Report (O.9, r.4)

4. (1) It is the duty of the official liquidator to report to the members of the liquidation committee all such matters as appear to the official liquidator to be, or as the members have indicated to the official liquidator as being of concern to them with respect to the winding up. (2) The official liquidator need not comply with a request for information where it appears to the official liquidator that (a) the request is frivolous or unreasonable; (b) the cost of complying would be excessive, having regard to the relative importance of the information; or (c) there are not sufficient assets to enable the official liquidator to comply. (3) The official liquidator shall communicate information to members of the liquidation committee in whatever way may be agreed between them, including (a) orally by telephone; (b) in writing, transmitted by facsimile or ; or (c) by accessing a website. (4) The official liquidator shall provide each member of the liquidation committee with a written report and accounts and convene a first meeting within 3 months of the committee's establishment and thereafter the official liquidator shall convene a meeting (a) on such dates or at such intervals as may be resolved by the committee; or (b) if so requested in writing by any two members of the committee; and (c) in any event, not less than once every six months. (5) A "meeting" of the liquidation committee may take the form of (a) a physical meeting at the official liquidator's office or such other place as may be resolved upon by the committee, in which case the official liquidator must give at least 10 business days' notice of the meeting and any member who cannot attend in person must be allowed to participate by telephone; or (b) a telephone conference call, in which case the official liquidator must give at least 5 business days' notice of meeting. (6) A liquidation committee may, by unanimous consent, agree to hold a meeting on short notice.

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5. Proceedings of Liquidation Committee (O.9, r.5)

5. (1) The official liquidator shall attend every meeting of the liquidation committee, either in person or by a duly authorised representative who must be a partner or employee of the official liquidator's firm having experience in insolvency matters. (2) The quorum for a meeting of the liquidation committee shall be the official liquidator (or the official liquidator's representative) and at least two members. (3) The chairperson of the meeting shall be the official liquidator (or the official liquidator's representative) unless the members resolve that one of their number should act as chairperson. (4) The chairperson at any meeting may call upon a person claiming to act as a committee-member's representative to

produce that person's letter of authority and may exclude that person if it appears that that person's authority is defective. (5) The official liquidator shall prepare an agenda for each meeting including (a) all the matters which the official liquidator intends to put before the meeting; (b) any matter which a committee-member intends to put before the meeting; and (c) any resolutions which the official liquidator or any committee member intends to put to a vote. (6) The official liquidator shall be responsible for taking the minutes of the meeting, a draft of which shall be prepared and circulated to all the members within 14 days after the meeting. (7) Each committee member shall have one vote and a resolution is passed when a majority of members present or represented (either in person or by telephone) have voted in favour of it. (8) If the liquidation committee comprises both creditors and contributories, a resolution is passed only when a majority of the creditor members and a majority of contributory members present or represented (either in person or by telephone) have voted in favour of it. (9) Whenever the official liquidator considers that it would be impractical or unnecessary to convene a meeting of the liquidation committee for the purpose of considering any resolution, the official liquidator may send a copy of it to each member, inviting them to deal with it as a written resolution, and it shall be treated as passed if every member of the committee signs it within such period or by such deadline as may be specified by the official liquidator. (10) The official liquidator (or the official liquidator's representative) may, among other grounds, where a meeting of the liquidation committee is not quorate, decide that a meeting of the liquidation committee should be adjourned. In such circumstances, the adjourned meeting will be reconvened at a time and date set by the official liquidator (or the official liquidator's representative).

6. Counsel to the Liquidation Committee (O.9, r.6)

6. (1) The liquidation committee may resolve to appoint an attorney to give legal advice to the committee, either generally or in respect of any specific matter arising in connection with the liquidation. (2) The attorney appointed in accordance with this Rule is referred to as "counsel to the liquidation committee". (3) The legal fees and expenses reasonably and properly incurred by the liquidation committee shall be paid out of the assets of the company as an expense of the liquidation. (4) If the official liquidator or any committee member considers that the amount of the fees and expenses charged by counsel to the liquidation committee is excessive, the official liquidator may require that such fees and expenses be taxed on the indemnity basis in accordance with Order 25. (5) Conversely, if counsel to the liquidation committee considers that the amount which the official liquidator offers to pay is inadequate, counsel may require that counsel's bill of costs be taxed on the indemnity basis in accordance with Order 25. (6) Counsel to the liquidation committee shall be entitled to be paid out of the assets of the company as an expense of the liquidation the amount(s) stated in the costs certificate and the official liquidator shall have no authority to pay more than that amount.

7. Travel and Other Expenses of Committee Members (O.9, r.7)

7. (1) Travelling expenses and/or telephone charges reasonably and properly incurred by committee members or their representatives in attending meetings of the liquidation committee shall be reimbursed by the official liquidator out of the assets of the company. (2) No other expenses incurred by any committee member in connection with the liquidation shall be reimbursed unless such expense was incurred (a) pursuant to a resolution of the liquidation committee; and (b) with the prior approval of the liquidator.

8. Resignation and Removal of Committee Members (O.9, r.8)

8. (1) A committee member may resign by notice in writing delivered to the official liquidator. (2) A creditor's membership

of the liquidation committee is automatically terminated if that creditor ceases to be a creditor by reason of the fact that

ORDER 9 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 70 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (a) that creditor's proof of debt has been wholly rejected; or (b) that creditor's claim has been paid in full. (3) A contributory's membership of the liquidation committee is automatically terminated if (a) that person ceases to be a registered member of the company; or (b) the custodian or clearing house withdraws the certificate issued pursuant to Rule 1(2). (4) Any person's membership of the liquidation committee is automatically terminated if that person (or that person's representative) fails to attend three successive committee meetings either in person or by telephone. (5) Any member of the liquidation committee may be removed by a resolution passed at a meeting of which the member in question has been given at least 14 days prior notice (referred to in this Rule as a "removal resolution"). (6) A removal resolution may be proposed by the official liquidator or any committee member. (7) It shall not be necessary to give any reasons for proposing a removal resolution, nor shall the liquidation committee or the official liquidator be required to give the former member any reasons for passing a removal resolution.

9. Applications to the Court (O.9, r.9) 9. (1) Any application required to be made to the Court under this Order may be made in writing by a letter addressed to the assigned Judge. (2) A letter to the assigned Judge shall be supported by an affidavit.

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ORDER 10 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 71 ORDER 10 OFFICIAL LIQUIDATOR'S REPORTS AND ACCOUNTS 1. Official Liquidator's Reporting Obligations (O.10, r.1) 1. (1) The official liquidator shall prepare reports and accounts with respect to the official liquidator's conduct of the liquidation and the state of the company's affairs. (2) It is the duty of an official liquidator to report to (a) the liquidation committee in compliance with the requirements of Order 9, rule 3; (b) the contributories, in the event that the official liquidator has determined (pursuant to Order 8, rule 1) that the company should be regarded as solvent; or (c) the creditors, in the event that the official liquidator has determined (pursuant to Order 8, rule 1) that the company should be regarded as insolvent; or (d) the contributories and creditors, if and for so long as the official liquidator has determined that the company should be regarded as being of doubtful solvency; and (e) the Court. (2) Whenever the official liquidator convenes a meeting pursuant to Order 8, rule 2, the official liquidator shall send a report and accounts to every person entitled to receive notice of the meeting. (3) Whenever the official liquidator convenes a meeting in response to a requisition made pursuant to Order 8, rule 3, the official liquidator may send a report and/or accounts to every person entitled to receive notice of the meeting. (4) The official liquidator of an insolvent company has no continuing duty to report to the contributories, but the official liquidator shall provide copies of the official liquidator's reports and accounts to any contributory upon request.

2. Form and Content of Liquidators' Reports and Accounts (O.10, r.2) 2. (1) Every official liquidator's report shall provide a description and analysis of (a) the steps taken and, in the case of an interim report, the further steps intended to be taken in the liquidation generally; or

ORDER 10 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 72 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (b) a discrete matter which, in the opinion of the official liquidator is or ought to be of particular concern to the company's creditors and/or contributories; (c) a discrete matter upon which the official liquidator seeks a direction of the Court; (d) a discrete matter which, by its nature, ought to be kept confidential. (2) The official liquidator shall report upon (a) the steps taken in the liquidation since the date of the winding up order

or the date of the official liquidator's previous report; (b) the matters which are relevant to any resolutions intended to be put to the next meeting of contributories or creditors; (c) any matters upon which the official liquidator is asked to report by the liquidation committee; (d) any matters upon which the official liquidator is directed to report by the Court; (e) any matters upon which the official liquidator seeks a direction of the Court; and (f) any other matters which, in the opinion of the official liquidator, are or ought to be of concern to the contributories or creditors of the company. (3) Except in the case of a report expressed to relate to a discrete matter, every official liquidator's report and accounts shall provide the company's creditors and/or contributories with the information necessary (when read with previous reports) to enable them to make an informed decision about the company's financial condition and their prospects of recovery, to the extent that it is reasonably possible to do so. (4) The official liquidator's accounts shall be presented in the currency of the liquidation and shall include details of (a) the nature and estimated realisable value of the company's assets; (b) any security over the company's assets; (c) the nature and amount of the company's liabilities, including future and contingent liabilities; (d) the nature and amount of the company's income; (e) the expenses of the liquidation; (f) the amount of liquidator's remuneration approved by the Court; (g) the work done by or on behalf of the official liquidator and the amount of remuneration claimed by the official liquidator; (h) the distributions made to creditors and contributories; and

Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 10 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 73 (i) such other information which is required in order to provide the contributories or creditors with a proper understanding of the company's affairs and financial position.

3. Publication of Reports and Accounts (O.10, r.3) 3. (1) Every official liquidator's report and accounts shall be filed in Court. (2) Except as provided in sub-rule (3), every official liquidator's report and accounts shall be sent to the company's creditors by pre-paid post or transmitted to them by facsimile or and shall be sent to contributories in whatever manner may be required or authorised by the company's articles of association. (3) In the case of a report expressed to relate to a discrete matter, the Court may direct that it should be kept confidential for a specific period or until the occurrence of a specified event. (4) In the case of a company which carried on a regulated business or was put into liquidation upon the petition of the Authority, the official liquidator shall send a copy of every report and accounts to the Authority. (5) In addition, the official liquidator may post the official liquidator's reports and accounts (or a summarised version) on a website established for this purpose.

ORDER 11 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 74 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c ORDER 11 SANCTION APPLICATIONS 1. Introduction (O.11, r.1) 1. (1) Any application to Court made by (a) the official liquidator for an order sanctioning the official liquidator's exercise or proposed exercise of any power conferred upon the official liquidator by Part I of the Third Schedule of the Law or otherwise; or (b) a creditor or contributory for an order directing the official liquidator to exercise or refrain from exercising any of the official liquidator's powers in a particular way, is referred to in these Rules as a "sanction application". (2) Sanction applications shall be made by summons in CWR Form No 16. 2. Service of Sanction Applications (O.11, r.2) 2. (1) Every sanction application made by the official liquidator shall be served on (a) each member of the liquidation committee; or (b) counsel to the liquidation committee, if an attorney has been appointed by the liquidation committee with authority to act generally; and (c) such other creditors or contributories as the Court may direct. (2) Every sanction application made by the liquidation committee shall be served on

(a) the official liquidator; and (b) such creditors or contributories as the Court may direct.

(3) Every sanction application made by a creditor or contributory (other than the liquidation committee) shall be served on (a) the official liquidator; and (b) each member of the liquidation committee; or (c) counsel to the liquidation committee, if an attorney has been appointed by the liquidation committee with authority to act generally; and (d) such other creditors or contributories as the Court may direct. (4) A sanction application shall not be heard on less than 4 clear days' notice. (5) The Court may direct that the hearing of a sanction application be advertised. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 11 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 75

3. Hearing of Sanction Applications (O.11, r.3) 3. (1) Sanction applications shall be heard in chambers unless (a) the Court has directed that the application be advertised, in which case it must be heard in open court; or (b) the Court directs, for some special reason, that it should be heard in open court. (2) It shall be the duty of the official liquidator to attend and be prepared to assist the Court in respect of any sanction application made by the liquidation committee or any creditor or contributory. (3) The Court may direct that, when a sanction application gives rise to an issue in respect of the substantive rights as between the company and any creditor or contributory or any class thereof, it shall be adjudicated as an inter partes proceeding as between shareholders, creditors or any class of shareholders or creditors (as the case may be), for which purpose the Court may (a) make a representation order; and/or (b) direct that the official liquidator's role shall be limited in such way as the Court thinks fit; or (c) direct that the official liquidator shall take no further part in the proceeding. (4) In addition to those who are entitled to be served in accordance with Rule 2, the Court may allow the following classes of persons to be heard (a) any other creditor, if the company is insolvent; (b) any other contributory, if the company is solvent; (c) any other creditor or contributory, if the official liquidator has determined that the company should be regarded as of doubtful solvency. 4. Evidence for Use in Sanction Applications (O.11, r.4) 4. (1) When a sanction application is made by the official liquidator (a) that person may rely upon affidavit evidence; and/or (b) that person may rely upon the whole or part of any report or reports which have been filed in Court, whether or not such reports were prepared specifically for the purpose of the application. (2) When a sanction application is made by the liquidation committee or any creditor or contributory (a) the application must be supported by an affidavit containing full particulars of the grounds upon which the application is made; and (b) it shall be the duty of the official liquidator to swear an affidavit in reply or make a report which states whether the official liquidator

ORDER 11 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 76 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (i) supports the application; or (ii) opposes the application, in which case the official liquidator's affidavit or report must contain the evidence and analysis upon which the official liquidator relies in opposition to the application; or (iii) adopts a neutral position, in which case the official liquidator's affidavit or report must contain any evidence, not already before the Court, which the official liquidator considers to be relevant to the Court's decision. (3) An affidavit sworn by the official liquidator may contain statements of the official liquidator's opinions. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 12 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 77

ORDER 12 SETTLING LIST OF CONTRIBUTORIES 1. Introduction (O.12, r.1) 1. (1) The official liquidator is required by section 112 of the Law to settle a list of contributories for the purposes of (a) identifying those members who are liable to contribute to the assets of the company and ascertaining the amount of their respective

contributions; and (b) identifying those members who are entitled to participate in the distribution of surplus assets available after the company's creditors have been paid in full and ascertaining the amount of their respective entitlements. (2) The official liquidator need not settle any list for the purpose stated in Rule 1(1)(a) unless the company was incorporated on the basis that its members' liability is unlimited or is limited by guarantee or it appears to the official liquidator that the company has issued partly paid shares. (3) The official liquidator shall not settle any list for the purpose stated in Rule 1(1)(b) unless and until the official liquidator is satisfied that the company is or will become solvent.

2. Rectification of the Register of Members (O.12, r.2)

2. (1) The official liquidator shall exercise the official liquidator's power to rectify the company's register of members under section 112(2) if the official liquidator is satisfied that (a) the company is or will become solvent; (b) the company has from time to time issued redeemable shares at prices based upon a mis-stated net asset value which is not binding upon the company and its members by reason of fraud or default, with the result that the company has issued an excessive or inadequate number of shares in consideration for the prices paid by one or more subscribers; and/or (c) the company has redeemed shares at prices based upon a mis-stated net asset value which is not binding upon the company and its members by reason of fraud or default, with the result that the company has paid out excessive or inadequate amounts to former members in consideration for the redemption of their shares.

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(2) Subject to paragraph (3), for the purposes of rectifying the register of members in accordance with this Rule, the official liquidator shall determine the true net asset value of the company as at each relevant redemption date. (3) The true net asset value of the company shall be determined in accordance with the accounting principles specified for this purpose in its articles of association or, if none are specified, in accordance with whatever generally accepted accounting principles are adopted by the official liquidator. (4) The register of members, when rectified by the official liquidator in accordance with section 112(2) of the Law, shall state, as at each relevant redemption date (a) the identity of each subscriber, the amount of money subscribed and the number of shares which ought to have been issued to the subscriber (applying the true net asset value per share); (b) the identity of each member who redeemed shares, the number of shares redeemed and the amount of redemption proceeds which ought to have been paid to the member (applying the true net asset value per share); (c) the identity of the company's members and the number of shares which ought to have been held by each member, had the subscriptions and redemptions been done at the true net asset value per share, and the company's share register shall be rectified accordingly. (5) If the official liquidator considers that it will be impractical or not cost effective to rectify the company's register of members in accordance with paragraphs (2) and (3) of this Rule, the official liquidator shall nevertheless rectify the register in such manner which is both cost effective and fair and equitable as between the shareholders.

3. Notification of Rectification (O.12, r.3)

3. (1) When the official liquidator rectifies the register of members of a company in accordance with Rule 2, a notice of rectification in CWR Form No. 17 and a copy of the rectified register of members shall be filed in Court and served upon every person who is or was a member of the company at any relevant time. (2) The official liquidator's notice shall be served together with an explanatory report which shall (a) state the grounds upon which the official liquidator exercised the official liquidator's powers; (b) explain how the official

liquidator's determination of the company's true net asset value differs from that published from time to time by authority of the company's directors; (c) contain the rectified register of members; and Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 12 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 79 (d) explain the methodology adopted by the official liquidator for the purpose of rectifying the register of members. 4. Appeal Against Rectification (O.12, r.4) 4. (1) Any member or former member of the company who is dissatisfied with the official liquidator's decision to exercise the official liquidator's powers under section 112(2) of the Law and/or the manner in which the official liquidator has rectified the register of members may appeal to the Court. (2) An appeal under this Rule shall take the form of a sanction application made by summons in CWR Form No. 18. (3) Every summons under this Rule shall be served on the official liquidator within 90 days of the date upon which the rectification notice is filed in Court and, unless the Court otherwise directs, the official liquidator shall serve the summons upon every member or former member identified in the rectified register. (4) If the appeal is put on the basis that the official liquidator was not properly entitled to exercise the official liquidator's power under section 112(2), it must be supported by an affidavit containing all the facts and matters upon which the appellant relies. (5) If the appeal is put on the basis that the official liquidator was admittedly entitled to exercise the official liquidator's power, but the official liquidator exercised it in a manner in which no liquidator could reasonably have exercised it in all the circumstances, it must be supported by an expert report which addresses the valuation and/or methodology issues raised in the summons. (6) It shall be the duty of the official liquidator to swear an affidavit in reply or make a report which states whether the official liquidator (a) supports any aspect of the appeal; (b) opposes the appeal, in which case the official liquidator's affidavit or report must contain the evidence, analysis and statements of opinion upon which the official liquidator relies in opposition to the appeal; (c) adopts a neutral position, in which case the official liquidator's affidavit or report must contain any evidence, analysis or opinion, not already before the Court, which the official liquidator considers to be relevant to the Court's decision. (7) Order 11, rule 2(5) and rule 3 shall apply to an appeal under this Rule as they apply to a sanction application. appeal to the Court. ORDER 13 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 80 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c ORDER 13 VOLUNTARY (SOLVENT) LIQUIDATIONS 1. Introduction (O.13, r.1) 1. (1) The liquidation of a company is referred to as a "voluntary liquidation" or "voluntary winding up" if it was commenced in accordance with one or other of the methods stated in section 116 of the Law. (2) The liquidator appointed by the company in accordance with section 119 of the law is referred to as the "voluntary liquidator" unless and until the liquidator is appointed as an official liquidator pursuant to a supervision order. (3) The liquidation of a company which has commenced voluntarily may continue as a voluntary liquidation if, and only if, a declaration of solvency has been made by all its directors and filed with the Registrar of Companies in accordance with Order 14. (4) If the company's directors have failed to make a declaration of solvency within 28 days from the commencement of the liquidation, the voluntary liquidator must apply to the Court for a supervision order within 7 days thereafter. 2. Notice of Voluntary Winding Up (O.13, r.2) 2. (1) Within 28 days of the commencement of a voluntary liquidation, the voluntary liquidator or, in the absence of any liquidator, the directors shall (a) file with the Registrar of Companies a notice of the winding up in CWR Form No 19; (b) file with the Registrar of Companies the voluntary liquidator's consent to act in CWR Form No 20; (c) in the case of

a company carrying on a regulated business, send to the Authority copies of the notices and any declaration registered with the Registrar of Companies pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this sub-rule; and (d) publish notice of the voluntary winding up (in CWR Form No 19) in the Gazette. (2) Within 28 days of the commencement of a voluntary liquidation, the voluntary liquidator shall file with the Registrar of Companies the directors' declaration(s) of solvency or, in the absence of any declaration of solvency, a notice in CWR Form No 22 stating that a supervision petition has been presented to the Court. (3) The voluntary liquidator shall provide copies of the documents specified in sub-rules (1) and (2) on request to any member or creditor of the company and any Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 13 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 81 person who was a director or professional service provider of the company immediately prior to the commencement of the liquidation. 3. Appointment of Voluntary Liquidator (O.13, r.3) 3. (1) A voluntary liquidator (a) may be appointed by a resolution of the company; or (b) assume office automatically pursuant to section 119(2)(a). (2) The appointment of a voluntary liquidator by resolution of the company shall not take effect unless and until a consent to act in CWR Form No 20 has been signed by the person appointed and filed with the Registrar of Companies. (3) If two or more persons have been appointed as voluntary liquidators jointly, the consent to act must be signed by all of them. (4) If two or more persons have been appointed as voluntary liquidators with power to act either jointly or severally, any one whose consent to act has been filed with the Registrar of Companies may act alone unless and until the others have consented to act. (5) If, for whatever reason, the office of voluntary liquidator is vacant and the directors fail to convene a general meeting or the members fail to pass a resolution appointing a voluntary liquidator, any contributory or creditor of the company may apply to the Court for an order appointing a voluntary liquidator. (6) Upon the appointment of a voluntary liquidator becoming effective in accordance with sub-rule (2), the powers of the directors shall cease automatically except to the extent that (a) any power has been expressly reserved to the directors by a resolution passed at a general meeting of the company; or (b) the voluntary liquidator has delegated any power to the directors or otherwise sanctioned the continuance of any power of the directors. (7) Except to the extent that any power has been reserved to the directors, a voluntary liquidator shall have all the powers of an official liquidator (as stated in the Third Schedule to the Law) and may exercise those powers without the sanction of a resolution of the company's members. 4. Resignation of Voluntary Liquidator (O.13, r.4) 4. (1) A voluntary liquidator who wishes to resign shall (a) prepare a report and accounts complying with the requirements of Rule 8; and (b) convene a general meeting of the company for the purpose of approving the voluntary liquidator's report and accounts, accepting the voluntary ORDER 13 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 82 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c liquidator's resignation, releasing the voluntary liquidator from the performance of any further duties and appointing a successor. (2) In the event that the company fails to pass any resolution (either because there is no quorum or the resolution is voted upon but not passed), the voluntary liquidator may apply to the Court for an order that the voluntary liquidator be released from the performance of any further duties. (3) Where two or more persons have been appointed as joint voluntary liquidators (whether empowered to act only jointly or jointly and severally) one may resign by filing a notice of resignation with the Registrar of Companies (without the need to prepare any report and accounts) and the remaining liquidator(s) shall continue in office, whether or not the outgoing

liquidator is replaced. 5. Death of Voluntary Liquidator (O.13, r.5) 5. (1) Where the voluntary liquidator dies in office, it is the duty of the voluntary liquidator's personal representative to give notice of the voluntary liquidator's death (including the date of death) to the company's directors and to the Registrar of Companies. (2) Alternatively, if the voluntary liquidator was a partner or employee of a firm, the voluntary liquidator's firm may give notice of the voluntary liquidator's death. (3) Following the death of the voluntary liquidator (where the voluntary liquidator was acting as sole liquidator), the directors shall, within 28 days of the notification of the voluntary liquidator's death, convene a meeting of the company for the purpose of appointing a new liquidator, failing which any director or member of the company may apply to the Court for an order appointing a new liquidator. (4) If a deceased liquidator was appointed jointly, the survivor shall continue to act as sole liquidator unless and until the company resolves to appoint an additional person to act jointly with the survivor liquidator. 6. Removal of Voluntary Liquidator (O.13, r.6) 6. (1) A voluntary liquidator may be removed from office by an ordinary resolution passed at a general meeting of the company convened especially for the purpose by any member or members holding not less than one fifth of the company's issued share capital or entitled to not less than one fifth of the votes if the company does not have a share capital. (2) The voluntary liquidator shall be entitled to receive notice of any meeting convened in accordance with sub-rule (1). (3) At a meeting convened in accordance with sub-rule (1) the company shall also consider and resolve upon Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 13 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 83 (a) whether the outgoing voluntary liquidator should be released from the performance of any further duties without the need to prepare and distribute any further report or accounts; and (b) the appointment of a successor liquidator. (4) If the company fails to pass a resolution that the outgoing voluntary liquidator be released from the performance of any further duties, the voluntary liquidator shall prepare a report and accounts within 28 days from the date of the voluntary liquidator's removal and may apply to the Court for an order that the voluntary liquidator be released from the performance of any further duties. 7. Voluntary Liquidator's Reporting Obligations (O.13, r.7) 7. (1) The voluntary liquidator shall prepare reports and accounts with respect to the voluntary liquidator's conduct of the liquidation and the state of the company's affairs. (2) In addition to preparing annual reports and accounts (in compliance with section 126) and the final report and accounts (in compliance with section 127), the voluntary liquidator shall prepare and send to the company's members such other reports and accounts as the voluntary liquidator considers appropriate. (3) The voluntary liquidator's reports and accounts shall be sent to the company's members (by whatever means is authorised by its articles of association) together with notice of a general meeting convened for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, approving such report and accounts. (4) The voluntary liquidator shall, on request, send copies of the voluntary liquidator's reports and accounts to any creditor of the company whose debt has not been paid in full. 8. Form and Content of Reports and Accounts (O.13, r.8) 8. (1) The voluntary liquidator's report shall constitute a narrative description and analysis of the steps taken and, the case of an interim report, the further steps intended to be taken in the liquidation. (2) The voluntary liquidator's report and accounts shall provide the company's members with all the information necessary to enable them to make an informed decision about the company's financial condition. (3) The voluntary liquidator's accounts shall be presented in the company's functional currency and include details of (a) the nature of the company's

assets; (b) any security over the company's assets; (c) the amount realised upon sale of the company's assets and the estimated realisable value of any unsold assets; ORDER 13 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 84 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (d) the nature of the company's liabilities including contingent liabilities, the amounts paid in satisfaction of the liabilities and the amount remaining unpaid; (e) the nature and amount of the company's income; (f) the expenses of the liquidation; (g) the amount of the liquidator's remuneration; and (h) the amount distributed and the amount available for distribution to members. 9. Voluntary Liquidator's Remuneration (O.13, r.9) 9. (1) The basis of the voluntary liquidator's remuneration and the amount of the voluntary liquidator's remuneration shall be authorised by resolution of the company. (2) The company may resolve to remunerate the voluntary liquidator on the basis of (a) an hourly rate (or scale of rates) for the time reasonably and properly devoted to the liquidation; (b) a fixed sum; (c) a commission or percentage of the assets distributed or realised; or (d) a combination of these methods. (3) The voluntary liquidator shall not be entitled to receive payment of any remuneration out of the company's assets without the prior approval of a resolution passed at a general meeting of the company except that (a) the amount of remuneration specified in the voluntary liquidator's final report and accounts may be paid if the final general meeting has been duly convened but no member attends and votes either in person or by proxy; and (b) any remuneration may be paid with the Court's approval. 10. Applications to Court (O.13, r.10) 10. (1) Every originating application made to the Court by a voluntary liquidator or any contributory or creditor of a company in voluntary liquidation, whether pursuant to Part V of the Law and/or pursuant to this Order, shall be made by petition. (2) A petition by which the voluntary liquidator or any contributory seeks an order for directions pursuant to section 129 shall be served (a) in the case of a liquidator's petition, upon every member of the company unless the Court directs otherwise or directs that the petition be advertised; Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 13 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 85 (b) in the case of a contributory's petition, upon the voluntary liquidator who shall serve it upon every member unless the Court directs otherwise or directs that the petition be advertised. (3) A petition by a liquidator or former liquidator for that liquidator's release (under Rules 4 or 6) shall be served upon (a) the successor liquidator; and (b) the members of the liquidation committee (if any); (c) every member of the company, unless the Court directs otherwise. (4) A petition pursuant to section 121(3) for an order that a voluntary liquidator be removed from office shall contain full particulars of all the facts and matters relied upon in support of the allegation that the voluntary liquidator is not a fit and proper person to hold such office and shall be served upon (a) the voluntary liquidator; and (b) the liquidation committee (if any); (c) every member of the company, unless the Court directs otherwise. (5) A petition pursuant to section 119(4)(b) and Rule 3(5) for an order appointing a voluntary liquidator (when the office has been left vacant) need not be served on any members of the company. (6) Every petition under this Rule must be supported by an affidavit unless all the facts and matters relied upon in support of the petition are contained in a liquidator's report. (7) Every petition under paragraphs (4) or (5) must be supported by an affidavit sworn by the person nominated for appointment as voluntary liquidator stating that (a) that person is a qualified insolvency practitioner; (b) having made due enquiry, that person believes that that person and that person's firm meet the criteria for independence contained in Regulation 6; (c) that person and/or that person's firm are in compliance with the requirements of Regulation 7 relating to insurance; and

(d) that person is willing to act as official liquidator if so appointed by the Court. (e) Any petition under this Rule may be heard in chambers unless the Court has directed that it be advertised, in which case it must be heard in open court. ORDER 13 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 86 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022

c 11. General Meetings of the Company (O.13, r.11) 11. (1) In accordance with section 126 of the Law, in the event of a voluntary winding up continuing for more than one year, the voluntary liquidator shall summon a general meeting of the company at the end of the first year from the commencement of the winding up and at the end of each succeeding year thereafter for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit (a) approving the voluntary liquidator's interim report and accounts; (b) approving the voluntary liquidator's remuneration for the period up to the date of the voluntary liquidator's interim accounts; and (c) resolving upon any other matters upon which the voluntary liquidator considers that it is necessary or appropriate for the company to resolve. (2) Notice of every general meeting of the company convened by its voluntary liquidator shall be given in accordance with its articles of association, except that (a) every notice of a general meeting must be accompanied by the voluntary liquidator's report and accounts; (b) at least 21 days' notice must be given of the final general meeting; and (c) notice of the final general meeting shall be published in the Gazette. (3) Notice of a general meeting convened by the voluntary liquidator may be given by any method authorised by the company's articles of association. 12. Voluntary Liquidator's Final Return (O.13, r.12) 12. (1) As soon as the company's affairs are fully wound up, the voluntary liquidator shall convene a final meeting of the company for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit (a) approving the voluntary liquidator's final report and accounts (including the provisions for any unpaid expenses); (b) approving the voluntary liquidator's remuneration (including provision for work still to be done); (c) resolving upon the retention and destruction of the company's books and records; (d) resolving upon the method of dealing with the proceeds of any dividend cheques which remain uncleared for more than six months, referred to in this Rule as "the final resolutions". (2) In the event that (a) the final resolutions are passed; or (b) no quorum is present (in person or by proxy), Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 13 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 87 the voluntary liquidator shall file a Final Return with the Registrar in CWR Form No 37 with the result that the company is deemed to be dissolved after the expiry of three months from the date upon which the Final Return is registered. (3) In the event that a quorum is present at the final general meeting of the company and the final resolutions are not passed, the liquidation shall continue. ORDER 14 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 88 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c ORDER 14

DIRECTOR'S DECLARATION OF SOLVENCY 1. Form and Content of Declaration of Solvency (O.14, r.1) 1. (1) A declaration of solvency shall be in CWR Form No 21 and signed by each person who was a director of the company on the date on which its voluntary winding up was commenced. (2) A declaration of solvency shall state the full name and address of each director by whom it is signed and the date upon which that person was appointed as a director. (3) The voluntary liquidator may assist the company's directors to make the enquiries necessary to enable them to prepare and sign a declaration of solvency, for which purpose the voluntary liquidator shall provide them with access to all the company's books and records. (4) The voluntary liquidator may pay to the company's directors the expenses reasonably and properly incurred by them in preparing a declaration of solvency 2. Delivery and Registration of Declaration of Solvency (O.14, r.2) 2. (1) In order

to comply with the requirements of sections 123(1) and 124(1) of the Law, a declaration of solvency, duly signed by all the directors, must be delivered to the voluntary liquidator and filed with the Registrar of Companies within 28 days of the date upon which the voluntary liquidation is deemed to have commenced under section 117(1) of the Law. (2) A declaration of solvency which has been transmitted to the voluntary liquidator electronically shall comply with the requirements of this Rule. (3) If, having received a declaration of solvency, the voluntary liquidator fails to file it with the Registrar of Companies, any director may do so.

Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 15 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 89 ORDER 15 APPLICATION FOR SUPERVISION ORDER 1. Introduction (O.15, r.1) 1. (1) An application for a supervision order must be made by a company's voluntary liquidator in accordance with section 124 of the Law if its directors fail to make and deliver their declaration of solvency to the voluntary liquidator within 28 days of the commencement of the liquidation. (2) Notwithstanding that a declaration of solvency has been duly made in accordance with section 124 of the Law, the voluntary liquidator or any contributory or any creditor may apply to the Court for a supervision order on the grounds contained in section 131 of the Law. 2. Application under section 124 (O.15, r.2) 2. (1) The requirement to apply for a supervision order under section 124 of the Law shall apply only if the voluntary liquidation was commenced on or after 1 March 2009. (2) An application for a supervision order under section 124 shall be made by petition. (3) A petition under this Rule shall contain (a) particulars of the company's incorporation; (b) particulars of the method by which the company was put into voluntary liquidation; (c) particulars of the persons who are or were directors of the company on the date on which its voluntary liquidation commenced; (d) a statement that the voluntary liquidator did not receive, within 28 days of the commencement of the liquidation, a declaration of solvency in the prescribed form signed by all of the company's directors; and (e) if the voluntary liquidator is a qualified insolvency practitioner, a statement that the voluntary liquidator consents to being appointed as official liquidator; or (f) if the voluntary liquidator is not a qualified insolvency practitioner or is unable to comply with the independence requirements of the Regulations or is unwilling to be appointed as official liquidator, the name and address of a qualified insolvency practitioner nominated for appointment as official liquidator. ORDER 15 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 90 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (4) Every petition under this Rule must be presented within 35 days of the date upon which the liquidation is deemed to have commenced under section 117(1) of the Law. (5) Unless the voluntary liquidator is a qualified insolvency practitioner who is willing and properly able to accept appointment as official liquidator, the voluntary liquidator must give notice of the petition to the company's members by whatever means is provided in its articles of association for giving notice of a general meeting of the company. 3. Application under section 131 (O.15, r.3) 3. (1) An application by a voluntary liquidator, contributory or creditor for a supervision order to be made under section 131 shall be made by petition. (2) A petition under this Rule shall contain full particulars of the grounds upon which it is presented. (3) Upon the presentation of a petition under this Rule, the petitioner must at the same time issue a summons for directions in respect of the matters contained in this Rule. (4) Upon hearing the summons for directions, the Court shall either (a) make a supervision order, if the Court is satisfied that the company's members consent or do not object to an order being made; or (b) fix a hearing date and make such directions as the Court thinks appropriate in respect of the following matters (i) whether the petition should

be served and, if so, upon whom it should be served; (ii) whether the petition should be advertised and, if so, in what manner it should be advertised; (iii) the manner in which further evidence is to be given; and (iv) such other procedural matters as the Court thinks fit.

(5) A petition under this Rule may be presented at any time.

4. Supporting Affidavits (O.15, r.4)

4. (1) The petition shall be verified by an affidavit that the statements in the petition are true, or are true to the best of the deponent's knowledge, information and belief. (2) An affidavit verifying a petition under Rule 2 shall be sworn by the voluntary liquidator personally. (3) An affidavit verifying a petition under Rule 3 shall be sworn by (a) the petitioner; or Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 15 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 91 (b) the voluntary liquidator; or (c) any director, officer or agent of the petitioner who has been concerned in and has personal knowledge of the matters giving rise to the petition. (4) Unless the voluntary liquidator is a qualified insolvency practitioner who is willing and properly able to accept appointment as official liquidator, a petition under Rule 2 or Rule 3 must also be supported by an affidavit sworn by the person or persons nominated for appointment as official liquidator and containing the information required by Order 3, rule 4.

5. Hearing of section 124 Petition (O.15, r.5)

5. (1) If the voluntary liquidator is a qualified insolvency practitioner who has sworn an affidavit verifying that the voluntary liquidator is willing and properly able to accept appointment as official liquidator, a Judge may make a supervision order under section 124 of the Law without the need for any hearing if the Judge is satisfied that (a) notice of the petition has been given to the company's creditors and, if it appears to the voluntary liquidator that the company may in fact be solvent, to its shareholders; and (b) there is no reason to believe that any creditor or, if applicable, any shareholder objects to the appointment of the voluntary liquidator as official liquidator. (2) In any other case, the voluntary liquidator shall apply to fix a date for hearing the petition in open court and (a) give notice of the hearing of the petition to the company's creditors and, if applicable, to its shareholders in whatever manner is likely to bring it to their attention; and (b) advertise the hearing of the petition once in a newspaper having a circulation within the Islands and, if the company is carrying on business outside the Islands, once in a newspaper having a circulation in a country in which the company appears most likely to have creditors, in which case the advertisement shall be published in the official language of such country. (3) An advertisement under this Rule shall be in CWR Form No. 22. (4) Any member or creditor of the company may appear on the petition and be heard upon the question of who should be appointed as official liquidator provided that that member or creditor has given notice of their intention to do so and has complied with the requirements of Order 3, rule 8(3).

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6. Release of Voluntary Liquidator (O.15, r.6)

6. (1) Unless a voluntary liquidator is appointed as official liquidator, the voluntary liquidator shall cease to hold office automatically upon the making of a supervision order. (2) When a voluntary liquidator ceases to hold office in accordance with this Rule, the voluntary liquidator shall prepare a final report and accounts for the period from the commencement of the voluntary liquidation until the date of the supervision order. (3) The voluntary liquidator shall deliver the voluntary liquidator's final report and accounts to the official liquidator within 28 days of the date upon which the supervision order was made and the official liquidator shall (a) file the report and accounts in Court; and (b) publish the report and accounts to the company's members and creditors in such manner as the official liquidator thinks fit. (4) Having delivered the

voluntary liquidator's final report and accounts, the voluntary liquidator may apply (but shall not be obliged to apply) to the Court for an order that the voluntary liquidator's accounts (including the amount of the voluntary liquidator's remuneration) be approved and that the voluntary liquidator be released from the performance of any further duties.

7. Delivery of Company's Books and Records (O.15, r.7) 7. (1) A voluntary liquidator who ceases to hold office upon the making of a supervision order shall forthwith deliver to the voluntary liquidator's successor the company's books and a copy of the voluntary liquidator's liquidation files (maintained in accordance with Order 26, rule 2). (2) The official liquidator shall allow the voluntary liquidator to have unrestricted access to the company's books and records for the purpose of preparing the voluntary liquidator's report in compliance with Order 13, rule 8.

8. Supervision Order (O.15, r.8) 8. (1) A supervision order shall be in CWR Form No 23. (2) The requirements of Order 3, rules 22 and 23 shall apply to supervision orders as they apply to winding up orders. (3) On the making of a supervision order all the powers of the directors cease, save that directors retain residual powers to allow them to initiate an appeal against the supervision order.

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ORDER 16 PROOF OF DEBTS IN OFFICIAL LIQUIDATION PART I: PROCEDURE FOR PROVING

1. Introduction (O.16, r.1) 1. (1) Where a solvent company is being wound up by the Court, the official liquidator shall pay the debts owing to its creditors in the ordinary course and in the currency of the obligation as if the company were still carrying on business. (2) Where a company which is insolvent or of doubtful solvency is being wound up by the Court, a person claiming to be a creditor of the company and wishing to recover that person's debt must (subject to Rule 7) submit that person's claim in writing to the official liquidator and is referred to as "proving" for that person's debt and the document by which that person seeks to establish that person's claim is referred to as that person's "proof" or "proof of debt". (3) The official liquidator of a solvent company which is being wound up by the Court may require a creditor to submit a proof of debt if there is a doubt or dispute about the existence of the debt or the amount owing to the creditor. (4) It is the duty of the official liquidator to adjudicate the creditors' claims, for which purpose the official liquidator acts in a quasi-judicial capacity.

2. Form and Content of Proof (O.16, r.2) 2. (1) A proof of debt shall be in CWR Form No 24 or such other form or forms as the official liquidator may prescribe having regard to the nature of the claims against the company. (2) The official liquidator may prescribe different forms of proof of debt for use by different classes of creditor. (3) The following matters shall be stated in a creditor's proof of debt (a) the creditor's name and address; (b) the total amount of the creditor's claim as at the date on which the company went into liquidation; (c) whether or not the claim includes interest and, if so, the basis upon which the creditor claims to be entitled to interest; (d) particulars of how and when the debt was incurred by the company; and (e) particulars of the security held by the creditor, the value which the creditor puts on the security and the basis of the creditor's valuation.

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(4) Copies of all the documents evidencing the existence and amount of the debt must be annexed to the proof of debt. (5) The official liquidator may require the creditor to submit further and better particulars of the creditor's claim, including additional supporting documents. (6) The person signing the proof of debt (other than the creditor themselves) must state that person's name, contact details and the basis upon which that person is authorised to act on behalf of the creditor. (7) The official liquidator may require that a proof of debt be verified by

affidavit. 3. Supply of proof of debt forms (O.16, r.3) 3. (1) Subject to Rule 7, proof of debt forms shall be sent by the official liquidator to every person who appears to the official liquidator to be a creditor of the company. (2) Subject to Rule 7, proof of debt forms shall be sent to every person to whom the official liquidator sends notice of the first meeting of creditors in accordance with Order 8, rule 4. 4. Cost of proving (O.16, r.4) 4. (1) Every creditor bears that creditor's costs of proving that creditor's own debt, including the cost of responding to the official liquidator's requirement that the creditor provide further and better particulars of the creditor's claim. (2) Nothing in this Rule shall prevent a creditor from claiming the creditor's costs of proving pursuant to the terms of a contract which is enforceable against the company. (3) The official liquidator's cost of adjudicating the proofs of debt is paid out of the assets as an expense of the liquidation. 5. Withdrawal and variation of proof (O.16, r.5) 5. A creditor's proof may at any time, by agreement between that creditor and the liquidator, be withdrawn or varied as to the amount claimed. 6. Admission and rejection of proof (O.16, r.6) 6. (1) A proof may be admitted for dividend either for the whole amount claimed by the creditor, or for part of that amount. (2) Where the official liquidator has admitted a creditor's proof in full, the official liquidator shall notify the creditor of this fact in CWR Form No 25. (3) Where the official liquidator has rejected the creditor's proof or admitted it only in part, the official liquidator shall notify the creditor in CWR Form No 26, including Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 16 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 95 (a) a statement of the official liquidator's reasons for rejecting the whole or part of the claim; and (b) a statement of the creditor's right to apply to the Court for the official liquidator's decision to be reversed or varied. 7. Admission without proof of debt (O.16, r.7) 7. (1) This Rule applies to a company which has carried on a deposit taking business as a licensed bank. (2) All of the company's depositors to whom periodic statements of account were sent by the company shall be admitted to proof in respect of the amounts recorded due to them without requiring them to lodge proofs of debt unless the official liquidator has reason to believe that the company's deposit taking records are unreliable. (3) Where the official liquidator has admitted a depositor to proof without requiring that depositor to submit a proof of debt, the official liquidator shall send notice in CWR Form No 27 informing the depositor of this fact. 8. Inspection of Proofs of Debts (O. 16, r. 8) 8. (1) Subject to sub-rule (2), any proof of debt (including the supporting documentation, any further and better particulars and any correspondence relating to its adjudication) may be inspected by or on behalf of (a) any creditor whose proof of debt has been admitted in whole or in part; or (b) any contributory of the company. (2) In the case of a creditor to whom the company owes a duty of confidentiality, the official liquidator shall not allow the creditor's proof of debt to be inspected by another creditor or contributory without first (a) obtaining the creditor's written consent; or (b) obtaining a direction of the Court pursuant to section 4 of the Confidential Information Disclosure Act (as amended and revised). PART II: QUANTIFICATION OF CLAIM 9. Enforcement of Subordination, Set-Off (or Non Set-Off) and Netting Agreements (O.16, r.9) 9. (1) Any agreement made between the company and a creditor prior to the commencement of the winding up that the claims of such creditor be subordinated or otherwise deferred to the claims of any other creditors (referred to in this Order as a "subordination agreement") are binding on the company in liquidation and shall be enforced by the official liquidator. ORDER 16 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 96 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (2) Any contractual right of set-off or non set-off or netting arrangement agreed between the company

and any creditor prior to the commencement of the liquidation (including both bilateral and multi-lateral set-off or netting arrangements) (referred to in this Order as a "set-off agreement", "non set-off agreement" and "netting agreement") are binding upon the company in liquidation and shall be enforced by the official liquidator.

10. Mutual credit and set-off (O.16, r.10) 10. (1) This Rule applies where, before the commencement of the liquidation, the company has not concluded any set-off, non set-off or netting agreement with the creditor. (2) If there have been mutual credits, mutual debts or other mutual dealings (other than a set-off or non set-off or netting agreement) between the company and the creditor, an account shall be taken of what is due from each party to the other in respect of the mutual dealings, and the sums due from one party shall be set off against the sums due from the other. (3) Sums due from the company to another party shall not be included in the account taken under sub-rule (2) if that other party had actual notice at the time they became due that a winding up petition had been presented and was pending against the company. (4) Only the balance (if any) of the account is provable in the liquidation. Alternatively, (as the case may be) the amount shall be paid to the official liquidator.

11. Pre-liquidation Interest on Debts (O.16, r.11) 11. (1) A creditor who has a contractual right to claim interest against an insolvent company may prove for the amount of the interest accrued up to the date of the commencement of the liquidation. (2) A creditor having a contractual right to interest as against an insolvent company shall not be entitled to prove for any interest accrued after the commencement of the liquidation.

12. Post-liquidation Interest on Debts (O.16, r.12) 12. (1) This Rule applies to every official liquidation of a company which lasts more than six months. (2) Any surplus remaining after payment of the debts proved in the liquidation shall, before being applied for any other purpose, be applied in paying interest on those debts in respect of the period during which they have been outstanding since the commencement of the liquidation pursuant to section 149 of the Law. (3) The rate of interest payable under this Rule is the greater of (a) the contractual rate; or Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 16 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 97 (b) the prescribed rate under the Judgment Debts (Rates of Interest) Rules (as amended and revised). (4) The liquidator shall not pay interest under this Rule to any creditor whose claim to interest would amount to less than \$500.

13. Determination of the currency of the liquidation (O.16, r.13) 13. (1) In the case of a solvent liquidation, the creditors are entitled and the official liquidator is required to pay the company's debts in the currency of the obligation. (2) In the case of an insolvent liquidation, a company's liabilities shall be translated into the functional currency of the company (referred to in this Rule as the "currency of the liquidation") at the mid-market exchange rates prevailing (a) on the date of the commencement of the voluntary liquidation; or (b) the date on which the winding up order was made, (referred to in this Rule as the "applicable exchange rate"). (3) The official liquidator shall determine the currency of the liquidation in accordance with section 150(3) of the Law within 28 days of the date of the official liquidator's appointment and the official liquidator's determination shall be final and binding upon the company's creditors for all purposes. (4) The official liquidator's determination shall be certified in CWR Form No 28 and the certificate shall be filed in Court. (5) When a creditor proves for that creditor's debt in a currency other than the currency of the liquidation, the amount claimed shall be translated into the currency of the liquidation at the applicable exchange rate. (6) A creditor shall not be entitled to claim against an insolvent company in liquidation any compensation for exchange losses resulting from changes in the market exchange rate occurring during the period between the

date on which the winding up order was made and the date on which the dividend is paid.

14. Payments of a periodical nature (O.16, r.14) 14. (1) In the case of rent and other payments of a periodical nature, the creditor may prove for any unpaid amount accrued up to the date when the winding up order is made. (2) Unless the official liquidator continues to pay the rent or other payments accruing due after the date on which the winding up order is made as an expense of the liquidation, the creditor's claim in respect of amounts accruing after the date on which the winding up order is made shall be limited to a claim for damages for breach of contract. (3) In calculating the amount of damages, the official liquidator shall assume that the creditor has taken all such steps as may be reasonable to mitigate that

ORDER 16 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 98 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c creditor's loss and shall apply a discount for accelerated payment using the rate of interest prescribed by the Judgment Debts (Rates of Interest) Rules (as amended and revised). 15. Debts payable at a future date (O.16, r.15) 15. (1) A creditor may prove for a debt of which payment was not yet due on the date when the company went into liquidation. (2) If the dividend becomes payable before the date on which the debt would have fallen due, the amount of the dividend shall be discounted for accelerated payment using the rate of interest prescribed by the Judgment Debts (Rates of Interest) Rules (as amended and revised). 16. Contingent claims (O.16, r.16) 16. (1) The official liquidator shall estimate the value of any debt which, by reason of its being subject to any contingency or for any other reason, does not bear a certain value. (2) The official liquidator may revise any estimate previously made, if the official liquidator thinks fit by reference to any change of circumstances or to information becoming available to the official liquidator. (3) Where the official liquidator has put an estimate upon a contingent claim or a debt the amount of which is subject to a contingency, the official liquidator shall notify the creditor of this fact in CWR Form No 29, stating (a) the basis upon which this estimate has been made; (b) the fact that the creditor may submit a varied proof of debt, having regard to changed circumstances; (c) the fact that the official liquidator may vary the official liquidator's estimate, having regard to changed circumstances; and (d) the official liquidator's agreement to extend generally the creditor's time for applying to the Court pursuant to Rule 18. PART III: APPEAL AGAINST REJECTION OF PROOF

17. Introduction (O.16, r.17) 17. If a creditor is dissatisfied with the official liquidator's decision with respect to the creditor's proof (including any decision on the question of priority), the creditor may appeal to the Court for the decision to be reversed or varied. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 16 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 99 18. Application to Court (O.16, r.18) 18. (1) An appeal to the Court under Rule 17 shall be made within 21 days of the date upon which the creditor received the official liquidator's notification under Rule 6. (2) Every appeal under this Rule shall be made by summons in CWR Form No 30 and shall be served on the official liquidator. (3) Every appeal under this Rule shall be supported by an affidavit and Order 11, rule 4(2) shall apply. (4) Order 11, rule 3 shall apply to the hearing of every appeal under this Rule. (5) An appeal under this Rule shall be treated as a de novo adjudication of the creditor's proof and the creditor may rely upon additional evidence in support of the creditor's claim, notwithstanding that the creditor failed to make such evidence available to the official liquidator. 19. [No order] (O.16, r.19) 19. [No order] PART IV: EXPUNGING ADMITTED CLAIMS 20. Introduction (O.16, r.20) 20. (1) The Court may expunge a proof which has been admitted or reduce the amount in respect of which it has been admitted. (2) The official liquidator may apply to expunge a proof on the ground

that it appears, on the basis of information not available to the official liquidator at the time of the official liquidator's adjudication of the proof, that it ought not to have been admitted or ought to have been admitted for a lesser amount. (3) A contributory or creditor who is dissatisfied with the official liquidator's decision to admit the whole or part of a creditor's proof for an amount exceeding \$100,000 (or its equivalent in the currency of the liquidation) or 5% of the company's total liabilities (whichever is the less) may apply to expunge the proof on the ground that it should not have been admitted. 21. Application to Court (O.16, r.21) 21. (1) An application to expunge a proof of debt shall be made by summons in CWR Form No 31 and shall be served on the creditor and, if made under Rule 20(3) of this Order, shall also be served on the official liquidator. (2) An application under this Rule must be made promptly and, in any event, not later than the date upon which a dividend has been paid in respect of it. ORDER 16 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 100 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (3) Every application under this Rule shall be supported by an affidavit and Order 11, rule 4(2) shall apply. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 17 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 101 ORDER 17 SECURED CREDITORS 1. Introduction (O.17, r.1) 1. (1) A creditor who has security over the whole or part of the assets of a company is entitled to enforce that creditor's security without the leave of the Court and without reference to its liquidator. (2) A secured creditor whose debt is more than the value of that secured creditor's security may prove in the liquidation for the unsecured balance. (3) A proof of debt submitted by a secured creditor shall state particulars of the security held by the creditor and the value which the secured creditor puts on the security. (4) A secured creditor may, with the agreement of the liquidator or the leave of the Court, alter the value which the secured creditor has put on the secured creditor's security in the secured creditor's proof of debt. (5) If a secured creditor omits to disclose their security in their proof of debt, that secured creditor shall surrender their security for the general benefit of creditors, unless the Court relieves that secured creditor from the effect of this Rule on the ground that that secured creditor's omission was inadvertent or the result of an honest mistake. 2. Redemption of security by the liquidator (O.17, r.2) 2. (1) The liquidator may at any time give notice to a creditor whose debt is secured that the liquidator proposes, at the expiration of 28 days from the date of the notice, to redeem the security at the value put upon it in the creditor's proof. (2) The creditor then has 21 days in which (if the creditor so wishes) to apply to the Court for leave to alter the value of the creditor's security. (3) If the liquidator redeems the security, the costs incurred in doing so are payable out of the assets of the company as an expense of the liquidation. (4) A secured creditor may at any time give notice to the liquidator requiring the liquidator to elect whether or not the liquidator will exercise the liquidator's right to redeem the security at the value put on it in the creditor's proof of debt and the liquidator shall make the liquidator's election within 90 days, failing which the liquidator shall lose the liquidator's right to redeem the security. ORDER 17 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 102 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c 3. Valuation of security (O.17, r.3) 3. (1) If the liquidator is dissatisfied with the value which a secured creditor has put on the secured creditor's security, the liquidator may require that the property comprised in the security be offered for sale. (2) The method and terms of sale shall be such as may be agreed between the liquidator and the creditor or, failing agreement, as may be directed by the Court. (3) In the event that the method of sale is by auction, the creditor shall be entitled to bid and the liquidator shall be entitled to bid on behalf of the company. 4. Realisation of

security (O.17, r.4) 4. (1) If a secured creditor who has submitted a proof of debt and valued that secured creditor's security subsequently realises it, the net proceeds of sale shall be substituted for the value previously put on the security by the creditor in that creditor's proof of debt. (2) The creditor shall be entitled to prove for the balance of that creditor's debt.

Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 18 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 103 ORDER 18 COLLECTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF COMPANY'S ASSETS BY ITS OFFICIAL LIQUIDATOR 1. Powers of Official Liquidator (O.18, r.1) 1. (1) The official liquidator is an officer of the Court. (2) The official liquidator is empowered, as agent of the company, to collect, take possession, retain, manage and realise the company's property. 2. Manner of Distributing the Assets (O. 18, r. 2) 2. (1) When the official liquidator has sufficient funds in hand for the purpose the official liquidator shall, subject to the retention of such sums as may be necessary for the expenses of the winding up, declare and distribute dividends among the creditors in respect of the debts which they have respectively proved. (2) The official liquidator shall give notice of the official liquidator's intention to declare and distribute a dividend. (3) Where the official liquidator has declared a dividend, the official liquidator shall give 21 days' notice of it to the creditors, stating how the dividend is proposed to be distributed. The notice shall contain such particulars with respect to the company, and its assets and affairs, as will enable the creditors to comprehend the calculation of the amount of the dividend and the manner of its distribution. 3. Debts of Insolvent Company to Rank Equally (O.18, r.3) 3. Debts other than preferential debts rank equally between themselves in the winding up and, after the preferential debts, shall be paid in full unless the assets are insufficient for meeting them, in which case they shall abate in equal proportions between themselves. 4. Calculation of Dividend (O.18, r.4) 4. (1) In the calculation and distribution of a dividend the official liquidator shall make provision for (a) any debts which appear to the official liquidator to be due to persons who, for whatever reason, may not have had sufficient time in which to tender and establish their proofs; (b) any debts which are the subject of claims which have not yet been determined; (c) disputed proofs and claims; and

ORDER 18 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 104 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (d) expenses of the liquidation which are anticipated but not yet incurred. (2) A creditor who has not proved that creditor's debt before the declaration of any dividend is not entitled to disturb, by reason that that creditor has not participated in it, the distribution of that dividend or any other dividend declared before that creditor's debt was proved, but when that creditor has proved that debt, that creditor is entitled to be paid out of any money available for the payment of any further dividend. (3) No action lies against an official liquidator for a dividend, but if an official liquidator has improperly refused to pay a dividend, the Court may order the official liquidator to pay it with interest at the prescribed rate. 5. Distribution of Assets in Specie (O.18, r.5) 5. (1) The official liquidator has power to divide the whole or part of the company's property in its existing form, according to its estimated value, amongst the company's creditors or members. (2) In the case of an insolvent company, the official liquidator may apply to the Court for a direction authorising the official liquidator to divide the whole or part of the company's assets amongst the creditors on the grounds that (a) the property in question cannot be readily or advantageously sold; or (b) there is some other special reason why it would be advantageous to creditors for the property in question to be distributed in specie. (3) In the case of a solvent company, the official liquidator may divide the whole or part of the company's property (after having paid its debts in full) amongst the members in

the following manner (a) in accordance with any specific provision in this regard contained in the company's articles of association; or (b) in the absence of any relevant provision in the company's articles of association, with the authority of an ordinary resolution passed by the company's members; or (c) in accordance with a direction of the Court made upon the application of any member or the voluntary liquidator. (4) Property of a company which comprises a cause of action or other contingent asset which is incapable of being readily realised, may be distributed to creditors or members by means of transferring it to a new company, established for the purpose, and whose shares will be issued to the creditors or members in proportion to their respective rights against the company.

Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 18 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 105 6. Interim Distribution to Creditors (O.18, r.6) 6. (1) As soon as the official liquidator determines that the official liquidator has realised sufficient assets to be able to pay a dividend, the official liquidator shall give notice of the official liquidator's intention to declare an interim or final dividend, as the case may be. (2) A notice of intention to declare an interim dividend shall be in CWR Form No. 32 and shall (a) fix a date (being not less than 30 days from the date of publication of the notice) by which proofs of debt must be lodged with the official liquidator; and (b) state that any creditor who lodges that creditor's proof of debt after the date specified in the notice will be excluded from the interim distribution but will not be excluded from any subsequent interim distribution or from the final distribution. 7. Final Distribution to Creditors (O.18, r.7) 7. (1) When the official liquidator has (a) realised all the company's assets, or so much of the assets as can, in the official liquidator's opinion, be realised without needlessly protracting the liquidation; and (b) divided any unrealised assets amongst the creditors in specie, if and to the extent that it was practical to do so, the official liquidator shall give notice of the official liquidator's intention to declare a final dividend in CWR Form 33. (2) The notice of intention to declare a final dividend shall (a) fix the date (being not less than 60 days from date of publication of the notice) by which proofs must be lodged with the official liquidator (referred to as "the final date for proving"); and (b) state that any proof of debt lodged after the final date for proving may be excluded from the final dividend. (3) Within 14 days from the final date for proving, the official liquidator shall deal with every creditor's proof (to the extent that the official liquidator has not already done so) by admitting it, rejecting it (in whole or in part) or by making a provision for it. (4) The official liquidator may, but shall not be obliged, to deal with any proof of debt received after the final date for proving. (5) Having dealt with every creditor's proof, the official liquidator shall give notice of final dividend in Form 34 to all creditors who have proved their debts. (6) Every notice of final dividend shall specify ORDER 18 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 106 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (a) the amount realised from the sale of the company's assets; (b) the value attributed to any assets distributed in specie; (c) the amount of the expenses of the liquidation; (d) the amount of any provisions made for unpaid claims; (e) the amount of any funds retained for specific purposes; (f) the total amount of any interim distributions; and (g) the amount to be distributed and the overall rate of dividend. (7) A dividend may be distributed simultaneously with the notice declaring it. 8. Payment of Dividends (O.18, r.8) 8. (1) Dividends shall only be paid in the currency of the liquidation. (2) Dividends shall be paid by cheque or by such other method as the official liquidator may agree with individual creditors. (3) Dividend cheques shall be sent to creditors by post, or by such other method as the official liquidator may agree with individual creditors. 9. Assignment of Right to Receive a Dividend (O.18, r.9)

9. (1) A creditor or member may assign that creditor's or member's right to receive a dividend or instruct the official liquidator to pay that creditor's or member's dividend to some other person. (2) If a creditor entitled to receive a dividend has given notice of assignment to the official liquidator, the official liquidator shall pay the dividend to the assignee. (3) If a creditor entitled to receive a dividend has given written instructions to the official liquidator that the dividend be paid to some other person, the official liquidator shall pay it in accordance with those instructions. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 19 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 107

ORDER 19 CALLS ON CONTRIBUTORIES AND TRANSFERS OF SHARES PART I: CALLS ON CONTRIBUTORIES 1. Calls by Official Liquidator (O.19, r.1) 1. (1) The power contained in section 113 of the Law to make calls on contributories shall be exercised by the official liquidator with the sanction of the Court. (2) A sanction application under this Rule shall be made in accordance with the provisions of Order 11. 2. Making and Enforcement of Calls (O.19, r.2) 2. (1) Notice of the call shall be given in Form 35 to each of the contributories concerned and shall specify the amount or balance due from each of the contributories. (2) A call shall be payable immediately upon service on the contributory concerned. (3) A call shall be enforceable against the contributory concerned in the same manner as a judgment or order of the Court. 3. Appeal against Calls (O.19, r.3) 3. (1) If a person against whom a call is made is dissatisfied either with the decision that that person is a contributory or with the amount of the call made against that person, that person may appeal to the Court for the decision to be reversed or varied. (2) An appeal under this Rule shall be made within 21 days of the date upon which the contributory received notice of the call. (3) The provisions of Order 16, rules 19 and 20 shall apply to appeals under this Rule (as if references to "creditors" and "proofs" are read as referring to "contributories" and "calls"). (4) An appeal under this Rule shall be permitted only on terms that the full amount of the call is paid into Court within 7 days after service of the contributory's summons. ORDER 19 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 108 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c PART II: TRANSFERS OF SHARES 4. Application for Validation Order (O.19, r.4) 4. (1) An application pursuant to Section 99 of the Law for an order validating the transfer or proposed transfer of any shares of a company may be made by its liquidator or by the transferor or transferee of the shares in question. (2) Provided that (a) the shares in question are fully paid; and (b) the liquidator does not object to the transfer, the application shall be made by letter addressed to the Judge to whom the proceeding is assigned. (3) In any other case the application shall be made by summons and, if made by the transferor or transferee, the summons must be served on the liquidator. 5. Supporting Documentation (O.19, r.5) 5. (1) An application made by letter pursuant to rule 4(2) shall be supported by (a) an affidavit confirming that the shares are fully paid and that the liquidator has no objection to the transfer; and (b) a draft of the order sought by the applicant (2) An application required to be made by summons shall be supported by an affidavit, sworn by or on behalf of the applicant, which contains a full explanation of the reasons for the transfer and the applicant's response to the liquidator's objections. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 20 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 109 ORDER 20 ORDER OF PAYMENT OF EXPENSES OUT OF THE ASSETS 1. General Rule as to Priority (O.20, r.1) 1. (1) The expenses of the liquidation and the expenses properly incurred during the appointment of the restructuring officer are payable out of the assets of the company in the following order of priority: (a) the costs

of the petitioner and of any person appearing on the petition whose costs are allowed by the Court; (b) the costs incurred by the petitioner or other person required to secure an undertaking given pursuant to Order 4, rule 3; (c) the costs incurred by any restructuring officer (including a restructuring officer appointed on an interim basis), provisional and/or official liquidator in procuring professional indemnity insurance and/or a security bond pursuant to an order made under Regulation 7; (d) the expenses and disbursements properly incurred by or during the term of appointment of any restructuring officer (including a restructuring officer appointed on an interim basis); (e) the remuneration of any restructuring officer (including a restructuring officer appointed on an interim basis); (f) the expenses and disbursements properly incurred by any provisional liquidator; (g) the remuneration of any provisional liquidator; (h) the expenses and disbursements properly incurred by the official liquidator, including any expenses properly payable to any person who is required to make a statement of affairs; (i) the expenses and disbursements properly incurred by the liquidation committee; (j) any order for costs made by the Court in favour of any creditor or contributory in the winding up proceedings or in favour of any other person in proceedings to which the company is a party; and (k) the remuneration of the official liquidator. (2) In the case of a liquidation which commences voluntarily and is subsequently brought under the supervision of the Court: (a) the expenses and disbursements properly incurred by the voluntary liquidator; ORDER 20 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 110 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (b) the costs of making an application for the supervision order, whether such costs are incurred by the voluntary liquidator or any creditor or contributory of the company; and (c) the remuneration of the voluntary liquidator, shall rank equally with the expenses and disbursements incurred by the official liquidator, but in priority to the remuneration of the official liquidator. 2. Disallowance of Expenses and Disbursements (O.20, r.2) 2. (1) Nothing in this Order shall prevent the Court from making an order that any expense or disbursement incurred by a restructuring officer or liquidator shall be borne by that restructuring officer or liquidator personally on the ground that it was not incurred properly. (2) Nothing in this Order shall prevent the Court, in any proceedings by or against the company, from making an order in favour of any other party that that party's costs be paid by the restructuring officer or liquidator personally. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 21 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 111 ORDER 21 INTERNATIONAL PROTOCOLS 1. Application and definitions (O.21, r.1) 1. (1) In this Order "company in liquidation" means a company which is incorporated under the Law and is the subject of an official liquidation under Part V. (2) This Order has no application to foreign companies which are the subject of an official liquidation under Part V. (3) This Order applies (a) when a company in liquidation is the subject of a concurrent bankruptcy proceeding under the law of a foreign country; or (b) when the assets of a company in liquidation located in a foreign country are the subject of a bankruptcy proceeding or receivership under the law of that country. (4) In this Order (a) "foreign officeholder" means a person appointed by a foreign court or other authority to exercise powers similar to those of an official liquidator in respect of a company or to exercise powers similar to those of a receiver in respect of assets of a company; (b) "foreign court or authority" means the foreign court or foreign governmental authority which has appointed and exercises supervisory jurisdiction over a foreign officeholder; (c) "international protocol" means an agreement made in respect of a company in liquidation between an official liquidator and a foreign officeholder with the approval of

the Court and of the foreign court or authority. 2. Consideration of international protocols (O.21, r.2) 2. (1) It shall be the duty of the official liquidator of a company in liquidation to consider whether or not it is appropriate to enter into an international protocol with any foreign officeholder. (2) The purpose of an international protocol is to promote the orderly administration of the estate of a company in liquidation and avoid duplication of work and conflict between the official liquidator and the foreign officeholder. (3) An international protocol agreed between the official liquidator and a foreign officeholder of a company in liquidation shall take effect and become binding upon them only if and when it is approved by both the Court and the foreign court or authority. 3. Scope of international protocols (O.21, r.3) 3. (1) An international protocol may define and allocate responsibilities between the official liquidator and foreign officeholder (by reference to geographical location or otherwise) in respect of (a) the formulation and promotion of restructuring proposals, including a scheme of arrangement pursuant to section 86 of the Law; (b) the preservation of assets located outside the Islands; (c) the realisation of assets located outside the Islands; (d) the pursuit of causes of action against debtors or other persons outside the Islands; (e) procedures for the exchange of information between the official liquidator and foreign officeholder; (f) procedures for reporting to and communicating with the liquidation committee and with creditors and/or contributories; (g) procedures for co-ordinating sanction applications made to the Court and to the foreign court or authority; (h) administrative procedures relating to the adjudication of proofs of debt and consequential appeals or expungement applications; (i) procedures relating to the payment of claims; and (j) procedures relating to the remission of funds between the official liquidator and foreign officeholder. (2) An international protocol may establish procedures for the review, approval and payment of (a) the remuneration of the official liquidator and foreign officeholders; (b) the fees of counsel to the official liquidator and lawyers engaged by the foreign officeholder; and (c) other expenses incurred by the official liquidator and/or foreign officeholder. (3) Any provision contained in international protocol which is contrary to the provisions of the Law or purports to exclude the jurisdiction of the Court in respect of the company in liquidation shall be void and of no effect.

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Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 113 ORDER 22 ORDER FOR
DISSOLUTION 1. Application to Court (O.22, r.1) 1. (1) As soon as the affairs of the company have been completely wound up the official liquidator shall (a) publish the official liquidator's final report and accounts in accordance with Order 10, rule 3; (b) apply to the Court for an order under section 152 that the company be dissolved. (2) The official liquidator's final report and accounts shall contain (a) notice of the date upon which the official liquidator's application for an order for dissolution will be heard by the Court; and (b) a statement of the fact that any creditor (in the case of an insolvent company) or member (in the case of a solvent company) may appear and be heard on the application. (3) The official liquidator shall publish a notice of the hearing of the application in one or more newspapers circulating in a country or countries in which the company appears most likely to have creditors and any such notice shall be published at least 14 days prior to the date of the hearing. 2. Order for Dissolution (O.22, r.2) 2. (1) An order for dissolution shall be in CWR Form 36. (2) An order for dissolution shall take effect upon the date upon which it is made or such later date specified in the order. (3) The official liquidator shall file the order for dissolution with the Registrar of Companies within 14 days from the

date upon which the order is perfected. (4) An order for dissolution shall include supplementary directions relating to (a) the retention of the whole or part of the liquidation files for longer than the minimum period of 3 years specified in Order 25, rule 1; (b) the retention, storage and destruction of the company's books and records pursuant to Order 25, rule 2; (c) the terms upon which the official liquidator will be remunerated for acting as trustee of any unclaimed dividends or undistributed assets under section 153; and (d) such other consequential matters as the Court thinks fit. ORDER 23 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 114 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c

ORDER 23 UNCLAIMED DIVIDENDS AND UNDISTRIBUTED ASSETS

1. Introduction (O.23, r.1)

1. Following the dissolution of a company, whether pursuant to section 151 or an order for dissolution made under section 152, the former liquidator shall be trustee of any unclaimed dividends or undistributed assets of the company which remain in the former liquidator's possession or control for the benefit of the contributories or creditors to whom such funds are owed.

2. Establishment of Trust Account (O.23, r.2)

2. (1) The liquidator shall establish an interest bearing bank account in the liquidator's own name as "trustee of the creditors or members of [name of company], dissolved" (referred to as "the liquidator's trust account"). (2) Any funds representing unclaimed dividends or uncleared dividend cheques shall be transferred to the liquidator's trust account. (3) The former liquidator shall administer the funds credited to the liquidator's trust account as trustee for the benefit of the creditors and/or contributories to whom the funds are owed.

3. Transfer of Undistributed Assets (O.23, r.3)

3. (1) Title to any assets of the company which ought to have been distributed in specie pursuant to Order 18, rule 4 but remain in the possession or control of the liquidator, shall be transferred into the liquidator's own name "as trustee of the creditors or members of [name of company], dissolved". (2) The former liquidator shall hold and administer such assets as trustee for the benefit of the creditors or contributories who are entitled to receive such assets.

4. Payment out of Trust Account and Transfer of Undistributed Assets (O.23, r.4)

4. (1) The former liquidator shall advertise for claims and take such other steps as appear to the former liquidator to be reasonable to locate and identify claimants. (2) The former liquidator shall be responsible for dealing with all claims and shall be authorised to make payment or transfer title to those persons who appear to the former liquidator to have been entitled to receive payment or title as unpaid creditors or members of the company prior to its dissolution. (3) In any case of doubt or difficulty the former liquidator shall be entitled to apply to the Court for directions pursuant to section 48 of the Trusts Act (as amended and revised).

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5. Former Liquidator's Trustee Fee and Expenses (O.23, r.5)

5. (1) The former liquidator shall be entitled to be paid a reasonable fee for acting as trustee pursuant to section 153, the basis and amount of which shall be fixed by order of the Court. (2) The trustee fee may comprise (a) a fixed fee or scale of fixed fees; and/or (b) a percentage fee, calculated upon the value of the assets under administration and/or the amount distributed by the trustee. (3) The former liquidator shall be entitled to be reimbursed out of the assets under administration in respect of the costs and expenses reasonably and properly incurred by the former liquidator for the purpose of advertising, administering claims and preparing the former liquidator's accounts.

6. Transfer to the Financial Secretary (O.23, r.6)

6. (1) Any money or assets remaining in the hands of the former liquidator as trustee at the end of one year from the date upon which the company was dissolved shall be transferred to the Financial Secretary who shall be responsible for administering

the same pursuant to Part VIII of the Public Management and Finance Act (as amended and revised). (2) The former liquidator shall prepare a report and accounts of the former liquidator's administration which shall contain particulars of (a) the amount of money and the nature and estimated value of the assets received into trust; (b) the claims received and the manner in which they were resolved; (c) the amount of money paid out to claimants; (d) the assets transferred to claimants; (e) the amount of the former liquidator's fees and expenses; (f) the net amount of money and remaining assets transferred to the Financial Secretary. (3) The former liquidator shall deliver the former liquidator's report and accounts to the Financial Secretary, together with all the books and records which, in the opinion of the former liquidator, will be required by the Financial Secretary in order to deal with future claims and otherwise discharge the Financial Secretary's duties under Part VII of the Public Management and Finance Act (as amended and revised).

ORDER 24 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 116 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c ORDER 24 APPLICATIONS TO COURT UNDER PART V OF THE LAW PART I: GENERAL PROVISIONS 1. Originating Applications (O.24, r.1) 1. (1) Every originating application under Part V of the Law shall be made by petition. (2) The general provisions of GCR Order 9, and GCR Order 18, rule 19 and Order 20, rule 7 shall apply to every petition presented under these Rules. (3) Unless a specific form of petition is prescribed by these Rules, GCR Form No 7 shall be treated as the generally applicable form. (4) A petition under this Rule cannot relate to more than one company. (5) The Court may hear two or more petitions at the same time, but it shall not make any order for two or more petitions to be consolidated. (6) An office copy of every petition presented under these Rules shall be placed on the Register of Writs and other Originating Process maintained by the Registrar pursuant to GCR Order 63, rule 8. 2. Applications in Existing Proceedings (O.24, r.2) 2. (1) Every application or appeal to the Court made in connection with a proceeding which is already pending before the Court shall be made by summons. (2) The general provisions of GCR Order 32 shall apply to every summons issued under these Rules. 3. Hearings (O.24, r.3) 3. (1) Every petition shall be heard in open court unless the Court directs, for some special reason, that it should be heard in chambers. (2) Every summons shall be heard in chambers unless (a) the Court has directed that it should be advertised, in which case it must be heard in open court; or (b) the Court directs that it should be heard in open court. 4. Court Files (O.24, r.4) 4. (1) A Court file shall be established in respect of each winding up proceeding in accordance with GCR Order 63, rule 2. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 24 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 117 (2) The Registrar shall not permit the creation of more than one Court file (or the allocation of more than one cause number) in respect of a liquidation proceeding or company in liquidation. (3) The Registrar shall not permit any Court file (and associated cause number) to relate to more than one company in liquidation. 5. Orders made in Liquidation Proceedings (O.24, r.5) 5. Every order made in a liquidation proceeding, whether made in open court or in chambers, shall be placed on the Register of Judgments maintained by the Registrar under GCR Order 63, rule 7 and shall be open to public inspection upon payment of the prescribed fee. 6. Order for Documents to be Sealed (O.24, r.6) 6. (1) The Court may direct that the whole or part of any report, order, affidavit or other document, except the petition, winding up order or supervision order, which has been filed or is required to be filed pursuant to these Rules, shall be sealed and kept confidential for a specific period or until the happening of a specified event, on the grounds that (a) the information in question is of a confidential nature and will not come

into the public domain unless and until the document containing such information is filed in Court; and (b) the publication or immediate publication of the information contained in the document will harm the economic interests of the creditors or contributories of the company. (2) The liquidator and any creditor or contributory may apply to the Court for a direction that a sealed document be unsealed on the grounds that (a) the information contained in it is no longer confidential; (b) the reasons for sealing the document no longer exist or have expired; or (c) publication of the information is not or is no longer harmful to the economic interests of creditors or contributories.

PART II: COSTS IN LIQUIDATION PROCEEDINGS

7. Interpretation (O.24, r.7)

7. (1) "Costs" shall mean the reasonable legal fees and expenses incurred by a person in conducting or participating in a liquidation proceeding in an economical, expeditious and proper manner. (2) "Liquidation proceeding" shall mean

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c (a) any petition presented under Part V of the Law; (b) any application to Court made in a proceeding commenced under Part V of the Law; and (c) any appeal against an order made on a petition or in any proceeding under Part V of the Law. (3) Words and expressions defined in GCR Order 62, rule 3 shall have the same meaning when used in Part II of this Order.

8. General Rules as to Costs (O.24, r.8)

8. (1) The general rule is that the costs incurred by a person who successfully presents a creditor's winding up petition under Order 3, Part II or creditor's petition for a supervision order under Order 15, rule 3 should have that person's costs paid out of the assets of the company, such costs to be taxed on an indemnity basis unless agreed with the official liquidator. (2) In the case of a contributory's winding up petition under Order 3, Part III, the general rules are that (a) if the Court has directed that the company itself is properly able to participate in the proceeding, the general rule is that the costs of a successful petitioner be paid out of the assets of the company; or (b) if the Court has directed that the winding up petition be treated as an inter partes proceeding between one or more members of the other members or members of the company as respondents, the general rule is that none of the costs should be paid out of the assets of the company and the unsuccessful parties should pay the costs of the successful party, such costs to be taxed on the standard basis unless agreed. (2A) An order for security for costs may only be made if the petitioner is a nominal petitioner who has presented the petition for the benefit of another person and who would be unable to pay the costs of the company or other respondent, as the case may be, if ordered to do so. (3) In the case of an Authority's petition under Order 3, Part IV, the general rule is that (a) the Authority's costs of successfully presenting a petition should be paid out of the assets of the company, such costs to be taxed on the indemnity basis if not agreed with the official liquidator; or (b) the company's costs of successfully resisting the petition should be paid by the Authority, such costs to be taxed on the indemnity basis if not agreed. (4) The Court shall make orders for costs in accordance with these general rules unless it is satisfied that there are exceptional and special circumstances which justify making some other order or no order for costs.

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9. Costs of Sanction Applications (O.24, r.9)

9. (1) This Rule applies to every sanction application under Order 11, including any application for the approval of the official liquidator's remuneration. (2) The official liquidator's costs of making a sanction application shall be paid out of the assets of the company unless the Court is satisfied that (a) the application ought not to have been made because the directions sought by the official liquidator were unnecessary and served no useful purpose; (b) the

directions sought by the official liquidator were wholly unreasonable; or (c) the official liquidator has misled the Court or otherwise acted improperly in connection with the application. (3) The liquidation committee's costs of participating in a sanction application shall be paid out of the assets of the company unless the Court is satisfied that (a) the liquidation committee's participation in the application served no useful purpose or constituted an unreasonable duplication of the costs incurred by the official liquidator; (b) the position adopted by the liquidation committee was wholly unreasonable; or (c) the liquidation committee has misled the Court or otherwise acted improperly in connection with the application (4) In the case of a sanction application which is made or opposed by a creditor or contributory, the general rule is that (a) that creditor's or contributory's costs of successfully making or opposing the application should be paid out of the assets of the company, such costs to be taxed on an indemnity basis if not agreed with the official liquidator; and (b) no order for costs should be made against a creditor or contributory whose application or opposition is unsuccessful, unless the Court is satisfied that that creditor's or contributory's position was wholly unreasonable or that creditor or contributory is guilty of having misled the Court or otherwise acting improperly in connection with the application. (5) The Court shall make orders for costs in accordance with these general rules unless it is satisfied that there are exceptional circumstances and special reasons which justify making some other order or not order for costs. 10. Costs of Appeals (O.24, r.10) 10. (1) This Rule applies to appeals by contributories under Order 12, rule 4 and appeals by creditors under Order 16, Part III. ORDER 24 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 120 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (2) The general rule is that the official liquidator's costs should be paid out of the assets of the company in any event. (3) The general rule is that the appellant's costs should follow the event, such that (a) if the appellant succeeds, the Court shall order that the appellant's costs be paid out of the assets of the company as an expense of the liquidation; (b) if the appellant is unsuccessful, the Court will order the appellant to pay the official liquidator's costs, (c) such costs to be taxed on the standard basis unless agreed. (4) In deciding how to exercise its discretion under sub-rule (3) the Court shall have regard to the manner in which the appellant originally sought to prove the appellant's claim (and, in particular, any failure to provide to the official liquidator with the whole of the evidence relied upon in support of the appellant's appeal to the Court) and the reasons why the Court reversed or varied or upheld the official liquidator's decision. (5) On an appeal to the Grand Court an appellant shall not be required to provide security for costs in any appeal to which this Rule applies. 11. Taxation of Costs and Appeals (O.24, r.11) 11. (1) In the event that an order for costs made in a liquidation proceeding is required to be taxed, it shall be taxed by the taxing officer in accordance with the provisions of GCR Order 62, Parts IV, V and VI except that Rules 14 and 15 shall not apply. (2) The Guidelines issued by the Grand Court Rules Committee pursuant to GCR Order 62, rule 16(3) shall apply to every taxation under this Order. (3) Any party who is dissatisfied with the amount of any costs certificate may apply to a Judge to review the taxing officer's decision in accordance with the provisions of GCR Order 62, Part VII. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 25 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 121

ORDER 25 OFFICIAL LIQUIDATOR'S LAWYERS 1. Appointment of Lawyers (O.25, r.1) 1. (1) Subject to obtaining the Court's sanction pursuant to paragraph 11 of Part I of the Third Schedule to the Law, the official liquidator may retain attorneys and/or foreign lawyers (whether or not temporarily admitted as attorneys) only on terms of engagement which

comply with the requirements of this Rule. (2) The terms upon which lawyers are engaged by the official liquidator must be stated in writing and shall be signed by both parties. (3) Every engagement letter or retainer agreement shall contain particulars of the basis upon which the lawyers will be remunerated, including, if applicable, a statement of the agreed hourly rates. (4) The official liquidator shall not retain (whether directly or indirectly) any foreign lawyer unless the foreign lawyer (being a sole practitioner) or the firm of which the foreign lawyer is a partner or employee has signed an engagement letter or retainer agreement which expressly states that (a) the contract is governed by Cayman Islands law; (b) the lawyer/law firm submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Court for all purposes in connection with the engagement; (c) the lawyer/law firm understands and agrees that the amount of fees payable by the official liquidator is subject to taxation in accordance with this Order; (d) the lawyer/law firm shall have no right to exercise any lien over their files as against the official liquidator (5) The official liquidator has no authority to engage any lawyers on terms which are inconsistent with the requirements of this Rule and any term of an engagement letter or retainer agreement which is inconsistent with the requirements of this Rule shall be void and of no effect. (6) Nothing in this rule shall affect the validity or effectiveness of any engagement letter or retainer agreement made prior to 1 March 2013.

2. Lawyer s Fees (O.25, r.2) 2. (1) All lawyers engaged by the official liquidator shall be remunerated on a time spent basis (at agreed hourly rates which are stated in the engagement letter) unless the Court has sanctioned some other basis of remuneration. ORDER 25 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 122 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (2) If the official liquidator or the liquidation committee consider that the amount of fees and expenses charged by the official liquidator's lawyer is excessive, the official liquidator may require that such fees and expenses be taxed on the indemnity basis by the taxing officer. (3) Conversely, if the lawyer considers that the amount which the official liquidator offers to pay is inadequate, the lawyer may require that the lawyer s bill of costs be taxed on the indemnity basis by the taxing officer. (4) The lawyer shall be entitled to be paid out of the assets of the company as an expense of the liquidation the amount(s) stated in the costs certificate and the official liquidator shall have no authority to pay more than that amount.

3. Procedure for Taxation of Lawyer s Fees (O.25, r.3) 3. (1) A taxation under this Order shall be governed by and conducted in accordance with GCR Order 62. (2) The lawyer shall prepare a bill of costs in GCR Form 314 and serve it on the official liquidator. (3) The official liquidator shall state the extent to which the official liquidator disagrees with the amount charged and/or the scope of the work done by completing column 4 and returning the completed bill of costs to the lawyer within 21 days or such other period as may be agreed. (4) In addition to completing column 4, the official liquidator may also serve a written statement of the official liquidator s objections to the amount charged. (5) Proceedings for taxation of the bill of costs shall be commenced (by either party) by lodging the following documents with the taxing officer (a) an application for taxation in GCR Form 301; (b) the bill of costs, completed in accordance with this Rule; (c) any written statement of objections by the official liquidator; (d) any written reply by the lawyer; and (e) a copy of the engagement letter or retainer agreement.

4. Subsequent Procedure on Taxation (O.25, r.4) 4. (1) A taxation shall be inquisitorial in nature. (2) The taxing officer shall enquire into the bill of costs and determine the amount to be paid in accordance with Rule 4 for which purpose the taxing officer shall obtain such written explanations from the official liquidator and/or the lawyer as may be appropriate to enable the taxing officer to make such determination fairly.

Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 25 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 123 (3) The taxation shall be conducted in accordance with the Guidelines issued from time to time by the Grand Court Rules Committee pursuant to GCR Order 62, rule 16(3), insofar as such Guidelines relate to taxation on the indemnity basis. (4) The taxing officer may require the lawyer to produce (a) the lawyer's time records; (b) the lawyer's files and any other documents reflecting the work done; and (c) invoices in respect of any disbursements included in the bill of costs. (5) The taxing officer shall not give reasons for any of the taxing officer's decisions. (6) The taxing officer shall send an office copy of the taxing officer's costs certificate to the official liquidator and to the lawyer. 5. Criteria Applicable on Taxation (O.25, r.5) 5. (1) The lawyer is entitled to be fairly remunerated in accordance with the terms of the lawyer's engagement letter for all work reasonably and properly done on the instructions of the official liquidator. (2) In determining whether the remuneration claimed is fair, the taxing officer shall have regard to all the relevant circumstances, including (a) the difficulty or novelty of the issues involved; (b) the skill, specialised knowledge and responsibility required of, and the time and labour expended by the attorneys engaged; (c) the number and importance of the relevant documents (however brief) prepared or perused; (d) the overall size of the estate; (e) the amount of money or value attributable to the issues involved; and (f) the overall importance to the liquidation of the issues involved. (3) In determining whether the work done by the lawyer was reasonably and properly done, the taxing officer shall have regard to all the relevant circumstances, including (a) the duties of the official liquidator; (b) the instructions given by the official liquidator; and (c) any relevant directions given by the Court. (4) Work done by the lawyer shall be presumed not to have been done reasonably and properly if the work done or advice given caused or contributed to a breach of duty on the part of the official liquidator.

ORDER 26 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 124 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c ORDER 26 LIQUIDATION FILES, COMPANY'S BOOKS AND RECORDS AND COURT FILES 1. Introduction (O.26, r.1) 1. (1) This Order applies to all liquidations. (2) References in this Order to "official liquidations" shall include supervised liquidations. (3) References to this Order to the "liquidator" shall include both an official liquidator and a voluntary liquidator. 2. Liquidation Files (O.26, r.2) 2. (1) It shall be the duty of every liquidator to create and maintain a complete record of all the work done and steps taken in connection with the liquidation (referred to in this Order as "the liquidation files"). (2) The liquidation files shall include (a) a duplicate of the Court file; (b) minutes of the meetings of creditors and/or contributories; (c) minutes of the meetings of the liquidation committee; (d) liquidator's reports; (e) liquidator's accounts; (f) proofs of debt and records relating to their adjudication; (g) records relating to the collection and realisation of the assets; (h) records relating to the liquidation bank accounts; (i) liquidator's correspondence; and (j) notices sent or published by the liquidator. (3) The liquidator shall retain the liquidation files in safe custody for at least 3 years following the dissolution of the company. (4) In the event that the official liquidator resigns, dies or is removed from office, the official liquidator, or that person's personal representative, shall forthwith deliver the official liquidator's liquidation files to the official liquidator's successor (although the official liquidator shall be entitled to make and retain a copy at the official liquidator's own expense). Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ORDER 26 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 125 3. Company's Books and Records (O.26, r.3) 3. (1) It shall be the duty of the official liquidator to take possession or control of all the company's books and records, including those

maintained in electronic form. (2) The liquidator shall keep the company's books and records in safe custody unless and until the liquidator is authorised or directed to destroy them in accordance with the order of the Court (in the case of a compulsory liquidation) or in accordance with a resolution of the company (in the case of a voluntary liquidation). (3) The Court may direct (in the case of a compulsory liquidation) or the company may resolve (in the case of a voluntary liquidation) that particular classes of books and records of the company be destroyed prior to the conclusion of the liquidation on the ground that they are redundant and of no relevance to the liquidation. (4) Upon making an order for dissolution (in the case of a compulsory liquidation), the Court shall give directions in respect of the preservation, storage and destruction of the company's remaining books and records. (5) Notice of the final general meeting (in the case of a voluntary liquidation) shall include a resolution in respect of the preservation, storage and destruction of the company's books and records and, in the event that there is no quorum, the resolution is deemed to have been passed. (6) The cost of post-dissolution storage and destruction of a company's books and records shall be an expense of the liquidation for which provision must be made in the official liquidator's final accounts. 4.

Rights of access to the Court File (O.26, r.4) 4. (1) The following persons shall have the right to inspect the Court file in respect of a liquidation proceeding and take copies of filed documents (a) the liquidator; (b) any former liquidator or controller of the company; (c) any person who was a director or professional service provider of the company immediately before the commencement of the liquidation; (d) the Authority, in the case of a company which carried on a regulated business; and (e) any person stating themselves in writing to be a creditor or contributory of the company. (2) The right of inspection conferred upon a person under this Rule may be exercised on that person's behalf by an attorney or other person properly authorised to act for that person. (3) Any other person may inspect the Court file by special leave of the Court. ORDER 26 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 126 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (4) The right of inspection conferred by this Rule is not exercisable in respect of any documents (except the petition and Court orders) or parts of any documents which the Court has directed to be sealed pursuant to Order 23, rule 6. (5) If, in the case of a person applying to inspect the Court file, the Registrar is not satisfied as to the propriety of the application, the Registrar may refuse to allow it, in which case such person may then apply forthwith and ex parte to a Judge who may refuse the inspection, allow it or allow it on such terms as the Judge thinks fit. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation)

APPENDIX c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 127 APPENDIX PRESCRIBED FORMS (O.1, R.7) INDEX 1. Statutory Demand under section 93 (O. 2, r. 2) 2. Winding Up Petition (O. 3, r. 2) 2A. Petition for the Appointment of a Restructuring Officer (O.1A, r.2) 2B. Ex Parte Summons for Appointment of Interim Restructuring Officer (O.1A, r.4) 3. Advertisement of Winding Up Petition (O. 3, r. 6) 3A. Advertisement of Petition to Appoint Restructuring Officer (O.1A, r.1(3)) 4. Notice of Appearance (O. 3, r. 8) 4A. Notice of Appearance (O.1A, r.3) 5. Summons for Directions (O. 3, r. 11) 6. Winding Up Order (O. 3, r. 22) 7. Order for appointment of Provisional Liquidator pursuant to s. 104(2) (O. 4, r. 4) 8. Order for appointment of Provisional Liquidator pursuant to s. 104(3) (O. 4, r. 7) 8A. Order for the Appointment of a Restructuring Officer (O.1A, r.6) 8B. Ex Parte Order for the Appointment of an Interim Restructuring Officer (O.1A, r.6) 9. Notice of Appointment of Official Liquidator (O. 5, r. 3) 10. Notice under Section 101 (O. 6, r. 1) 11. Notice under Section 101 (O. 6, r. 1) 12. Order for Examination (O. 7, r. 2) 13. Official Liquidator's

Certificate (Solvency/Insolvency) (O. 8, r. 1) 14. Official Liquidator's Revised Certificate (Solvency/Insolvency) (O. 8, r. 1) 15. Official Liquidators Certificate (Composition of Liquidation Committee) (O. 9, r. 1) 16. Summons (Sanction Application) (O. 11, r. 1) 16A. Remuneration Approval Summons (O.1A, r.10(3)) 16B. Summons for the Variation or Discharge of Order Appointing Restructuring Officers (O.1A, r.9(1)) 16C. Removal and Replacement Summons (O.1A, r.13(1)) 16D. Summons for the Variation or Discharge of Order Appointing Provisional Liquidators 17. Notice of Rectification of Register of Members (O. 12, r. 3) 18. Summons (Appeal against Rectification) (O. 12, r. 4) 19. Notice of Voluntary Winding Up (O. 13, r. 2) 20. Voluntary Liquidator's Consent to Act (O. 13, r. 2) 21. Declaration of Solvency (O. 14, r. 1) 22. Advertisement of Voluntary Winding Up (O. 15, r. 5) 23. Supervision Order (O. 15, r. 8) 24. Proof of Debt (O. 16, r. 2) 25. Notice of Admission of Proof of Debt (O. 16, r. 6) APPENDIX Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 128 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c 26. Notice of Rejection of Proof of Debt (O. 16, r. 6) 27. Notice of Admission of Deposit Claims (O. 16, r. 7) 28. Official Liquidator's Certificate (Currency of Liquidation) (O. 16, r. 13) 29. Notice (Contingent Claims) (O. 16, r. 16) 30. Summons (Appeal against rejection of proof of debt) (O. 16, r. 18) 31. Summons (Application to expunge a proof of debt) (O. 16, r. 21) 32. Notice of Intention to Declare Interim Dividend (O. 18, r. 6) 33. Notice of Intention to Declare Final Dividend (O. 18, r.7) 34. Notice of Final Dividend (O. 18, r. 7) 35. Notice of Call (O. 19, r. 2) 36. Order for Dissolution (O. 22, r. 2) 37. Voluntary Liquidator's Final Return to the Registrar (O. 13, r. 12) Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR Form No 1 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 129 CWR Form No 1 Statutory Demand under section 93 of the Companies Act (O. 2, r. 2) THE COMPANIES ACT STATUTORY DEMAND UNDER SECTION 93 To : [State full name of debtor company] (the "Company") Address: [State the address of the registered office of the debtor company] This demand is served on the Company by Name: [state full name of the creditor] (the "Creditor") Address: [State the address of the Creditor] The Creditor claims that the Company owes the sum of [state the currency and principal amount of the debt] and interest of [if applicable, state the amount of interest accrued due as at the date of the statutory demand] calculated up to and including the date of this demand, being a total indebtedness of [state total amount] particulars of which are stated overleaf. The Creditor demands that the Company do pay this debt or secure or compound for it to the Creditor's satisfaction. If payment of this debt is not made within twenty-one (21) days of the date upon which this statutory demand is served on the Company's registered office, the Company will be deemed to be insolvent and a winding up petition may be presented against the Company in accordance with section 92(d) of the Companies Act. Dated this day of 20 _____ Signature Title: [State the name of the person signing and the basis upon which that person is authorised to do so on behalf of the Creditor] Address: [State address and contact details of the person who signed the statutory demand on behalf of the Creditor] CWR Form No 1 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 130 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c PARTICULARS OF THE DEBT [State in narrative form full details of the way in which the debt arose, including the consideration for it. For example, if the debt arose pursuant to a written contract, the contract documentation should be clearly identified. Documents evidencing the amount of the debt, such as statements of account or invoices, should be identified. If the demand includes interest, full particulars of the basis upon which interest is payable should be set out together with a calculation of the amount due. Relevant documents may be annexed, but the statutory demand itself

must contain in narrative form a clear and concise statement of the amount due and the basis upon which the debt arose.] [If the Creditor is the assignee of a debt, particulars of the assignment must be stated, including the date upon which notice of assignment was served upon the Company.] HOW TO COMPLY WITH THIS STATUTORY DEMAND 1. If the Company wishes to avoid a winding up petition being presented, the amount due must be paid within twenty-one (21) days. 2. Alternatively, it is open to the Company to seek to negotiate a settlement with the Creditor, failing which the amount due must be paid within twenty-one (21) days. 3. Payment may be made by transferring funds to the Creditor's account at [state full details of the Creditor's bank account and all necessary wire transfer instructions]. 4. [Set out any alternative methods of payment acceptable to the Creditor.]

Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR Form No. 2 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 131 CWR Form No. 2 Winding Up Petition (O.3, r.2) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION FSD CAUSE NO. OF 20 IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company] [on contributory's petition] [BETWEEN] [Petitioner] [AND] [Respondent(s)] WINDING UP PETITION To the Grand Court The humble petition of [state name and address of petitioner] shows that: 1. [Set out particulars of the company's incorporation including the date of its incorporation, registration number, details of any name changes and its current registered office.] 2. [If the company is a foreign company, state the basis upon which it is alleged the Court has jurisdiction to make a winding up order in respect of it.] 3. [Set out a description of the company's business to the extent that this is known to the petitioner, including a statement about the countries in which it carries on its business.] 4. [Set out a concise statement of the grounds upon which the petitioner claims to be entitled to a winding up order.] 5. [State the full name and address of the qualified insolvency practitioner (and any foreign practitioner) whom the petitioner is nominating for appointment as official liquidator.] Your Petitioner(s) therefore humbly pray(s) that: (1) The Company be wound up in accordance with the Companies Act. (2) [State name and address of official liquidator] be appointed as official liquidator of the Company. (3) [Any other orders and directions]. CWR Form No. 2 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 132 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c Dated the day of 20 . [Signature of Petitioner's Attorney]

NOTE: This petition is intended to be served on the Company and [state name(s) and address(es) of any other persons upon whom it is intended to serve the petition]. This Petition was presented by [name of Petitioner or the Petitioner s Attorney] whose address for service is [state address within the jurisdiction] [Attorney for the Petitioner]. NOTICE OF HEARING TAKE NOTICE THAT the hearing of this petition will take place at the Law Courts, George Town, Grand Cayman, on [state the hearing date] at 10.00am. Any correspondence or communication with the Court relating to the hearing of this petition should be addressed to the Registrar of the Financial Services Division of the Grand Court at PO Box 495, Grand Cayman, KY1-1106, telephone 345 949 4296. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 2A c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 133 CWR FORM No. 2A Petition for the Appointment of a Restructuring Officer (O.1A, r.2) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION CAUSE NO: FSD OF 20[] () IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company]

PETITION FOR APPOINTMENT OF
RESTRUCTURING OFFICER _____ To the

Grand Court The humble petition of [state name of company] (Company) shows that: 1. [Set out particulars of the Company's incorporation including the date of its incorporation, registration number, details of any name changes and its current registered office.] 2. [If the Company is a foreign company, state the basis upon which it is alleged the Court has jurisdiction to appoint restructuring officers in respect of it.] 3. [Set out a description of the Company's business, including a statement about the countries in which it carries on its business.] 4. [State the grounds upon which the appointment of restructuring officers is sought.] 5. [State that the directors intend to formulate, or assist restructuring officers to formulate, a compromise or arrangement with its creditors (or class thereof).] 6. [State the full name and address of the qualified insolvency practitioner(s) (and any foreign practitioner) whom the Company is nominating for appointment as restructuring officer.] CWR FORM No. 2A Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 134 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c Your petitioner therefore humbly pray(s) that: (1) [State name and address of restructuring officer(s)] be appointed as restructuring officers of the Company. (2) [Set out any other orders and directions.] AND your petitioner will ever pray etc. Dated the day of 20[] .

[Signature of Company's Attorney] [[If the Company carries on a regulated business][NOTE: This petition is intended to be served on the Authority]]. This petition was presented by the Company whose address for service is [state address within the jurisdiction] and whose attorney of record in the Cayman Islands is [name and address of attorney].

NOTICE OF HEARING TAKE NOTICE THAT the hearing of this petition will take place at the Law Courts, George Town, Grand Cayman, on [state the hearing date] at [state hearing time]. Any correspondence or communication with the Court relating to the hearing of this petition should be addressed to the Registrar of the Financial Services Division of the Grand Court at PO Box 495, Grand Cayman, KY1-1106, telephone 345 949 4296 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 2B c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 135 CWR FORM No. 2B Ex Parte Summons for Appointment of Interim Restructuring Officer (O.1A, r.4) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION CAUSE NO: FSD OF 20[] () IN THE MATTER OF SECTION 91C OF THE Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company] _____ EX PARTE SUMMONS FOR APPOINTMENT OF INTERIM RESTRUCTURING OFFICER

LET ALL PARTIES CONCERNED attend before the Mr(s) Justice [state name of assigned Judge] in Chambers at the Law Courts, George Town, Grand Cayman on [state date] at [state precise time] upon an application by [name of the company] ("Company") pursuant to section 91C of the Companies Act for the following orders: 1. [State name and address of interim restructuring officer(s)] be appointed as interim restructuring officer(s) of the Company ("Interim Restructuring Officer(s)") pending the hearing of the petition for the appointment of restructuring officers of the Company dated [insert date]. 2. The Interim Restructuring Officer(s) is/are hereby authorised [set out the scope of the restructuring officer's authority in numbered sub-paragraphs]. 3. The Interim Restructuring Officer(s) is/are directed to: 3.1 [state powers of, and directions to, the Interim Restructuring Officer(s).] 4. The Company's directors are hereby authorised [set out the scope of the powers, which the directors are authorised to continue to exercise]. 5. The remuneration and expenses of the Interim Restructuring Officer(s) shall be paid out of the assets of the Company in any event. 6. [Set

question of whether or not an order appointing restructuring officers should be made and, if such an order is made, who should be appointed as restructuring officers(s) of the Company. Any creditor or shareholder who opposes the appointment of [state name of Company's nominee] must nominate [an] alternative qualified insolvency practitioner(s) who consent[s] to act and [has/have] sworn an affidavit complying with the requirements of the Companies Winding Up Rules, Order 1A, rule 3(3)(b). Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 4 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 139 CWR FORM No. 4 Notice of Appearance (O.3, r.8) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION FSD CAUSE NO. OF 20 IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company] NOTICE OF APPEARANCE TAKE NOTICE that that [state name and address] intends to appear on the hearing of the winding up petition to [support/oppose] the making of a winding up order [and/or] [support/oppose] the appointment of [state names] as official liquidator of the Company. AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that [state name] is a [creditor to whom the Company owes \$] [the registered holder of _____ shares of the Company]. Dated this day of 20 .

_____ [Attorney's signature] This Notice is served by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the creditor or shareholder] CWR FORM No. 4A Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 140 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 4A Notice of Appearance (O.1A, r.3) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION CAUSE NO: FSD OF 20[] () IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company]

_____ NOTICE OF APPEARANCE
_____ TAKE NOTICE that [state name of company] intends to appear on the hearing of the petition to [support/oppose] the appointment of a restructuring officer to [state company name] ("Company") [and/or] [support/oppose] the appointment of [state names] as restructuring officer(s) of the Company. AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that [state name] is a [creditor to whom the Company owes \$ _____] [the registered holder of _____ shares of the Company]. Dated this day of 20[].

_____ [Attorney's signature] This notice is served by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the creditor or shareholder.] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 5 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 141 CWR FORM No. 5 Summons for Directions (O.3, r.11) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION FSD CAUSE NO. OF 20 IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company] [BETWEEN] Petitioner [AND] Respondent(s) SUMMONS FOR DIRECTIONS LET THE PARTIES attend before the Mr(s) Justice [state name of assigned Judge] in Chambers at the Law Courts, George Town, Grand Cayman on [state date] at [state precise time] upon an application by the Petitioner for the following orders: 1. [set out in numbered paragraphs the precise relief sought by reference to the matters contained in CWR Order 3, Rule 12(1).] 2. Such further or other directions as the Court sees fit. Dated this day of 20 .

_____ [Signature of Applicant's Attorney] CWR FORM No. 5 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 142 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c TO: The Registrar of the Financial Services Division

AND TO: 1. the Company 2. [list the names and addresses of all the shareholders upon whom it is intended to serve the Summons for Directions.] TIME ESTIMATE: The estimated length of the hearing of this summons is [state time]. This Summons for Directions was issued by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the petitioner]. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 6 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 143 CWR FORM No. 6 Winding Up Order (O.3, r.16) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION FSD CAUSE NO. OF 20 The Honourable Mr(s) Justice [] In Open Court [date] IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company] [on contributory's petition] [BETWEEN] [Petitioner] [AND] [Respondent(s)] WINDING UP ORDER UPON the application of [state name of petitioner] upon its petition dated [state date] for an order that [state name of Company] (the "Company") be wound up. AND UPON hearing counsel for the petitioner [and the Company and any other persons who were heard] AND UPON reading [set out details of all the relevant affidavits] IT IS ORDERED that: 1. The Company be wound up in accordance with the Companies Act. 2. [state name and address] be appointed official liquidator of the Company. 3. [if any further directions are made at the hearing of the petition, these directions may be set out in the winding up order or in a separate order for directions]. CWR FORM No. 6 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 144 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c 4. The petitioner's costs shall be paid out of the assets of the Company as an expense of the liquidation, such costs to be taxed if not agreed with the official liquidator(s). 5. [any other orders for costs]. Dated the day of 20 Filed the day of 20 The Honourable Mr(s) Justice [name of assigned Judge] JUDGE OF THE GRAND COURT This Order was filed by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the petitioner]. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 7 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 145 CWR FORM No. 7 Order for Appointment of Provisional Liquidator upon the application of a creditor or contributory (O.4, r.4) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION FSD CAUSE NO. OF 20 The Honourable Mr(s) Justice [] In [Chambers] [Open Court] [date] IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company] [on contributory's petition] [BETWEEN] [Petitioner] [AND] [Respondent(s)] ORDER FOR APPOINTMENT OF PROVISIONAL LIQUIDATOR UPON the application of [state name of petitioner/applicant] upon its Summons dated [state date] for an order that [state name of provisional liquidator] be appointed provisional liquidator of [name of company] (the "Company"). AND UPON hearing counsel for the [petitioner/applicant] [and the Company and any other persons who were heard] AND UPON reading the petition. AND UPON reading [set out details of all the relevant affidavits] CWR FORM No. 7 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 146 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c AND UPON the [petitioner/applicant] undertaking by its counsel to pay any damage suffered by the Company as a result of this order and/or the appointment of the provisional liquidator in the event that the winding up petition is ultimately withdrawn or dismissed. IT IS ORDERED that: 1. [state name and address] be appointed provisional liquidator of the Company ("the Provisional Liquidator"). 2. The Provisional Liquidator is hereby authorised [set out the scope of the provisional liquidator's authority in numbered sub-paragraphs]. 3. The Provisional Liquidator is directed [set out any specific directions in numbered sub- paragraphs]. 4. The Company's directors

are hereby authorised [set out the scope of the powers, if any, which the directors are authorised to exercise]. 5. The winding up petition shall be advertised [state countries or newspapers in which advertisements are to be published] no later than [state date]. 6. The petition shall be heard on [state date] at 10.00am. Dated the _____ day of _____ 20____ Filed the _____ day of _____ 20____

The Honourable Mr(s) Justice [name of assigned Judge] JUDGE OF THE GRAND COURT
This Order was filed by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the petitioner/applicant]. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 8 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 147 CWR FORM No. 8 Order for Appointment of Provisional Liquidator upon the application of the Company (O.4, r.7) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION CAUSE NO: FSD OF 20[] () IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company]

ORDER FOR

APPOINTMENT OF PROVISIONAL LIQUIDATOR

UPON

hearing counsel for [name of company] (the "Company") upon its Summons dated [state date] for an order that [state name of provisional liquidator] be appointed provisional liquidator of the Company [AND UPON hearing counsel for [any other persons who were heard] AND UPON reading the petition AND UPON reading [set out details of all the relevant affidavits]. IT IS ORDERED that: 1. [state name and address] be appointed provisional liquidator(s) of the Company (the "Provisional Liquidator(s)"). 2. The Provisional Liquidator(s) [is/are] hereby authorised [set out the scope of the provisional liquidator's authority in numbered sub-paragraphs]. 3. The Provisional Liquidator(s) [is/are] directed [set out any specific directions in numbered sub-paragraphs]. 4. The Company's directors are hereby authorised [set out the scope of the powers, if any, which the directors are authorised to exercise]. 5. [The winding up petition shall be advertised [state countries or newspapers in which advertisements are to be published] no later than [state date].] CWR FORM No. 8 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 148 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c 6. The remuneration and expenses of the Provisional Liquidator(s) shall be paid out of the assets of the Company in any event. 7. [The petition shall be heard on [state date] at 10.00am.] Dated the _____ day of _____ 20[]. Filed the _____ day of _____ 20[].

The Honourable Mr/s Justice [name of assigned Judge] JUDGE OF THE GRAND COURT This Order was filed by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the petitioner/applicant] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 8A c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 149 CWR FORM No. 8A Order for the Appointment of a Restructuring Officer (O.1A, r.6) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION CAUSE NO: FSD OF 20[] () IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company]

ORDER FOR

APPOINTMENT OF RESTRUCTURING OFFICER

UPON the

application of [name of company] (the "Company") upon its petition for an order that [state name of restructuring officer(s)] (the "Restructuring Officer(s)") be appointed Restructuring Officer(s) (the "Petition"). AND UPON reading the Petition. AND UPON

reading [set out details of all the relevant affidavits] IT IS ORDERED that: 1. [state name and address] be appointed Restructuring Officer(s) of the Company. 2. The Restructuring Officer(s) [is/are] hereby authorised [set out the scope of the restructuring officer's authority in numbered sub-paragraphs]. 3. The Restructuring Officer(s) [is/are] directed to: 3.1 [prepare a report about the financial condition of the Company]; 3.2 [serve and/or publish the report about the financial condition of the Company]; 3.3 [enter into an international protocol with a foreign officeholder]; 3.4 [prepare/advise upon the preparation of a scheme of arrangement or in respect of any other proposal in respect of the Company's indebtedness]; 3.5 [convene a meeting of the Company's creditors and/or members]; and 3.6 [other specific directions]. CWR FORM No. 8A Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 150 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c 4. The Company's directors are hereby authorised [set out the scope of the powers which the directors are authorised to continue to exercise]. 5. [That notwithstanding the presentation of the Petition: 5.1 payments made into or out of the bank accounts of the Company in the ordinary course of business of the Company; and 5.2 dispositions of the property of the Company made in the ordinary course of business for proper value, between the date of the presentation of the Petition and further order in the meantime shall not be voided by the provisions of section 99 of the Companies Act in the event of an order for the winding up of the Company being made, provided that [name of relevant bank] shall be under no obligation to verify for itself whether any transaction through the Company's bank accounts is in the ordinary course of business or that it represents market value for the relevant transaction. [If seeking validation of a particular transaction in addition to or instead of a general order, clearly state the order sought]. 6. [Provision for the payment of liabilities incurred and falling due during the period in which the Restructuring Officer(s) is/are in office.]. 7. The remuneration and expenses of the Restructuring Officer shall be paid out of the assets of the Company in any event. 8. A case management conference be listed for hearing on [insert date] for the purpose of the Court assessing the progress made by the Restructuring Officer(s) with respect to any compromise or arrangement. Dated the day of 20[]. Filed the day of 20[].

_____ The Honourable Mr/s Justice [name of assigned Judge] JUDGE OF THE GRAND COURT This Order was filed by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the Company] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 8B c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 151 CWR FORM No. 8B Ex Parte Order for the Appointment of an Interim Restructuring Officer (O.1A, r.6) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION CAUSE NO: FSD OF 20[] () IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company]

_____ EX
PARTE ORDER FOR APPOINTMENT OF INTERIM RESTRUCTURING OFFICER

UPON the application of [name of company] (the "Company") upon its petition for an order that [state name of restructuring officer(s)] (the "Restructuring Officer(s)") be appointed Restructuring Officer(s). AND UPON the application of the Company by way of ex parte summons seeking the appointment of the Restructuring Officer(s) on an interim basis pending the hearing of the petition ("Interim Restructuring Officer(s)") AND UPON reading [set out details of all the relevant affidavits] IT IS ORDERED that: 1. [state name

and address] be appointed Interim Restructuring Officer(s) of the Company. 2. The Interim Restructuring Officer(s) [is/are] hereby authorised [set out the scope of the Interim Restructuring Officer(s) authority in numbered sub-paragraphs]. 3. The Interim Restructuring Officer(s) [is/are] directed to: 3.1 [insert specific directions] CWR FORM No. 8B Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 152 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c 4. The Company's directors are hereby authorised [set out the scope of the powers, which the directors are authorised to continue to exercise]. 5. [Provision for the payment of liabilities incurred and falling due during the period in which the Interim Restructuring Officer(s) is/are in in office]. 6. The remuneration and expenses of the Interim Restructuring Officer(s) shall be paid out of the assets of the Company in any event. 7. The petition be listed for hearing on [insert date]. Dated the day of 20[]. Filed the day of 20[].

_____ The Honourable Mr/s Justice [name of assigned Judge] JUDGE OF THE GRAND COURT This Order was filed by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the Company] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 9 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 153 CWR FORM No. 9 Notice of Appointment of Official Liquidator (O. 5, r. 3) THE COMPANIES ACT NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF OFFICIAL LIQUIDATOR [Name of company] (In liquidation) TAKE NOTICE that by order of the Grand Court made on [state date] [state name of company], registration number [] whose registered office is situated at [state address], was ordered to be wound up in accordance with the Companies Act. AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that [state name and contact details] has been appointed as official liquidator of the Company. Dated this day of 20 . _____ [Signature of official liquidator]

CWR FORM No. 10 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 154 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 10 Notice requiring submission of a statement of affairs (O. 6, r. 1) THE COMPANIES ACT NOTICE UNDER SECTION 101 [Name of company] (In liquidation) To: [State full name and address of deponent] You are hereby required to make a Statement of Affairs in respect of the above-named Company. Take notice that 1. Your Statement of Affairs should be prepared in the form of the draft enclosed herewith and must address all the matters reflected in the draft. 2. Guidance notes are enclosed for your assistance. 3. The Official Liquidator has also served notice under Section 101 of the Companies Act upon the persons listed on page [2] of this Notice. 4. You will be given access to the Company's books and records at the offices of the Official Liquidator at [state relevant address] during the hours of 8.30am to 5.00pm on weekdays. 5. You may apply to the Official Liquidator for reimbursement of any expenses reasonably and properly incurred in complying with this Notice. 6. Your Statement of Affairs must be completed, exhibited to a verifying affidavit and delivered to the Official Liquidator on [state date] or such later date as may be agreed in writing with the Official Liquidator. And further take notice that if you fail, without reasonable excuse, to comply with this Notice, you are liable to be prosecuted and fined up to CI\$10,000. Dated this day of 20 . _____ [Signature of Official Liquidator] [Full name, address and contact details of Official Liquidator]

LIST OF PERSONS ON WHOM NOTICE UNDER SECTION 101 HAVE BEEN SERVED [List the full names and addresses of all the other individuals and/or service providers upon whom notices have been served.] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 11 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 155 CWR FORM No. 11 Notice requiring a person to

state whether that person concurs with a statement of affairs (O. 6, r. 1) THE COMPANIES ACT NOTICE UNDER SECTION 101 [Name of company] (In liquidation) To: [State full name and address of deponent] You are hereby required to state whether or not you concur with the Statement of Affairs prepared and signed by [state name(s) of relevant person(s)] on [state date], a copy of which is served herewith. Take notice that 1. You are required to state whether or not you agree that the Statement of Affairs constitutes a true and accurate reflection of the Company's financial position. 2. You are required to make all such enquiries as may be necessary or appropriate to enable you to make an informed decision. 3. Guidance notes are enclosed for your assistance. 4. The Official Liquidator has also served notice under Section 101 of the Companies Act upon the persons listed on page [2] of this Notice. 5. You will be given access to the Company's books and records at the offices of the Official Liquidator at [state relevant address] during the hours of 8.30am to 5.00pm on weekdays. 6. You may apply to the Official Liquidator for reimbursement of any expenses reasonably and properly incurred in complying with this Notice. CWR FORM No. 11 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 156 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c 7. If you concur with the Statement of Affairs, you must swear a verifying affidavit stating that you concur and your affidavit must be delivered to the Official Liquidator on [state date] or such later date as may be agreed in writing with the Official Liquidator. 8. If you do not concur with the Statement of Affairs, your reasons for not doing so must be stated in an affidavit which must be delivered to the Official Liquidator on [state date] or such later date as may be agreed in writing with the Official Liquidator. And further take notice that if you fail, without reasonable excuse, to comply with this Notice, you are liable to be prosecuted and fined up to CI\$10,000. Dated this day of 20 . _____ [Signature of Official Liquidator] [Full name, address and contact details of Official Liquidator]

LIST OF PERSONS ON WHOM NOTICE UNDER SECTION 101 HAVE BEEN SERVED [List the full names and addresses of all the other individuals and/or service providers upon whom notices have been served.] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 12 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 157 CWR FORM No. 12 Order for Examination (O.7, r.2) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION In [Open Court][Chambers] [date of order] The Honourable Mr(s) Justice [] FSD CAUSE NO: OF 20 IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company] AND BETWEEN: [State name of official liquidator] Applicant AND: [State name of examinee] Respondent ORDER FOR TO DELIVER UP DOCUMENTS AND/OR FOR EXAMINATION UPON the application of the official liquidator pursuant to section 103(3) of the Companies Act by the official liquidator's summons dated [state date] for an order that [state name of the examinee] (the "Examinee") deliver up documents to the official liquidator and/or be examined by the official liquidator. AND UPON reading [set out details of all the relevant affidavits] AND UPON hearing counsel for the parties [AND UPON counsel for the official liquidator undertaking on the official liquidator's behalf [set out undertakings]] IT IS ORDERED that: 1. The Examinee shall deliver up to the official liquidator all of the documents specified in Schedule One to this order on or before [state date]. CWR FORM No. 12 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 158 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c 2. For the purpose of the [examination][Interrogatories] referred to in this Order, on or before [state date] the official liquidator shall provide to the Examinee copies of all of the documents specified in Schedule

Two to this Order. [If the official liquidator seeks an order that the Examinee swear an affidavit in answer to written interrogatories, [The official liquidator shall, on or before [state date] serve on the Examinee written interrogatories in substantially the same form as annexed to this Order (the "Interrogatories").] 3. The Examinee shall [attend at [state address in the Cayman Islands] on [state date] at [state time] (or at such other place in the Cayman Islands and on such other date and time as may be agreed with the official liquidator) to be examined orally and on oath by or on behalf of the official liquidator about the matters described in Schedule Three to this order.] [on or before [state date] swear, and serve on the official liquidator, an affidavit in answer to the Interrogatories] [and if an oral examination is ordered -] 4. The examination may be adjourned from time to time. Each session of the examination shall last no more than four (4) hours and the examination shall not last longer than [state time] in total without a further order of the Court. 5. The Examinee shall be entitled to have the Examinee's attorney present at the examination, but such attorney shall not be entitled to participate in the examination by putting questions to the examinee unless permitted to do so by the official liquidator. 6. The examination shall be conducted in the form of questions and answers. The examination shall be recorded by a court reporter. The court reporter shall prepare a transcription of the examination and certify it as a complete and accurate transcription. 7. The court reporter shall record the names and addresses of all the persons present and the times(s) at which the examination commenced and finished. 8. If the official liquidator requires a document referred to during the examination to be exhibited to the transcript then it shall be exhibited to the transcript. [and whether interrogatories or an examination is ordered] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 12 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 159 9. The Examinee shall answer all the questions put to the examinee in the [examination] [Interrogatories] (subject to any claim of self-incrimination or legal professional privilege) which are within the Examinee's knowledge or means of knowledge regarding any matter within the scope of this Order. If required to do so by the official liquidator, the Examinee shall provide the names and addresses of any person who reasonably might be expected to have knowledge of any question put to the Examinee. 10. If the Examinee objects to answering any question put to the examinee, the examinee shall state the grounds of the examinee's objection. If the Examinee has objected to answering any question put to the examinee then the official liquidator may apply to the Court for an order that the Examinee answer the question. Any such application shall be made on notice to the Examinee on not less than [number] of days' notice. 11. [further or other directions] Dated the day of 20 Filed the day of 20

_____ The Honourable Mr(s) Justice
[name of assigned Judge] JUDGE OF THE GRAND COURT CWR FORM No. 13
Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 160 Consolidated as at 31st
December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 13 Official Liquidator's certificate
(Solvency/Insolvency) (O.8, r.1) THE COMPANIES ACT OFFICIAL LIQUIDATOR'S
CERTIFICATE [Name of company] (In liquidation) Grand Court FSD Cause No: of 20 ____

TAKE NOTICE that the Official Liquidator hereby certifies that the Official Liquidator has determined that the above-named Company should be treated as [solvent, insolvent or of doubtful solvency, as the case may be], for the purposes of section 110(4) of the Companies Act and CWR Orders 8 and 9. AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that the Official Liquidator may change the Official Liquidator's determination from time to time in

the light of changes of relevant circumstances and/or the Official Liquidator's assessment of the Company's financial position. Dated this _____ day of _____ 20 .

[Signature of Official Liquidator] [Full name, address and contact details of Official Liquidator] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 14 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 161
CWR FORM No. 14 Official Liquidator's Revised Certificate (Solvency/Insolvency) (O.8, r.1)

THE COMPANIES ACT OFFICIAL LIQUIDATOR'S REVISED CERTIFICATE [Name of company] (In liquidation) Grand Court FSD Cause No: _____ of 20 BY a certificate dated [insert date] and filed on [insert date] the Official Liquidator certified that the Official Liquidator had determined that the above-named Company should be treated as [solvent, insolvent or of doubtful solvency, as the case may be], for the purposes of section 110(4) of the Companies Act and CWR Orders 8 and 9. TAKE NOTICE that the Official Liquidator has changed the Official Liquidator's determination and hereby certifies that the Official Liquidator has determined that the above-named Company should be treated as [solvent, insolvent or of doubtful solvency, as the case may be], for the purposes of section 110(4) of the Companies Act and CWR Orders 8 and 9 with effect from the date of this Notice. AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that the Official Liquidator may change the Official Liquidator's determination again in the light of further changes of relevant circumstances and/or the Official Liquidator's assessment of the Company's financial position. Dated this _____ day of _____ 20 .

[Signature of Official Liquidator] [Full name, address and contact details of Official Liquidator] CWR FORM No. 15 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 162 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 15 Official Liquidator's Certificate (Composition of Liquidation Committee) (O.9, r.1) THE COMPANIES ACT

OFFICIAL LIQUIDATOR'S CERTIFICATE COMPOSITION OF LIQUIDATION COMMITTEE [Name of company] (In liquidation) Grand Court FSD Cause No: _____ of 20
The Official Liquidator hereby certifies that a liquidation committee has been constituted on the basis that the Official Liquidator has determined the Company to be [solvent, insolvent or of doubtful solvency, as the case may be] for the purposes of section 110(4) of the Companies Act and CWR Order 9 and that the following [creditors or and contributories, as the case may be] have been appointed. 1. [State name of individual], representing [state name of creditor or contributory as the case may be] of [state address and contact details].
2. [List each of the members] Dated this _____ day of _____ 20 .

[Signature of Official Liquidator] [Full name, address and contact details of Official Liquidator] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 16 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 163
CWR FORM No. 16 Summons (Sanction Application) (O.11, r.1) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION FSD CAUSE NO: _____ OF 20 IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company] SUMMONS LET all parties concerned attend before Mr(s) Justice [name of assigned Judge] in Chambers at the Law Courts, George Town, Grand Cayman on [state date] at [state precise time] upon an application by the official liquidator [or creditor/contributory as the case may be] for the following orders and directions: 1. [set out in numbered paragraphs the relief sought]. 2. []. Dated this _____ day of _____ 20 .

[Signature of Applicant's Attorney] TO: The Registrar of the Financial Services Division AND TO: [state the names and addresses of each member of the liquidation committee] [alternatively state the name and address of

counsel to the liquidation committee, if counsel has been appointed with power to act generally] TIME ESTIMATE: The estimated length of the hearing of this summons is [state time]. This Summons was issued by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the official liquidator]. CWR FORM No. 16A Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 164 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 16A Remuneration Approval Summons (O.1A, r.10(3)) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION CAUSE NO: FSD OF 20[] () IN THE MATTER OF THE Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company] _____ SUMMONS _____

LET THE parties attend before the [state name of assigned Judge] in Chambers at the Law Courts, George Town, Grand Cayman on [state date] at [state precise time] upon an application by [identify restructuring officer(s)], the restructuring officer(s) (the "Restructuring Officer(s)") of [identify company] (the "Company") for the following orders: 1. That the Restructuring Officer['s][s'] remuneration for the period from [insert period commencement date] to [insert period completion date] in the amount of [insert amount] be approved and paid out of the assets of the Company. 2. The Restructuring Officer['s][s'] costs arising out of, and incidental to, this summons shall be paid out of the assets of the Company. 3. Such further or other directions as the Court sees fit Dated this day of 20[] _____

[Signature of Restructuring Officer[s][s] Attorney] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 16A c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 165 TO: The Registrar of the Financial Services Division AND TO: The Company's creditors and contributories [if the Company carries on a regulated business] The Authority TIME ESTIMATE: The estimated length of the hearing of this summons is [state time]. This summons was issued by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the Restructuring Officer(s)] CWR FORM No. 16B Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 166 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 16B Summons for the Variation or Discharge of Order Appointing Restructuring Officers (O.1A, r.9(1)) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION CAUSE NO: FSD OF 20[] () IN THE MATTER OF THE Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company] _____ SUMMONS _____

LET THE parties attend before the [state name of assigned Judge] in Chambers at the Law Courts, George Town, Grand Cayman on [state date] at [state precise time] upon an application by [identify applicant], [identify nature of applicant's standing pursuant to s. 91E(1) of the Act] of [identify company] (the "Company") for the following orders: 1. That the Order dated [insert date] appointing [identify Restructuring Officer(s)] as Restructuring Officer(s) of the Company ("Appointment Order") be [discharged or varied and, if varied, particularise the variations sought to the Appointment Order]. 2. [The Restructuring Officer['s][s'] costs, expenses and remuneration between the date of the Appointment Order and this Order shall be paid out of the assets of the Company.] 3. [The Company's liabilities incurred between the date of the Appointment Order and this order shall be paid out of the assets of the Company.] 4. Such further or other directions as the Court sees fit Dated this day of 20[]. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 16B c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 167

[Signature of Applicant's Attorney] [TO: The Registrar of the Financial Services Division AND TO: [if the

applicant is a creditor or contributory of the Company] The Company The Restructuring Officer [if the applicant is the Restructuring Officer(s)] The Company's creditors and contributories [if the applicant is the Company] The Company's creditors and contributories The Restructuring Officer [if the Company carries on a regulated business] The Authority] TIME ESTIMATE: The estimated length of the hearing of this summons is [state time]. This summons was issued by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the Applicant]. CWR FORM No. 16C Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 168 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 16C Removal and Replacement Summons (O.1A, r.13(1)) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION CAUSE NO: FSD OF 20[] () IN THE MATTER OF THE Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company] _____ SUMMONS _____

LET THE parties attend before the [state name of assigned Judge] in Chambers at the Law Courts, George Town, Grand Cayman on [state date] at [state precise time] upon an application by [identify applicant], [identify nature of applicant's standing pursuant to s. 91F(1) of the Law] of [identify company] (the "Company") for the following orders: 1. That [identify current Restructuring Officer(s)], the current Restructuring Officer(s) of the Company ("Previous Restructuring Officer(s)") be removed as Restructuring Officer(s) and [identify new Restructuring Officer(s)] be appointed as the replacement Restructuring Officer(s) of the Company ("Replacement Restructuring Officer(s)"). 2. That, save for paragraph 1 of the Order dated [insert date] appointing the Previous Restructuring Officer(s) ("Appointment Order"), the Appointment Order shall apply mutatis mutandis to the Replacement Restructuring Officer(s). 3. The Previous Restructuring Officer[s]'s costs, expenses and remuneration between the date of their appointment and this Order shall be paid out of the assets of the Company. 4. [The Company's liabilities incurred between the date of the appointment of the Current Restructuring Officer(s) and this Order shall be paid out of the assets of the Company.] 5. Such further or other directions as the Court sees fit Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 16C c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 169 Dated this _____ day of

20[]. _____ [Signature of Applicant's Attorney] [TO: The Registrar of the Financial Services Division AND TO:

[if the applicant is a creditor or contributory of the Company] The Company [if the applicant is the Company] The Restructuring Officer [if the applicant is the Restructuring Officer(s)] [if the Company carries on a regulated business] The Authority] TIME ESTIMATE: The estimated length of the hearing of this summons is [state time]. This summons was issued by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the Applicant]. CWR FORM No. 16D Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 170 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 16D Summons for the Variation or Discharge of Order Appointing Provisional Liquidators (O.4, r.9(3)) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION CAUSE NO: FSD OF 20[] () IN THE MATTER OF THE Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company] _____

SUMMONS _____ LET THE parties attend before the [state name of assigned Judge] in Chambers at the Law Courts, George Town, Grand Cayman on [state date] at [state precise time] upon an application by [identify applicant], [identify nature of applicant's standing in accordance with CWR O.4, r.9(1)] of [identify company] (the "Company") for the following orders: 1. That the Order dated [insert date] appointing

the appellant relies are [the grounds may be summarised in the summons or set out in the expert report served with the summons]. 4. The official liquidator ought to have rectified the Company's register of members in the following manner: [The alternative rectification contended for by the appellant may be set out in the summons or in an expert report served with the summons] CWR FORM No. 18 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation)

Page 174 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c And 5. The Court give directions as to the service of this summons. 6. [an order that the appellant's costs of this summons be paid out of the assets of the company, such costs to be taxed if not agreed with the official liquidator]. Dated this day of 20 . _____ [Signature of Appellant's Attorney]

TO: The Registrar of the Financial Services Division AND TO: The official liquidator TIME ESTIMATE: The estimated length of the hearing of this summons is [state time]. This Summons was issued by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the appellant].

Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 19 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 175

CWR FORM No. 19 Notice of Voluntary Winding Up (O.13, r.2) THE COMPANIES ACT NOTICE OF VOLUNTARY WINDING UP [Name of company] (In voluntary liquidation) Registration No_____ To: The Registrar of Companies TAKE NOTICE that the above-named Company was put into liquidation on [state commencement date] by a special resolution passed at an extraordinary meeting of the Company held on [state date] [or as the case may be]. AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that [state name] of [state address and contact details] has been appointed voluntary liquidator of the Company. Dated this day of 20 . _____ [Signature of

Voluntary Liquidator or Director as the case may be] [Full name, address and contact details of any person other than the Voluntary Liquidator who files this form] CWR FORM No. 20 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 176 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 20 Voluntary Liquidator's Consent to Act (O.13, r.2) THE COMPANIES ACT VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATOR'S CONSENT TO ACT [Name of company] (In voluntary liquidation) Registration No_____ To: The Registrar of Companies TAKE NOTICE that I/we, [state name(s)] of [in the event that the person(s) named accepts appointment in the ordinary course of their business as a corporate manager or insolvency practitioner, state the name of that named person(s) s firm] of [state address and contact details] hereby consent to act as Voluntary Liquidator of the above-named Company with effect from the commencement of the liquidation [or, if the appointment is made following the resignation, death or removal of the previous voluntary liquidator, the date upon which the appointment takes effect]. Dated this day of 20 .

_____ [Signature of Voluntary Liquidator] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 21 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 177 CWR FORM No. 21 Declaration of Solvency (O.14, r.1)

THE COMPANIES ACT DECLARATION OF SOLVENCY [Name of company] (In voluntary liquidation) Registration No_____ I/we, [state the name or names of the directors], being a director of the Company do solemnly and sincerely declare that I/we have made a full inquiry into the affairs of the Company and that, having done so, we believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts in full, together with interest at the prescribed rate within a period of twelve (12) months from the commencement of the winding up [or state a shorter period]. 1. _____ [Signature of

Director] [Full Name and Address of Director] [Date]

2. _____ [Signature of Director] [Full Name and Address

of Director] [Date] 3 etc. [The Declaration of Solvency must be signed by all the directors]

A person who knowingly makes a declaration without having reasonable grounds for the opinion that the company will be able to pay its debts in full, together with interest at the prescribed rate, within the period specified commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of ten thousand dollars and to imprisonment for two years. CWR FORM No. 22 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 178 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 22 Advertisement (Application for Supervision Order) (O.15, r.5) THE COMPANIES ACT [Name of company] (In voluntary liquidation) (the "Company") Grand Court FSD Cause No: OF 20 TAKE NOTICE that: 1. The above-named company was put in to voluntary liquidation on [state commencement date] and [state the name, address and contact details] was appointed as voluntary liquidator of the Company (the "Voluntary Liquidator"). 2. A petition has been presented to the Grand Court of the Cayman Islands, for an order that the liquidation continue under the supervision of the Grand Court and that [the Voluntary Liquidator] [alternatively, state the name address and contact details of the qualified insolvency practitioner nominated for appointment] be appointed as official liquidator of the Company. 3. The hearing of the petition will take place at the Law Courts, George Town, Grand Cayman on [state date] at [state time]. 4. Any creditor or shareholder of the Company is entitled to appear at the hearing of the petition for the purpose of being heard upon the question of who should be appointed as official liquidator of the Company provided that that creditor or shareholder gives at least three (3) days' notice of that creditor s or shareholder s intention to do so to the Voluntary Liquidator. Any creditor or shareholder who opposes the appointment of [state name of the petitioner s nominee] must nominate an alternative qualified insolvency practitioner who consents to act and has sworn an affidavit complying with the requirements of the Companies Winding Up Rules, Order 3, rule 4. Dated this day of 20 . _____

[Signature of Voluntary Liquidator] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 23 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 179 CWR FORM No. 23 Supervision Order (O.15, r.8) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION FSD CAUSE NO: OF 20__ IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company] The Honourable Mr(s) Justice [] In [Chambers][Open Court] [date] SUPERVISION ORDER UPON the application of [state name and address of voluntary liquidator] (the "Voluntary Liquidator") by the Voluntary Liquidator s petition for an order that the liquidation of [state name of Company] (the "Company") continue under the supervision of the Court. AND UPON [hearing counsel for the Voluntary Liquidator [and any persons who were heard]][the Court being satisfied that the application may be determined on the papers without an oral hearing] AND UPON reading the verifying affidavit sworn by the Voluntary Liquidator on [state date] [and [set out details of all other relevant affidavits]]. AND UPON the Court being satisfied that the Voluntary Liquidator is a qualified insolvency practitioner [or, alternatively, upon reading the affidavit of the qualified insolvency practitioner nominated for appointment in place of the voluntary liquidator]. IT IS ORDERED that: 1. The liquidation of the Company be continued under the supervision of the Court. CWR FORM No. 23 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 180 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c 2. [state name and address] be appointed official liquidator of the Company. 3. [if any further directions are made at the hearing of the petition, these directions may be set out in the supervision order or in a

separate order for directions]. 4. The Voluntary Liquidator's costs of this petition shall be paid out of the assets of the Company as an expense of the liquidation, such costs to be taxed if not agreed with the official liquidator. Dated the _____ day of _____ 20____
Filed the _____ day of _____ 20____

_____ The Honourable Mr(s) Justice
[name of assigned Judge] JUDGE OF THE GRAND COURT This Order was filed by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the Voluntary Liquidator]. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 24 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 181 CWR FORM No. 24 Proof of Debt (standard form) (O.16, r.2) THE COMPANIES ACT PROOF OF DEBT [Name of company] (In liquidation) Grand Court FSD Cause No: of 20____ 1 Creditor's Name 2 Creditor's Address 3 Amount of claim Principal Interest (if any) Total 4 Summarise the basis upon which the claim arises 5 List of supporting documentation (copies of which must be attached) 6 Summarise basis for interest claim 7 Interest calculation 8 Particulars of any security held including a list of the relevant documentation 9 Value of the security and date of valuation Dated this day of _____ 20____ . _____

[Signature of Creditor] [State the name of the person signing the proof of debt, the capacity in which that person is authorised to sign on behalf of the creditor and that person's contact details.] CWR FORM No. 25 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 182 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 25 Notice of Admission of Proof of Debt (O.16, r.6) THE COMPANIES ACT NOTICE OF ADMISSION OF PROOF OF DEBT [Name of company] (In liquidation) Grand Court FSD Cause No: of 20____ TO: [state Creditor's name and address] TAKE NOTICE that the Official Liquidator has adjudicated upon your proof of debt dated [state date] [and if the proof has been amended state the date of the amended proof] and hereby admits your claim for the full amount of [state amount]. Dated this day of _____ 20____.

_____ [Signature of Official Liquidator] [State Official Liquidator's name, address and contact details] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 26 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 183 CWR FORM No. 26 Notice of Rejection of Proof of Debt (O.16, r.6) THE COMPANIES ACT NOTICE OF REJECTION OF PROOF OF DEBT [Name of company] (In liquidation) Grand Court FSD Cause No: _____ of 20____ TO: [state Creditor's name and address] TAKE NOTICE that the Official Liquidator has adjudicated upon your proof of debt dated [state date] [and if the proof has been amended state the date of the amended proof] and hereby rejects your claim in full [or state the extent to which it is admitted and the state the extent to which it is rejected]. AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that your claim was rejected [or partially rejected as the case may be] for the following reasons [which may be set out in this form or attached in a separate document]. AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that you have the right to appeal to a Judge of the Grand Court for an order that the Official Liquidator's decision be reversed or varied. Any appeal must be made by summons in CWR Form No 31 which must be served upon the Official Liquidator no later than twenty-one (21) days after receipt of this Notice. Dated this day of _____ 20____.

_____ [Signature of Official Liquidator] [State Official Liquidator's name, address and contact details] CWR FORM No. 27 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 184 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 27 Notice of Admission (Bank deposit claims) (O.16, r.7) THE COMPANIES ACT NOTICE OF ADMISSION OF DEPOSIT CLAIMS [Name of bank] (In

liquidation) (the "Bank") Grand Court FSD Cause No: of 20 TO: [state Depositor's name and address] Account Number: [state full particulars of all bank account numbers] TAKE NOTICE that the amount of your deposit and interest accrued due as at [state date] recorded in the Bank's books and records is [state amount] and that the Official Liquidator has admitted you to proof in this amount. [If the amount for which the Depositor has admitted to proof is a net amount after having set off the sum due on a loan account, particulars of the amount of the loan must be set out in this Notice.] AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that if you consider that you should have been admitted to proof for an amount different from that stated in this Notice, you must contact the Official Liquidator immediately. Dated this day of 20__.

_____ [Signature of Official Liquidator] [State Official Liquidator's name, address and contact details] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 28 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 185 CWR FORM No. 28 Official Liquidator's Certificate (Currency of Liquidation (O.16, r.13) THE COMPANIES ACT OFFICIAL LIQUIDATOR'S CERTIFICATE (CURRENCY OF THE LIQUIDATION) [Name of Company] (In liquidation) Grand Court FSD Cause No: of 20 TO: The Creditors of the Company TAKE NOTICE that the Official Liquidator has determined in accordance with Section 150 of the Companies Act and CWR Order 16, rule 13 that the currency of the liquidation of the above-named Company shall be [state currency]. Dated this day of 20 . _____ [Signature of

Official Liquidator] [State Official Liquidator's name, address and contact details] CWR FORM No. 29 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 186 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 29 Notice (Contingent claims) (O.16, r.16) THE COMPANIES ACT NOTICE (CONTINGENT CLAIMS) [Name of company] (In liquidation) Grand Court FSD Cause No: of 20 TO: [state Creditor's name and address] TAKE NOTICE that the Official Liquidator has adjudicated upon your proof of debt dated [state date] [and if the proof has been amended state the date of the amended proof] and put an estimate of [state amount] upon your contingent claim. The basis upon which the Official Liquidator made this estimate is as follows: - [summarise the Official Liquidator's analysis in this form or in a separate document served with it]. AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that your claim has accordingly been admitted to proof in the amount of [state amount of Official Liquidator's estimate]. AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that 1. You have the right to submit an amended proof of debt having regard to any material change of circumstances occurring after the date of your original proof of debt. 2. The Official Liquidator is also entitled to vary the Official Liquidator's estimate of the value of your contingent claim in the light of any material change of circumstances occurring after the date of this Notice. 3. You have the right to appeal to a Judge of the Grand Court for an order that the Official Liquidator's decision be reversed or varied. Any appeal must be made by summons in CWR Form No 31 [which must be served upon the Official Liquidator no later than twenty-one (21) days after receipt of this Notice]. 4. The Official Liquidator hereby extends your time for appealing against the Official Liquidator's decision until [state date]. Dated this day of 20 .

[Signature of Official Liquidator] [State Official Liquidator's name, address and contact details] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 30 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 187 CWR FORM No. 30 Summons (Appeal against rejection of proof of debt) (O.16, r.18) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION FSD CAUSE NO: OF 20 IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company]

SUMMONS LET THE official liquidator attend before the Mr(s) Justice [state name of assigned Judge] in Chambers at the Law Courts, George Town, Grand Cayman on [state date] at [state precise time] upon an application by [identify appellant] (the "Appellant") for the following orders: 1. The rejection of the Appellant's proof of debt by notice dated [insert date] be set aside. 2. The Appellant's claim be admitted to proof in the sum of [insert amount]. 3. An order that the Appellant's cost of this appeal be paid out of the assets of the Company as an expense of the liquidation, such costs to be taxed if not agreed with the official liquidator. Dated this day of 20 . _____

[Signature of Appellant's Attorney] TO: The Registrar of the Financial Services Division AND TO: The official liquidator TIME ESTIMATE: The estimated length of the hearing of this summons is [state time]. This Summons was issued by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the appellant]. CWR FORM No. 31 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 188 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 31 Summons (Application to expunge a proof of debt) (O.16, r.21) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION FSD CAUSE NO: OF 20 IN THE MATTER OF the Companies Act AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company] BETWEEN [Official Liquidator/dissatisfied creditor/contributory] Applicant AND [name of creditor] Respondent

SUMMONS LET [name of respondent] of [state the address of the Respondent] (the "Respondent") attend before the Mr(s) Justice [state name of assigned Judge] in Chambers at the Law Courts, George Town, Grand Cayman on [state date] at [state precise time] upon an application by [identify either the official liquidator or a dissatisfied creditor/contributory] for the following orders: 1. [Leave to serve this Summons on the Respondent out of the jurisdiction pursuant to GCR O. 11, r. 9.] 2. The admission of the Respondent's proof of debt by notice dated [insert date] be set aside. 3. The Respondent's claim be rejected [in whole or in part]. 4. [An order for costs] Dated this day of 20 . _____

[Signature of Official Liquidator's Attorney or Applicant's Attorney] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 31 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 189 TO: The Registrar of the Financial Services Division AND TO: 1. [name and address of the Respondent] 2. [the official liquidator, if the application is made a creditor or contributory] TIME ESTIMATE: The estimated length of the hearing of this summons is [state time]. This Summons was issued by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the official liquidator/applicant]. CWR FORM No. 32 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 190 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 32 Notice of Intention to Declare Interim Dividend (O.18, r.6) THE COMPANIES ACT NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DECLARE INTERIM DIVIDEND) [Name of Company] (In liquidation) (the "Company") Grand Court FSD Cause No: of 20 TO: The Creditors of the Company TAKE NOTICE that the Official Liquidator intends to declare an interim dividend. Any Creditor wishing to participate in the interim dividend must lodge that Creditor's proof of debt with the Official Liquidator no later than [state date], failing which you will be excluded from the interim distribution but you will not be excluded from any subsequent distribution or the final distribution. Dated this day of 20 . _____

[Signature of Official Liquidator] [State Official Liquidator's name, address and contact details] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 33 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 191 CWR FORM No. 33 Notice of Intention to Declare Final Dividend (O.18, r.7) THE

COMPANIES ACT NOTICE OF INTENTION TO DECLARE FINAL DIVIDEND) [Name of Company] (In liquidation) (the "Company") Grand Court FSD Cause No: of 20 TO: The Creditors of the Company TAKE NOTICE that the Official Liquidator intends to declare a final dividend. Any Creditor who has not already lodged that Creditor's proof of debt with the Official Liquidator must do so no later than [state date]. The Official Liquidator is not obliged to adjudicate upon any proof of debt received after this date with the result that your failure to lodge a proof of debt by the final date for proofing may result in you being excluded from the final distribution. Dated this day of 20 .

_____ [Signature of Official Liquidator] [State Official Liquidator's name, address and contact details] CWR FORM No. 34 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 192 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 34 Notice of Final Dividend (O.18, r.7) THE COMPANIES ACT NOTICE OF FINAL DIVIDEND [Name of Company] (In liquidation) (the "Company") Grand Court FSD Cause No: of 20 TO: The Creditors of the Company TAKE NOTICE that the Official Liquidator has declared a final dividend of [state amount] [cents in the dollar][or otherwise according to currency of the liquidation] calculated as follows Total amount of claims admitted to proof \$ Total Assets realised \$ Provisions \$ Expenses of the liquidation \$ Amount of interim distributions \$ Amount of final distribution \$ AND TAKE NOTICE that Amount for which you have been admitted to proof \$ Amount of interim distributions paid \$ Amount of final distribution \$ Dated this day of 20 .

_____ [Signature of Official Liquidator] [State Official Liquidator's name, address and contact details] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 35 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 193 CWR FORM No. 35 Notice of Call (O.19, r.2) THE COMPANIES ACT NOTICE OF CALL [Name of company] (In liquidation) (the "Company") Grand Court FSD Cause No: of 20 TO: [state contributory's name and address] TAKE NOTICE that the Court by Order made on [state date] sanctioned a call of [state amount in cents/dollars or otherwise in the currency of the liquidation] per share on each [identify class of shares] share in the Company. The total amount due from you in respect of the [state number] shares registered in your name is [state total amount in dollars or other currency of the liquidation]. You are required to pay this amount to the Official Liquidator forthwith. This notice of call takes effect in the same manner as a judgment or order of the Court and if you fail to pay, the Official Liquidator may levy execution against you. AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that you have the right to appeal to a Judge of the Grand Court for an order that the Official Liquidator's decision that you are a contributory be reversed or that the amount of the call be varied. Any appeal must be made by summons which must be served upon the Official Liquidator no later than twenty-one (21) days after receipt of this Notice. The full amount of the call stated in this notice must be paid into Court within seven (7) days after service of your summons. Dated this day of 20 .

_____ [Signature of Official Liquidator] [State Official Liquidator's name, address and contact details] CWR FORM No. 36 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 194 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 36 Order for Dissolution (O.21, r.2) IN THE GRAND COURT OF THE CAYMAN ISLANDS FINANCIAL SERVICES DIVISION FSD CAUSE NO: OF 20 AND IN THE MATTER OF [state name of company] The Honourable Mr(s) Justice [] In [Chambers][Open Court] [date] ORDER FOR DISSOLUTION UPON the application of the Official Liquidator by the Official Liquidator's summons for an order that [state name of Company] (the "Company") be

dissolved. AND UPON hearing counsel for the Company [and any other persons who were heard] AND UPON reading the official liquidator's final report and accounts dated [insert date] [and set out details of any relevant affidavits] IT IS ORDERED that the Company be dissolved [either forthwith or on a specified future date]. AND IT IS FURTHER DIRECTED that: 1. The official liquidators' liquidation file shall be preserved until [specify date complying with the requirements of CWR Order 21, Rule 2]. 2. The Company's books and records shall be preserved by the official liquidator for at least [number of years] and shall be destroyed on or after [state date] [different directions may be made in respect of identified classes of documents]. 3. [Directions relating to unclaimed dividends]. 4. [Any other directions]. Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 36 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 195 Dated the day of 20 Filed the day of 20 _____ The Honourable

Mr(s) Justice [name of assigned Judge] JUDGE OF THE GRAND COURT This Order was filed by [state name, address and contact details of the attorneys acting on behalf of the official liquidator]. CWR FORM No. 37 Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 196 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c CWR FORM No. 37 Voluntary Liquidator's Final Return to the Registrar THE COMPANIES ACT VOLUNTARY LIQUIDATOR'S FINAL RETURN [Name of company] (In voluntary liquidation) (the "Company") Registration No _____ To: The Registrar of Companies TAKE NOTICE that the Final General Meeting of the above-named Company was duly convened in accordance with Section 127(3) of the Law and held on [state date] [EITHER] [AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that a quorum was present (in person or by proxy) and that the final resolutions were passed with the result that the Company is deemed to be dissolved upon the expiration of three months from the date upon which this Final Return is registered.] [OR] [AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that a quorum was not present with the result that the Company is deemed to be dissolved upon the expiration of three months from the date upon which this Final Return is registered.] Dated this day of 20 .

_____ [Signature of Voluntary Liquidator] Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) CWR FORM No. 37 c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 197 Publication in consolidated form authorised by the Cabinet this 10th day of January, 2023. Kim Bullings Clerk of the Cabinet Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) ENDNOTES c Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 Page 199 ENDNOTES Table of Companies Winding Up Rules history: SL # Added or replaced Orders # Added or replaced Forms # Legislation Commence- ment Gazette 30/2022 Companies Winding Up (Amendment) Rules 2022 (Commencement) Order, 2022 4-Aug-2022 LG29/2022/s1 31/2022 1A, 4 & 20 2A, 2B, 3A, 4A, 8, 8A, 8B, 16A, 16B, 16C, 16D, Companies Winding Up (Amendment) Rules 2022 31-Aug-2022 LG29/2022/s2 91/2017 Companies Winding Up Rules, 2018 1-Feb-2018 GE103/2017/s1

ENDNOTES Companies Winding Up Rules (2023 Consolidation) Page 200 Consolidated as at 31st December, 2022 c (Price: \$40.00)